



# Evolution of massive binary stars

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mass  $\uparrow$   $\longrightarrow$  our ignorance  $\uparrow$

### G stars

✓ low chance to be binary product

Moe

✓  $\dot{M} \simeq 0$

✓ high internal stability ( $\beta = 1$ )

✓ B fields ubiquitous

### O stars

✓ high chance to be binary product

Sana

✓ self-evaporate

✓ at verge of instability  
( $\beta \rightarrow 0$ )

✓ B fields sporadic

Alecian

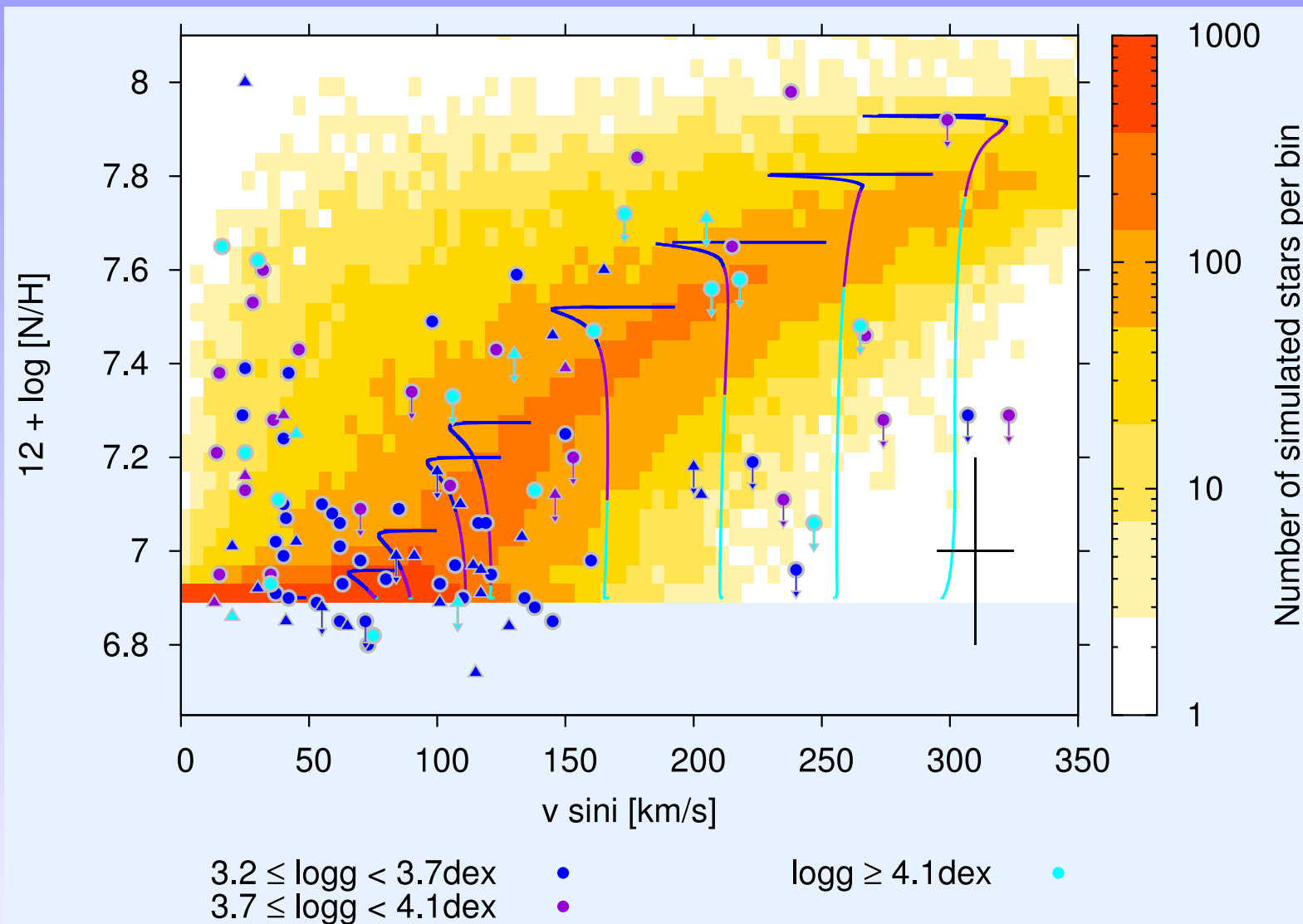
massive stars are so relevant

✓ SNe, GRBs, NSs, BHs

✓ determine state of ISM

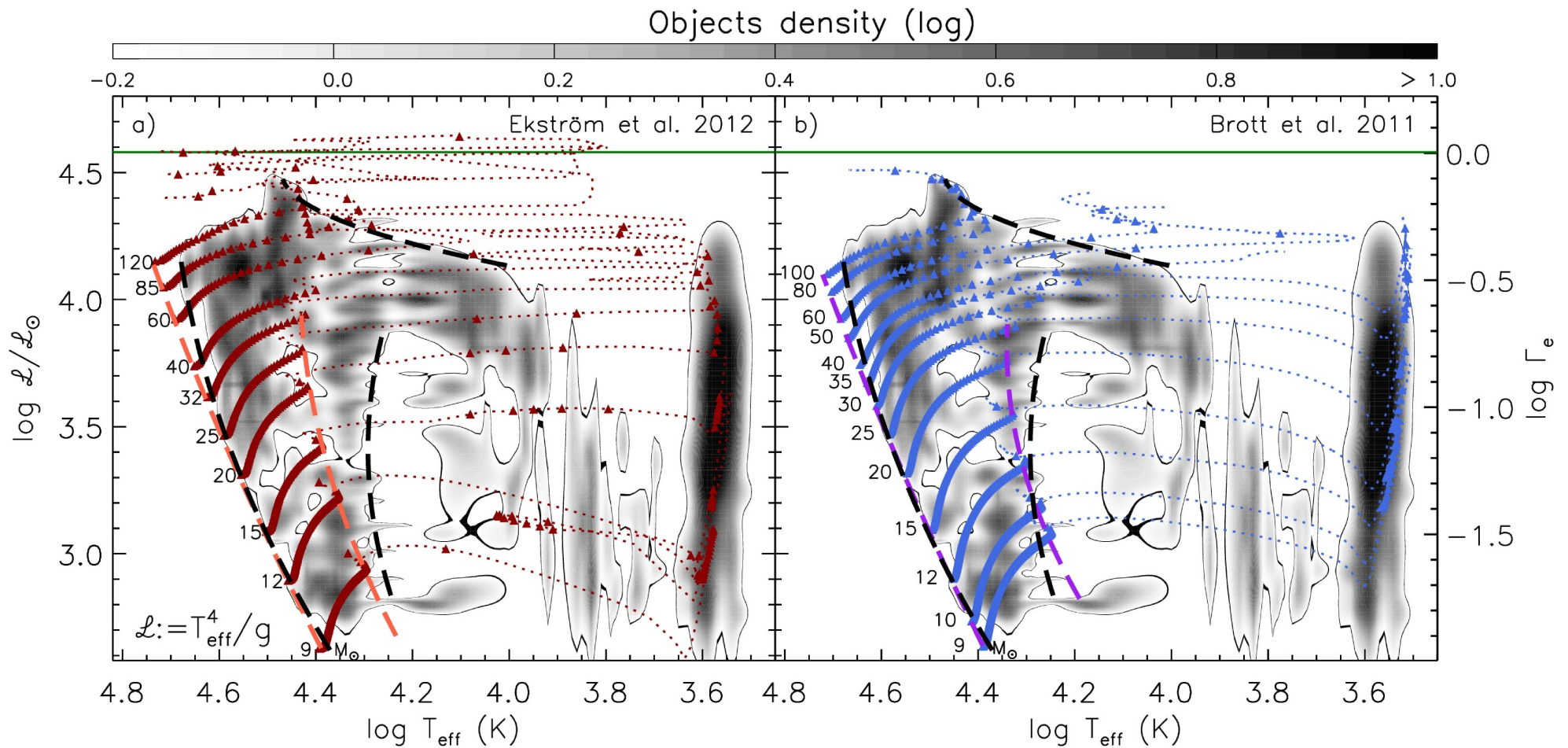
✓ dominate chemical evolution

# Rotational mixing: early BV stars



Brott, Evans, Hunter et al. 2011, A&A, 530, A116

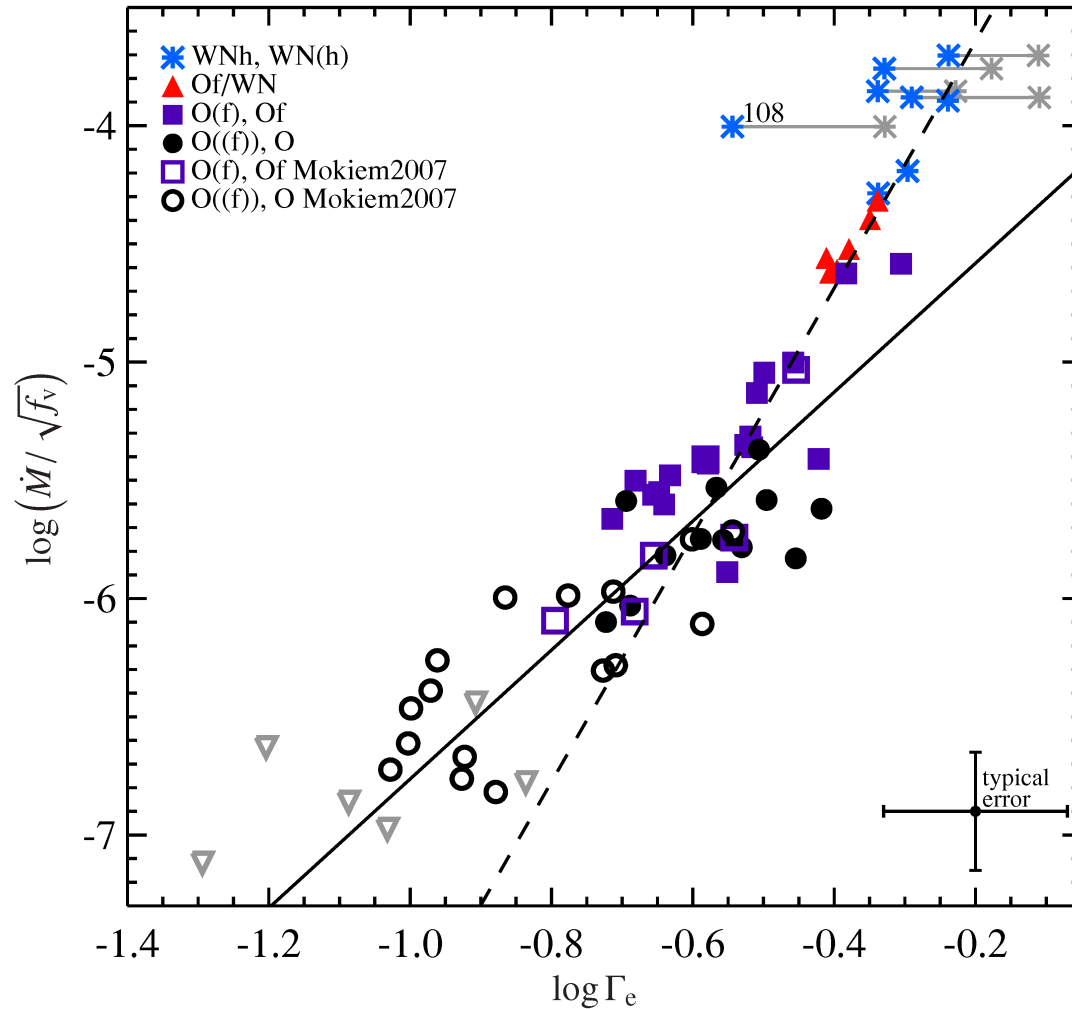
# Overshooting: Galactic sHRD



600 stars: distance- and reddening-independent

Castro, Fossati, Langer, Simon-Diaz, Schneider, Izzard, 2014, A&A, 570, L13

# Mass loss rates



Gräfener, Vink, de Koter, Langer, 2011, A&A, 535, A56  
Bestenlehner, Gräfener, Vink et al., A&A 570, A38

# Binary evolution

- ✓ tides
- ✓ mass transfer
- ✓ common envelope evolution
- ✓ merger

# Tidal friction

Massive stars: radiative envelopes  
⇒ radiative damping → dynamical tide [Zahn 1975, A&A, 41, 329](#)

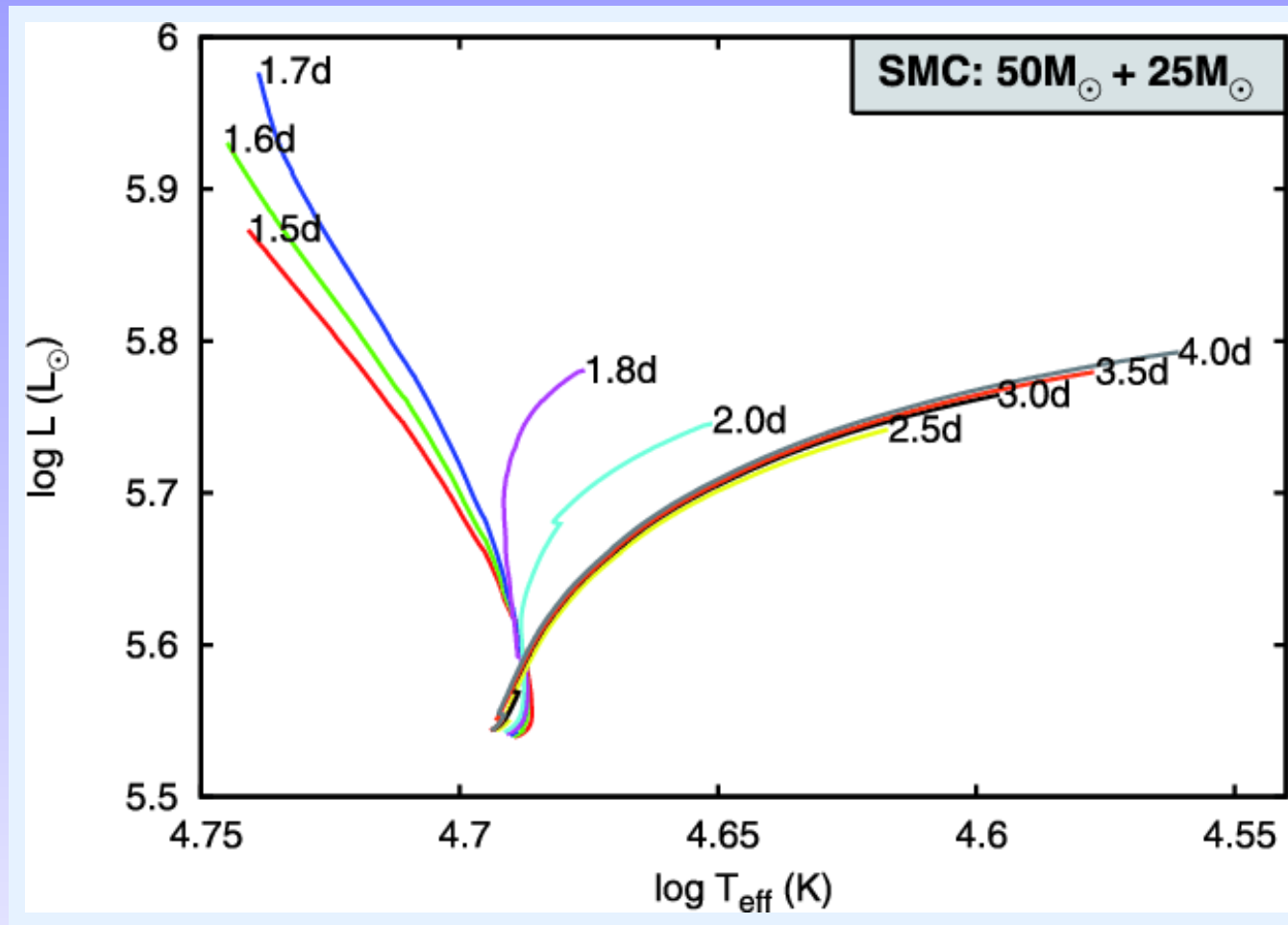
But: (shear-induced) turbulent viscosity may dominate

[Moreno, Koenigsberger, Toledano, 2005, A&A, 437, 641](#)

[Toledano, Moreno, Koenigsberger, Detmers, Langer 2007, A&A, 461, 1057](#)

→ closer to tides in convective envelopes [Zahn 1977, A&A, 57, 383](#)

# Tidally dominated MS evolution



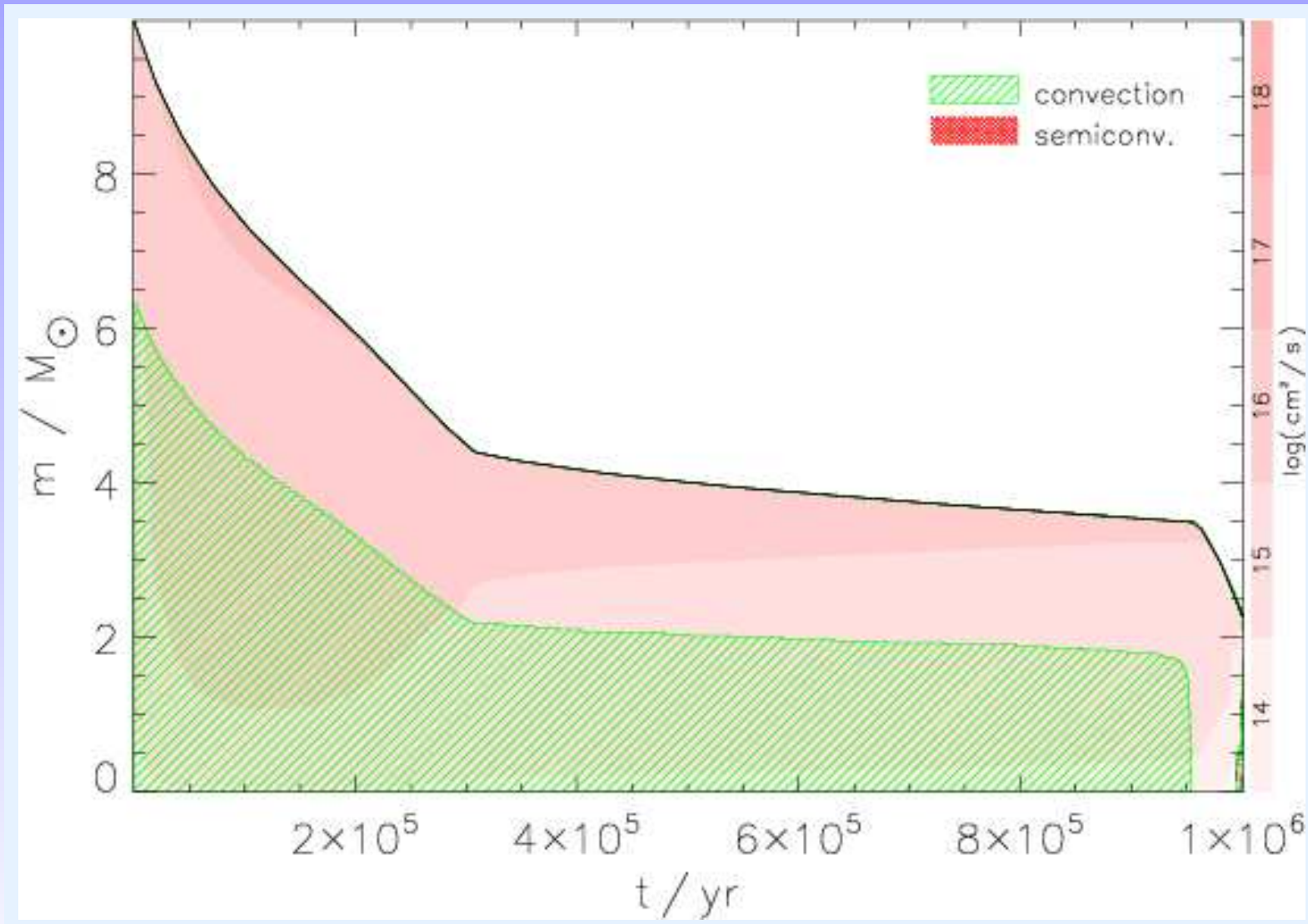
de Mink, Cantiello, Langer, Pols, Brott, Yoon, 2009, A&A, 497, 243

massive merging BHs!

Marchant, Langer, Podsiadlowski, Tauris, Moriya, 2016, A&A, 588, A50  
de Mink, Mandel, 2016, MNRAS, 460, 3545

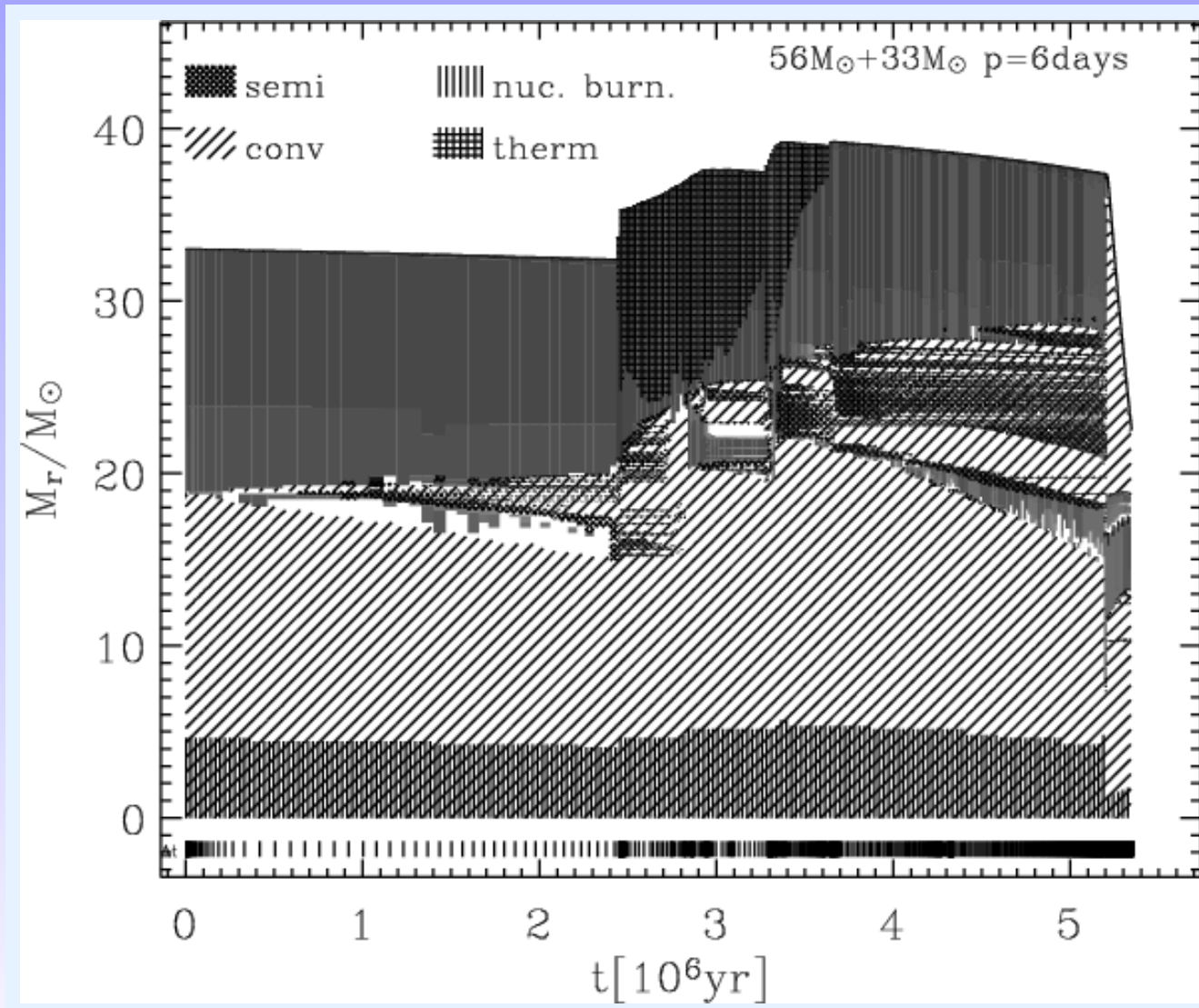


# Tidal spin-up of WR stars



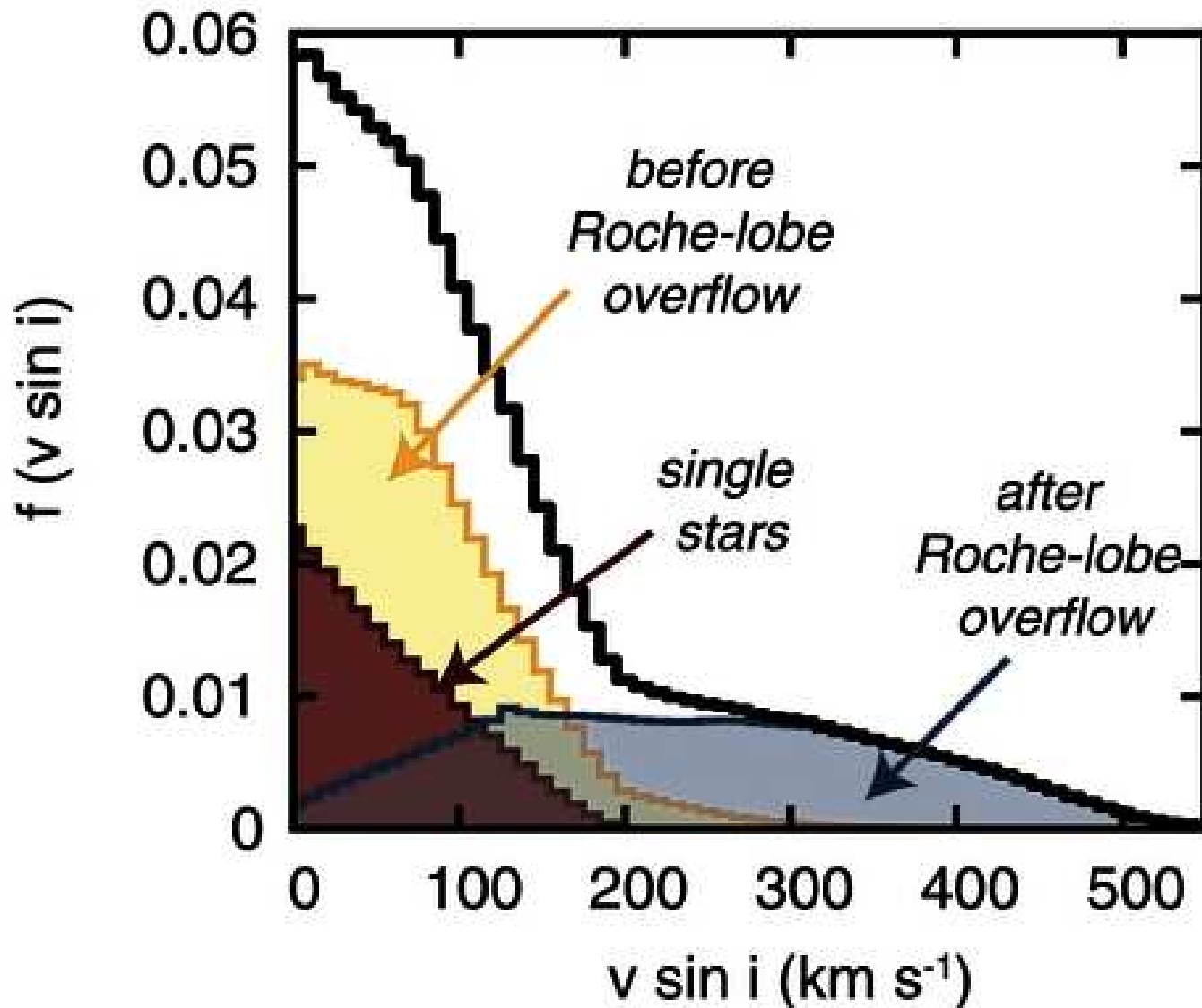
Detmers, Langer, Podsiadlowski, Izzard 2008, A&A, 484, 831

# Mass transfer: rejuvenation?

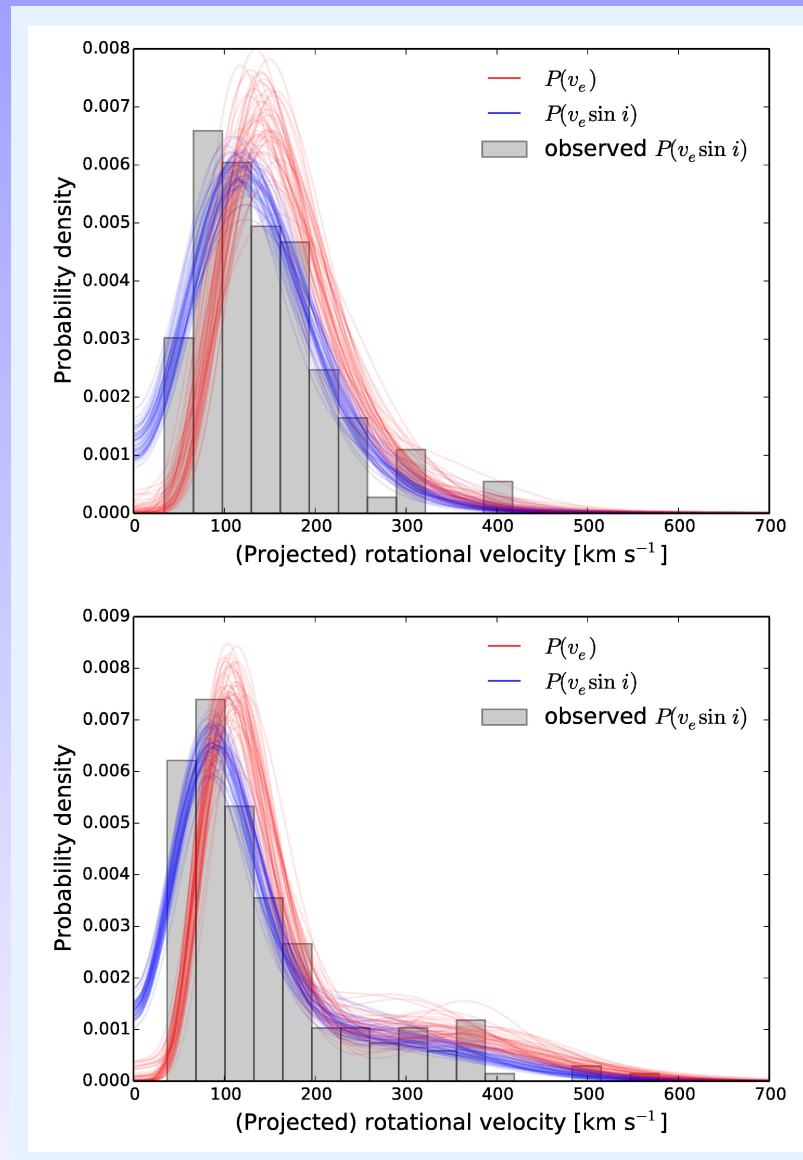


Petrovic, Langer, van der Hucht, 2005, A&A, 435, 1013

# Spin-up!

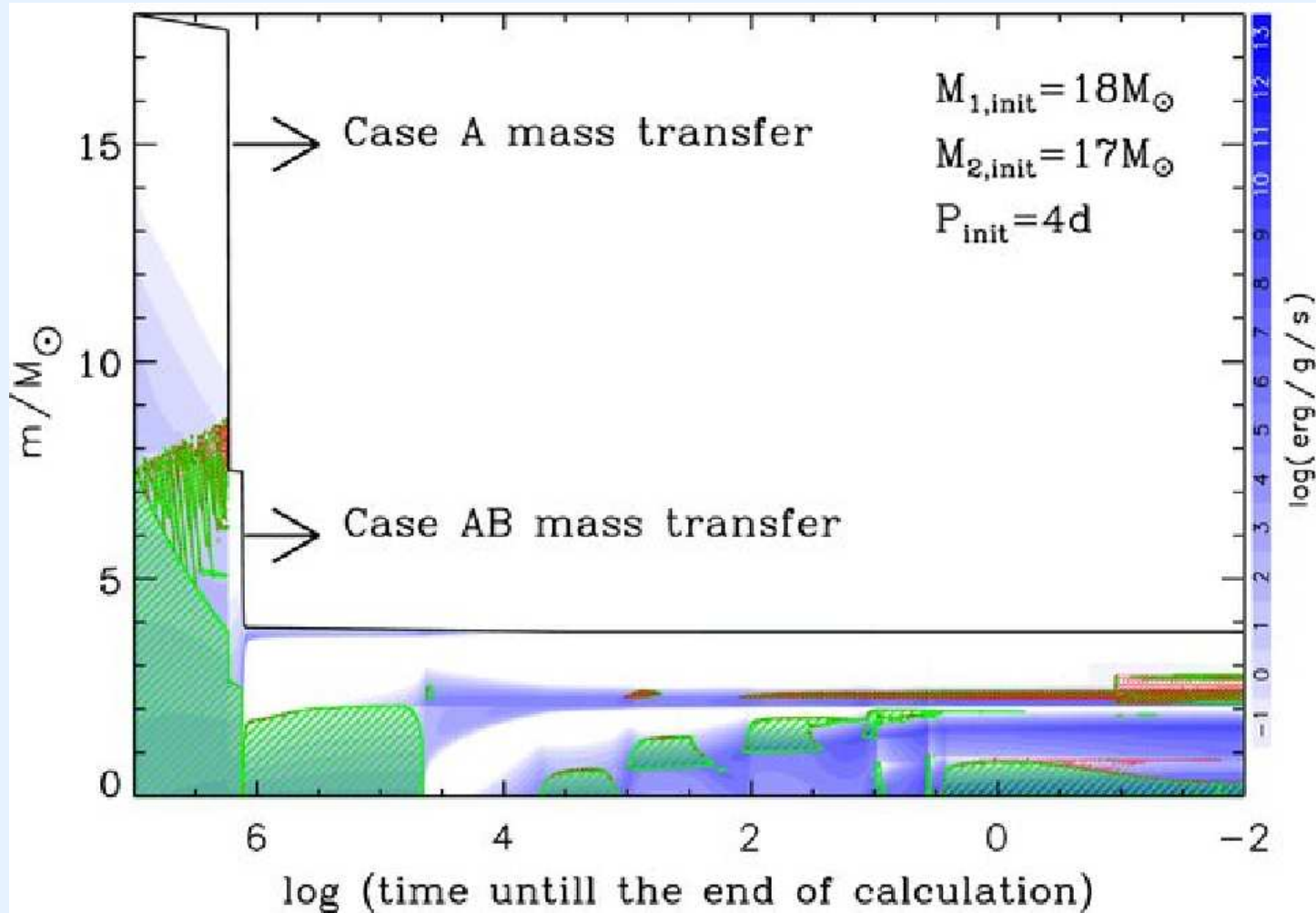


# Spin-up!



Ramirez-Agudelo, Sana, de Mink, et al., 2015, A&A, 580, A92

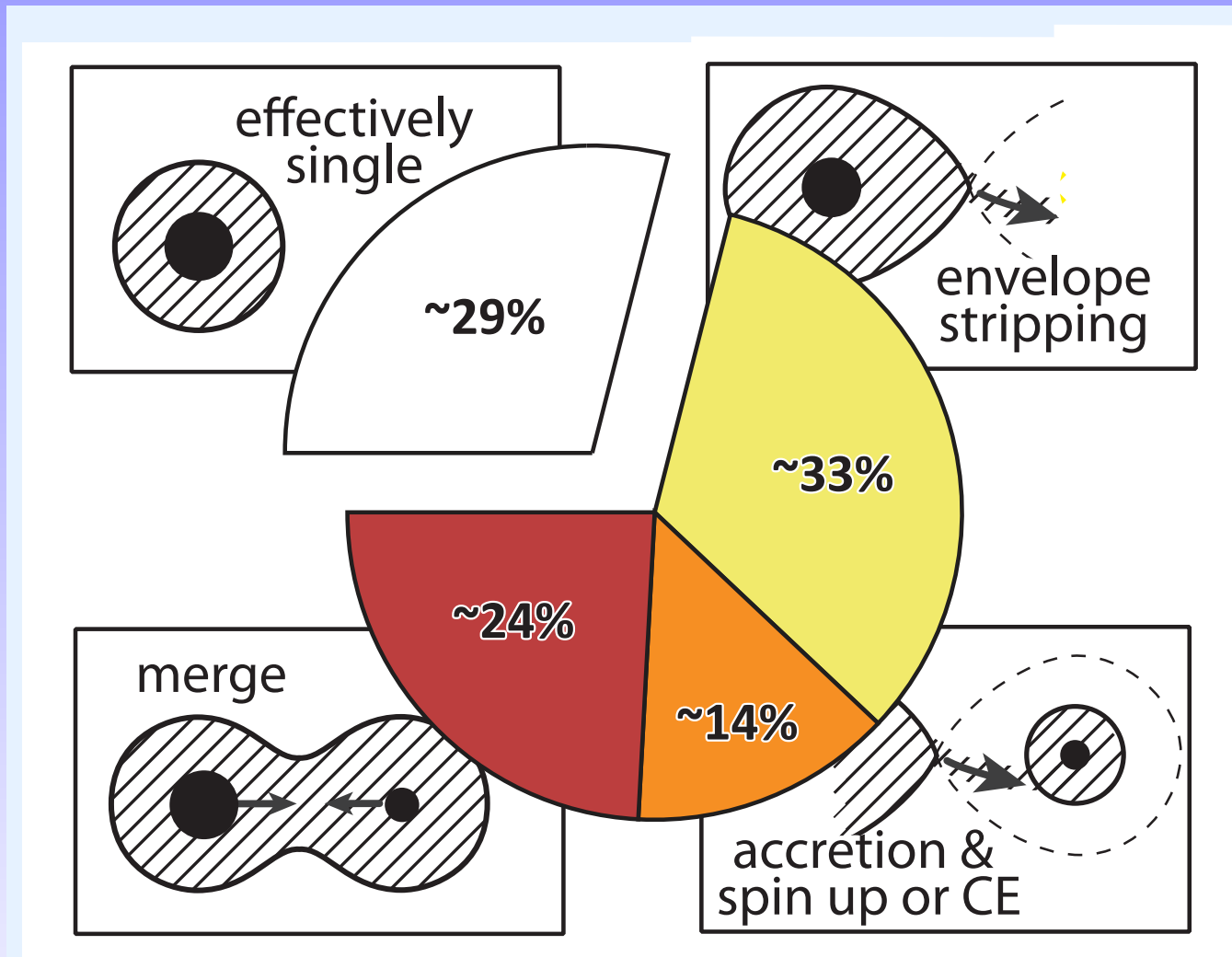
# Mass stripping $\rightarrow$ SNe Ibc



Yoon, Woosley, Langer, 2010, ApJ, 725, 940

Goetberg

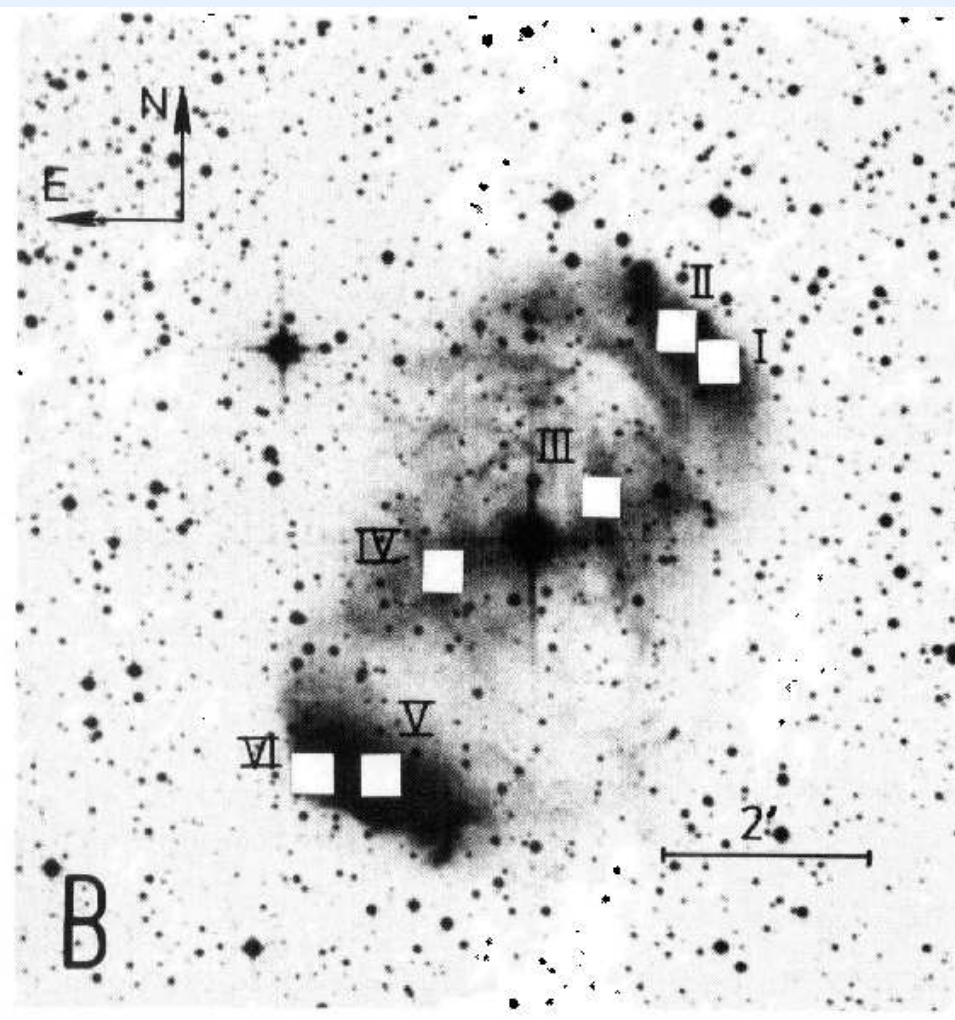
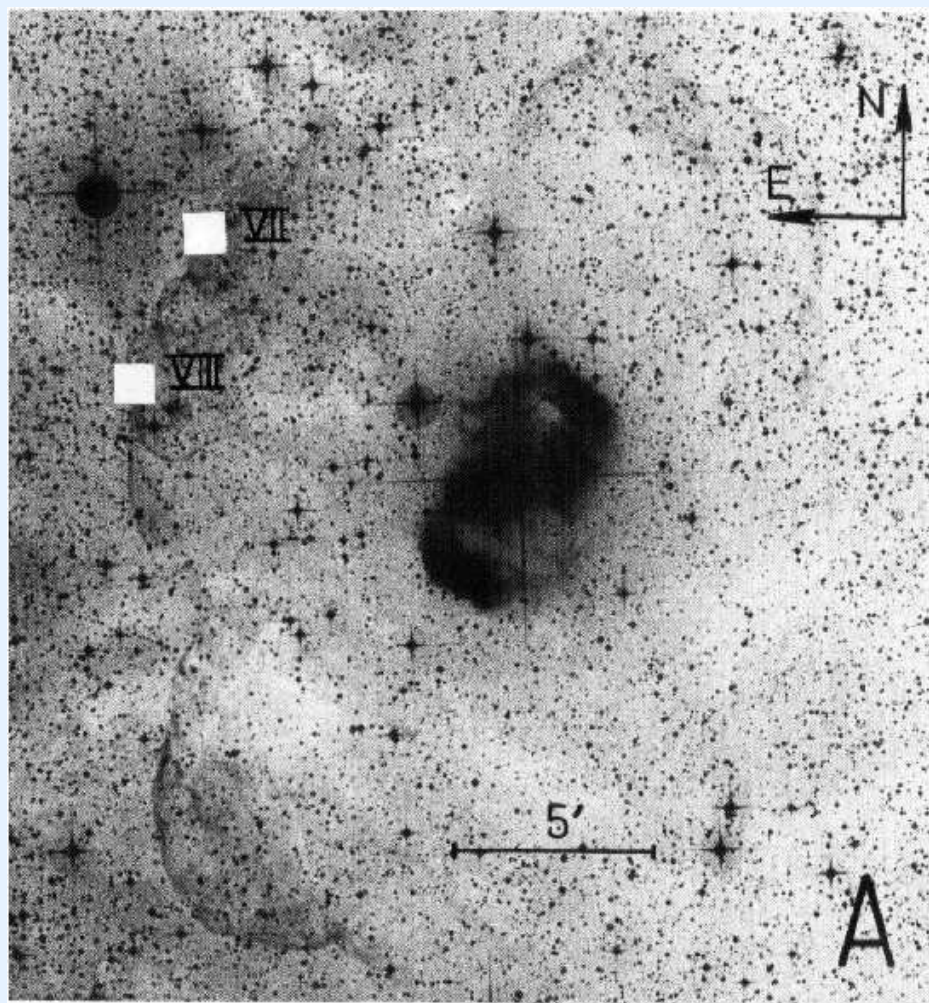
# Merger: $> 20\%$ : where are they?



Sana, de Mink, Kotler, Langer, et al., 2012, *Science*, 337, 444

Glebbeek, Gaburov, Portegies Zwart, Pols, 2013, *MNRAS*, 434, 3497  
Ohlmann et al., in prep.

# HD 148937 O6.5f?p: a smoking gun?



Leitherer, Chavarria-K., 1987, A&A, 175, 208  
Langer, 2012, ARAA, 50, 107

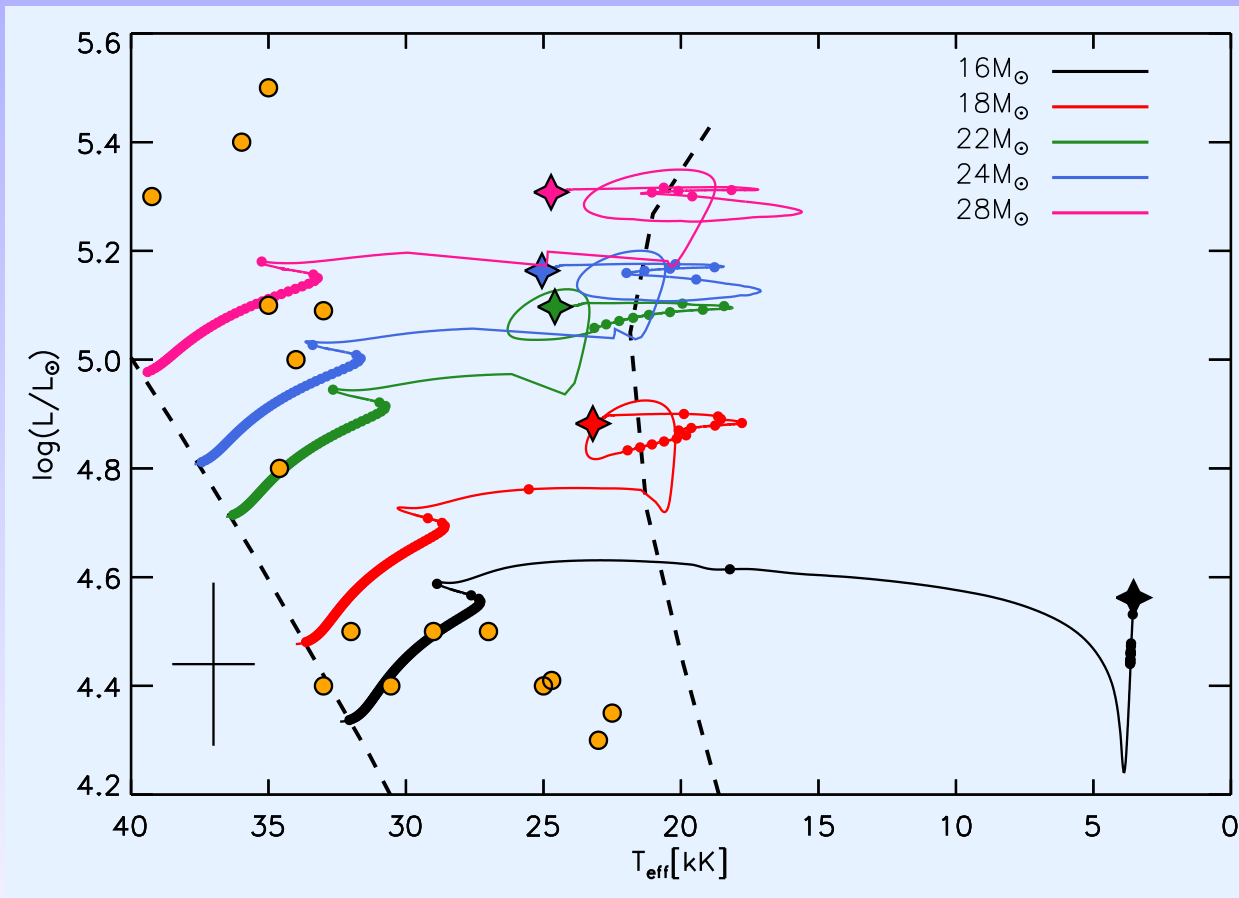
# Merger products

## MS merger: blue stragglers Mathieu

Schneider, Podsiadlowski, Langer, Castro, Fossati, MNRAS, 2016 457, 2355

Petermann, Langer, Castro, Fossati, 2015, A&A, 584, A54

## post-MS merger: blue supergiant

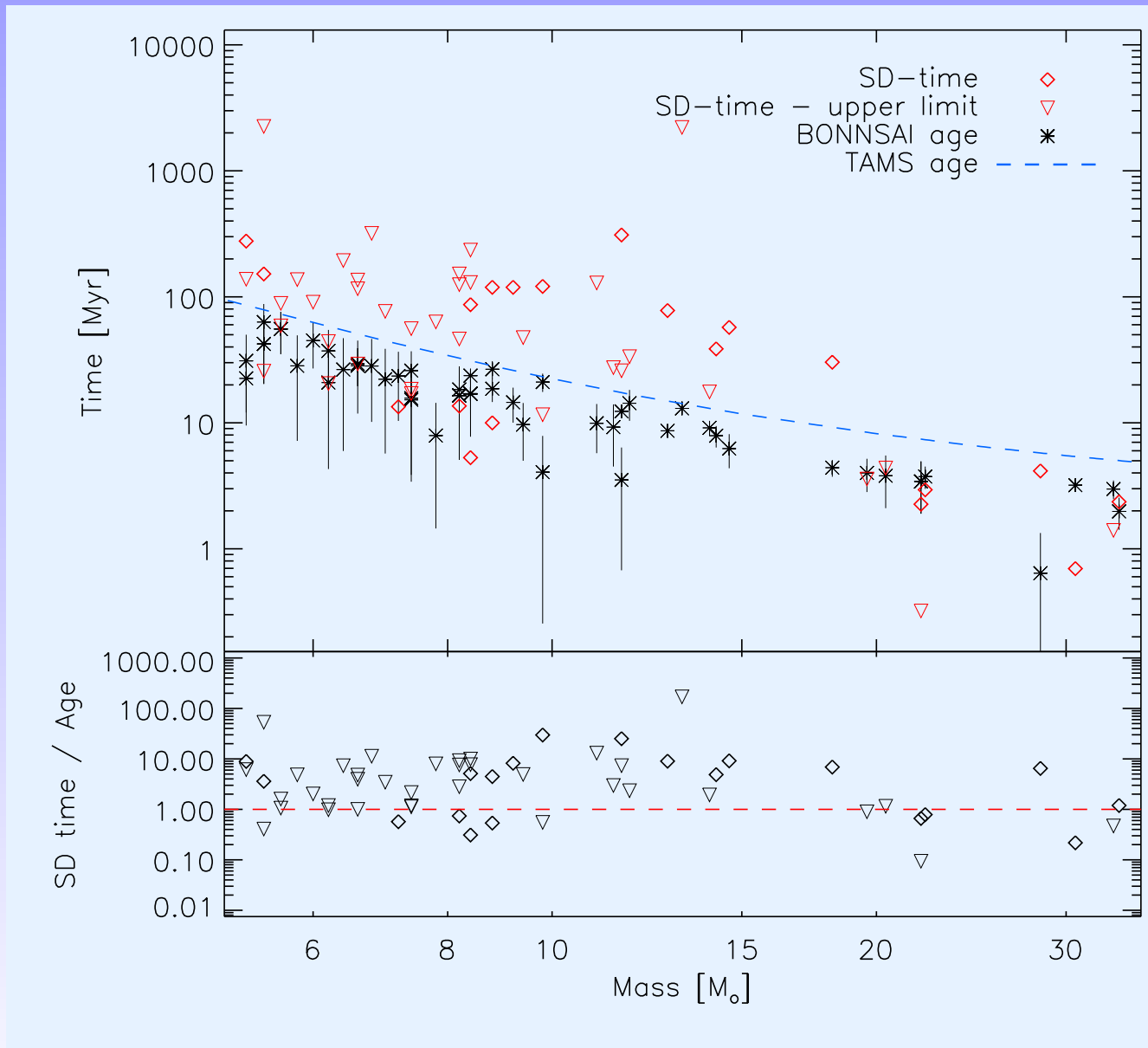


Braun, Langer, 1995, A&A, 297, 483

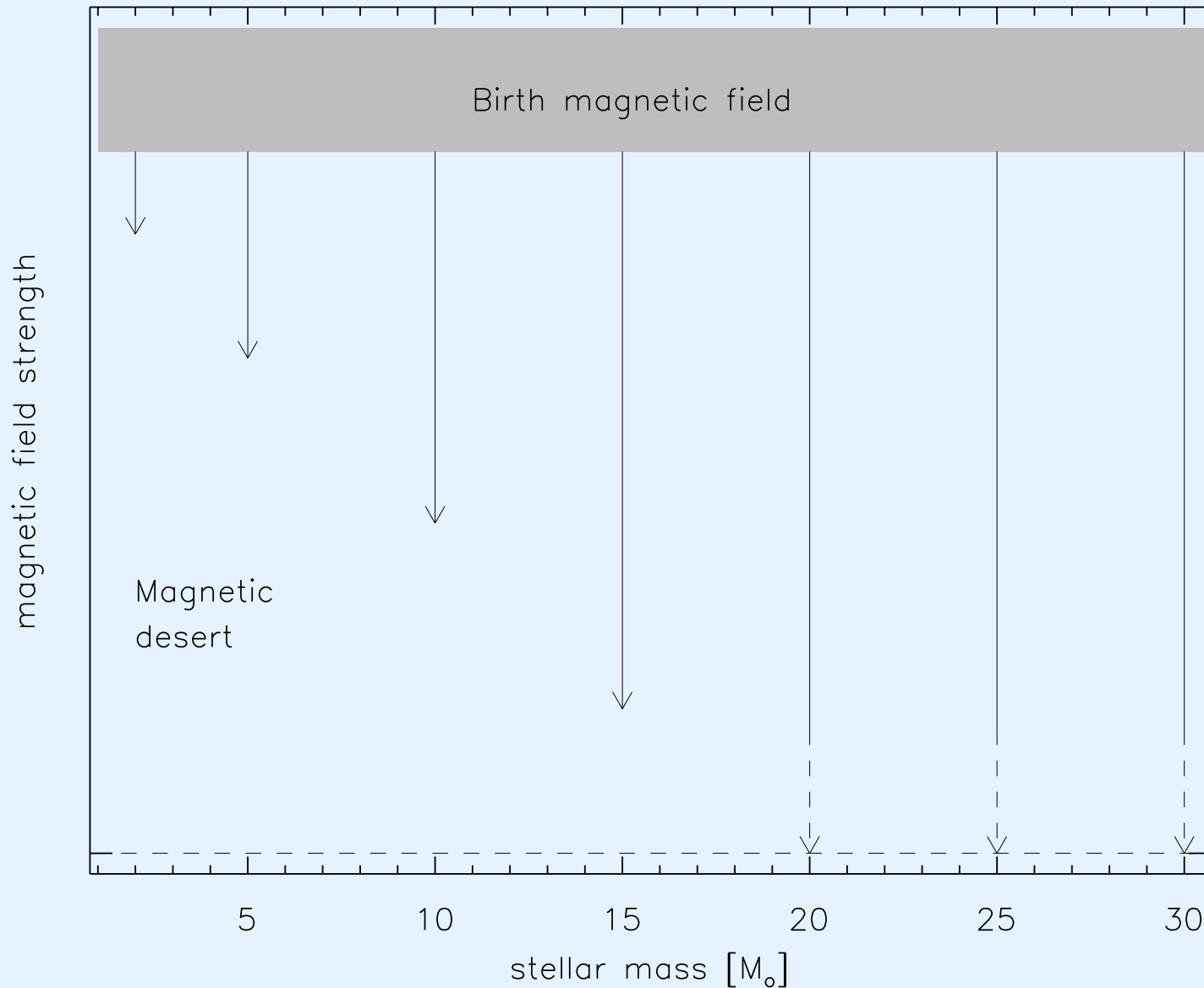
Justham, Podsiadlowski, Vink, 2014, ApJ, 796, 121



# B-field decay



# B-field decay: mass dependent



# Common envelope evolution: models

established for low-mass stars (CVs, ...)  
not much known for massive stars ...

- ✓ theoretically, even low mass CE ejection difficult

Clayton, Podsiadlowski, Ivanova, Justham, arXiv170508457  
Ohlmann, Röpke, Pakmor, Springel, 2016, ApJ, 816, L9

- ✓ massive stars: unclear core/envelope boundary  
envelope binding could be large, but also very  
small (LBV)

Kruckow, Tauris, Langer, Szecsi, Marchant, Podsiadlowski, 2016, A&A, 596, A58

# Common envelope evolution: observations

CEE occurs in massive binaries!

- ✓ 15 NS-NS binaries, 7 with  $P_{\text{orbit}} < 1.2$  d

Tauris, Kramer, Freire, Wex, Janka, Langer, Podsiadlowski, Bozzo, Chaty, Kruckow, van den Heuvel, Antoniadis, Breton, Champion, ApJ, arXiv:1706.09438

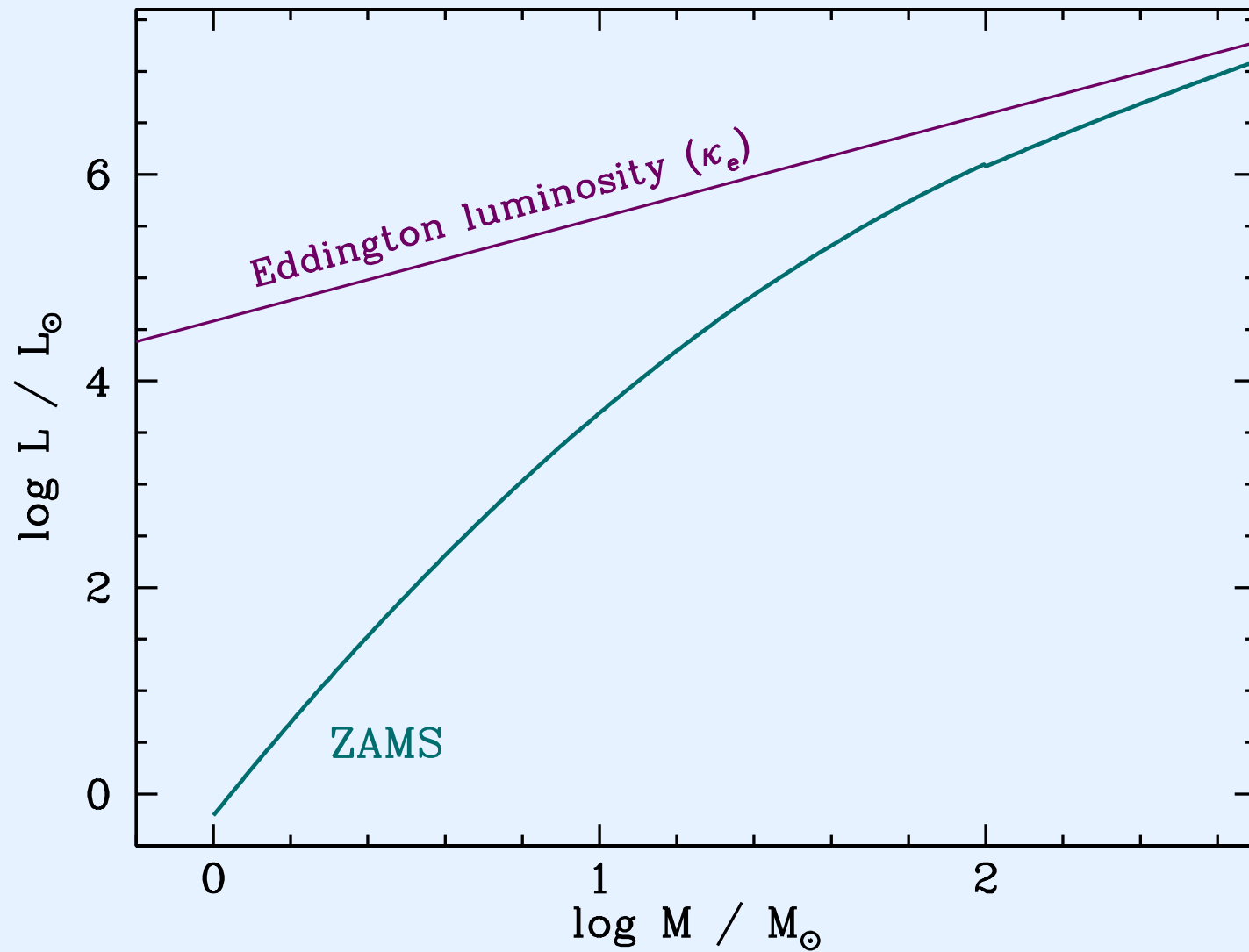
- ✓ ultra-stripped supernovae Tauris, Langer, Podsiadlowski, 2015, A&A, 451, 2123

- ✓ LMBHBs? Fragos, McClintock, 2015, ApJ, 800, 17

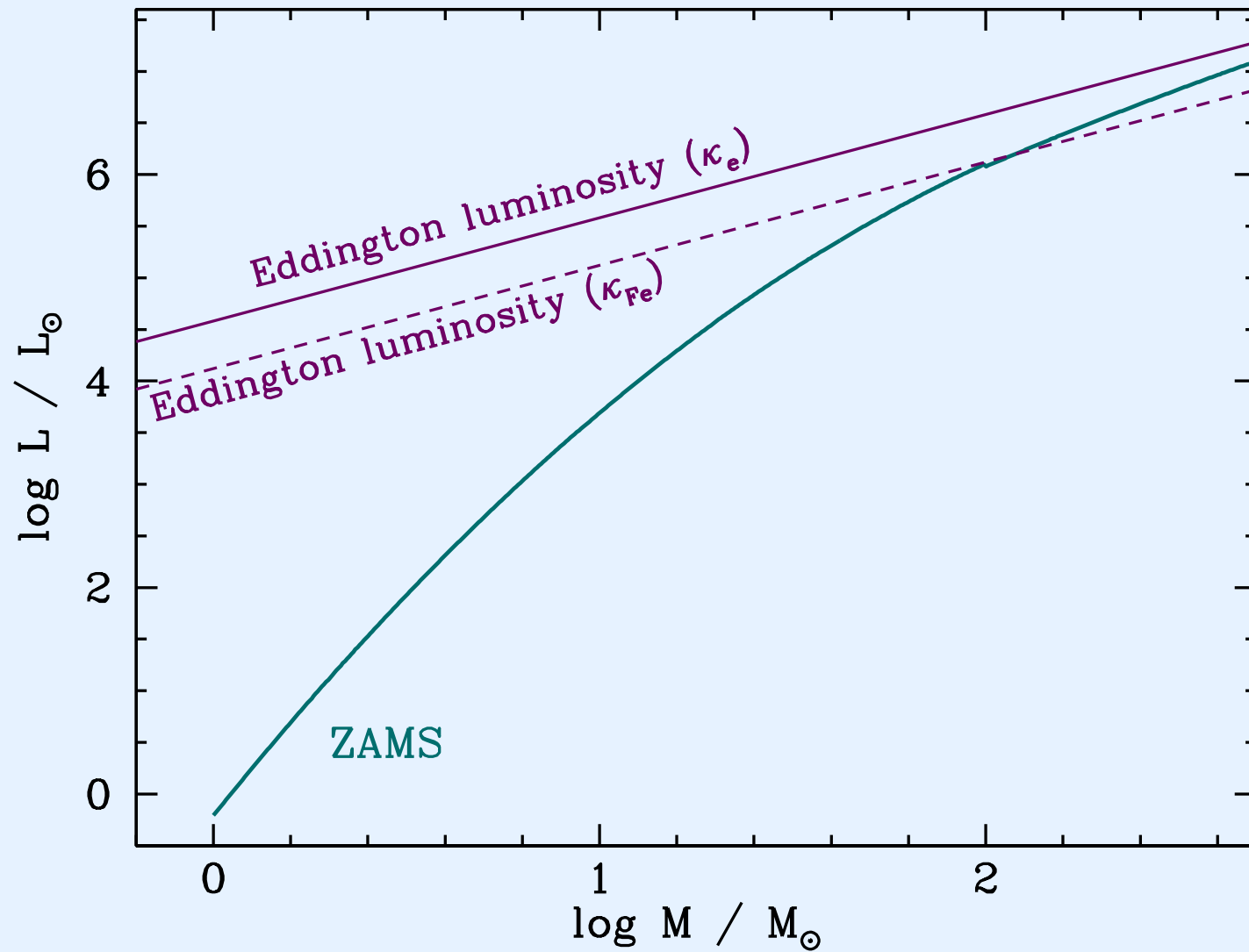
- ✓ However: no CEE in Galactic WR binaries!

Shara, Crawford, Vanbeveren, Moffat, Zurek, Crause, 2017, MNRAS, 464, 2066

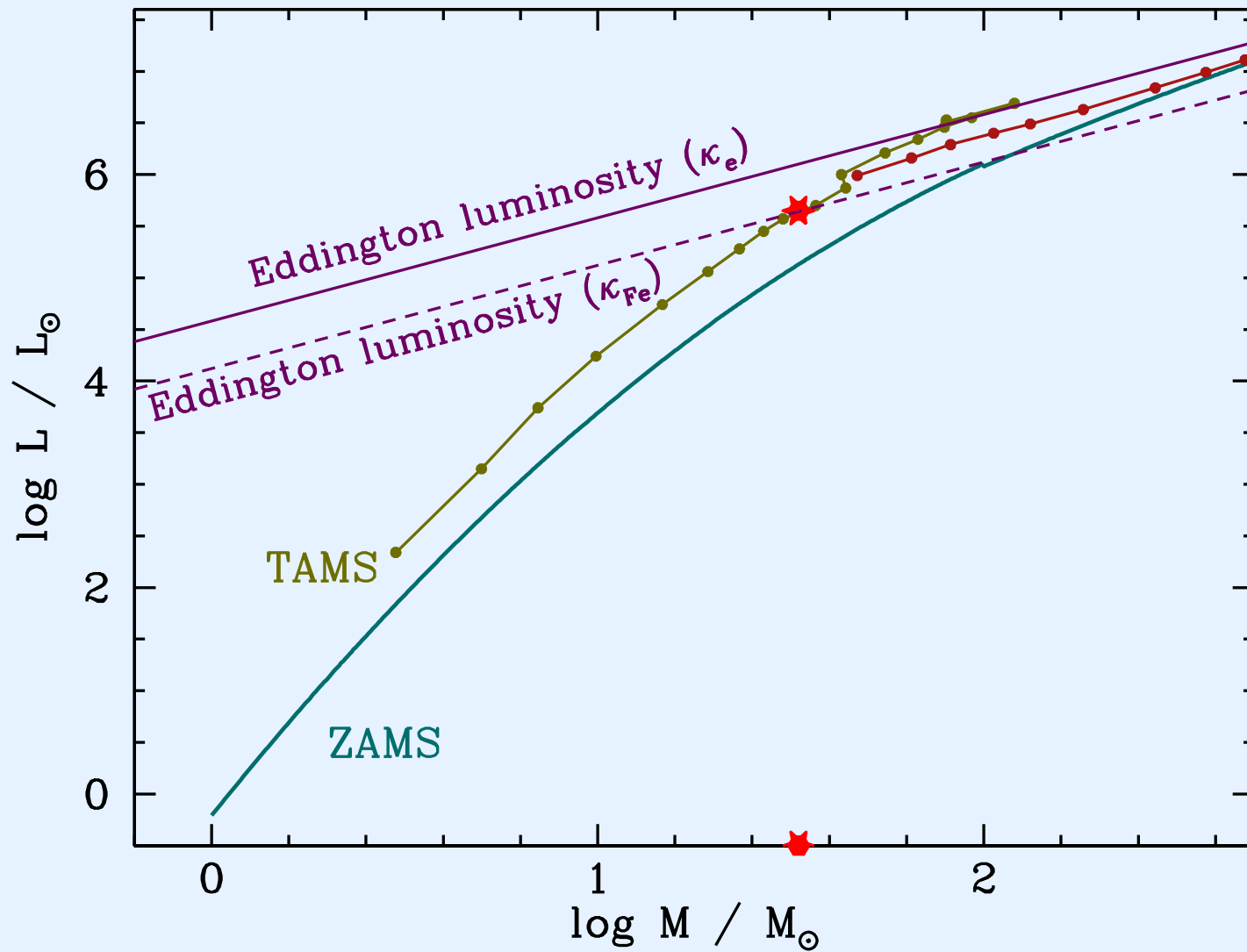
# $M - L_{\text{Eddington}}$ relation



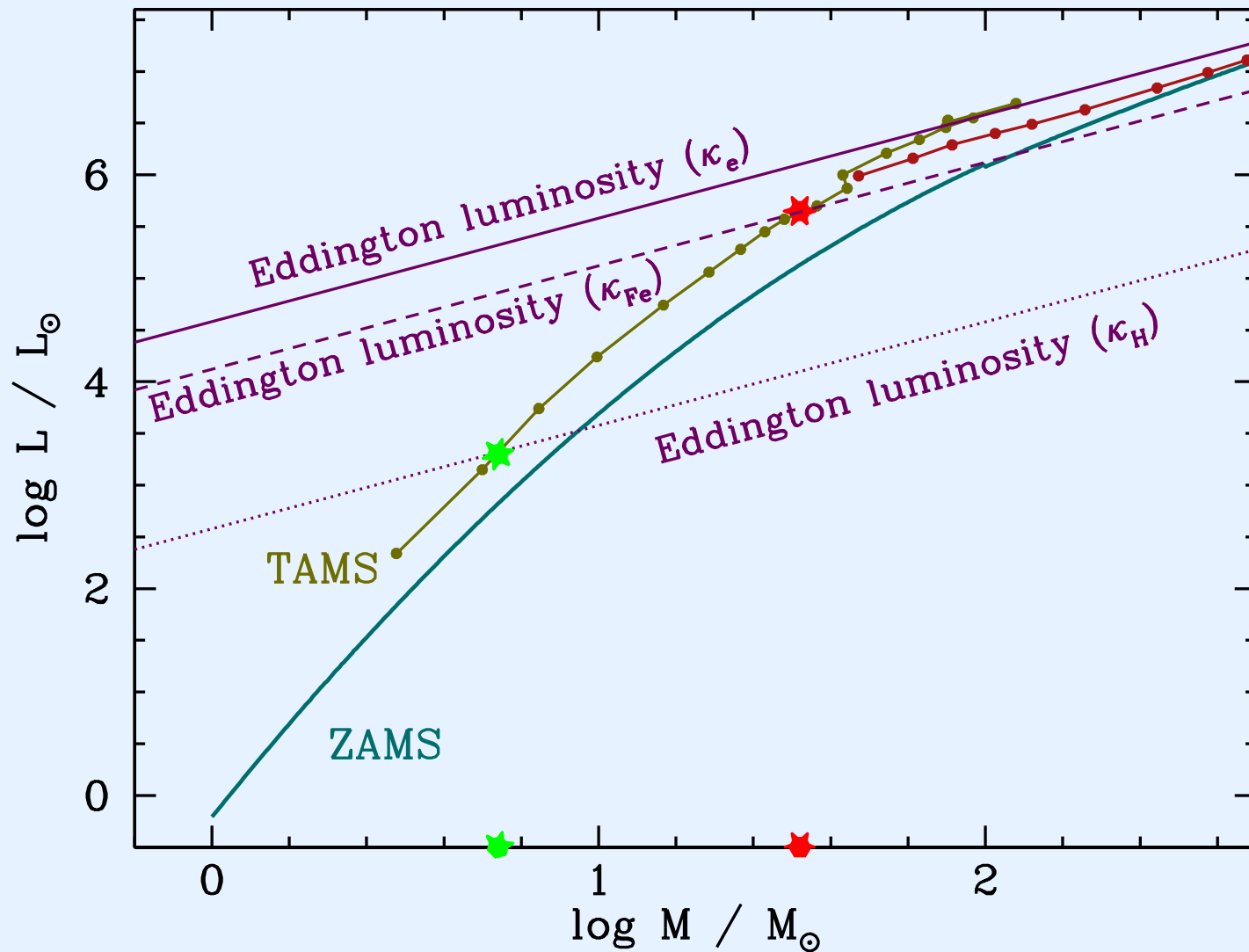
# $M - L_{\text{Eddington}}$ relation



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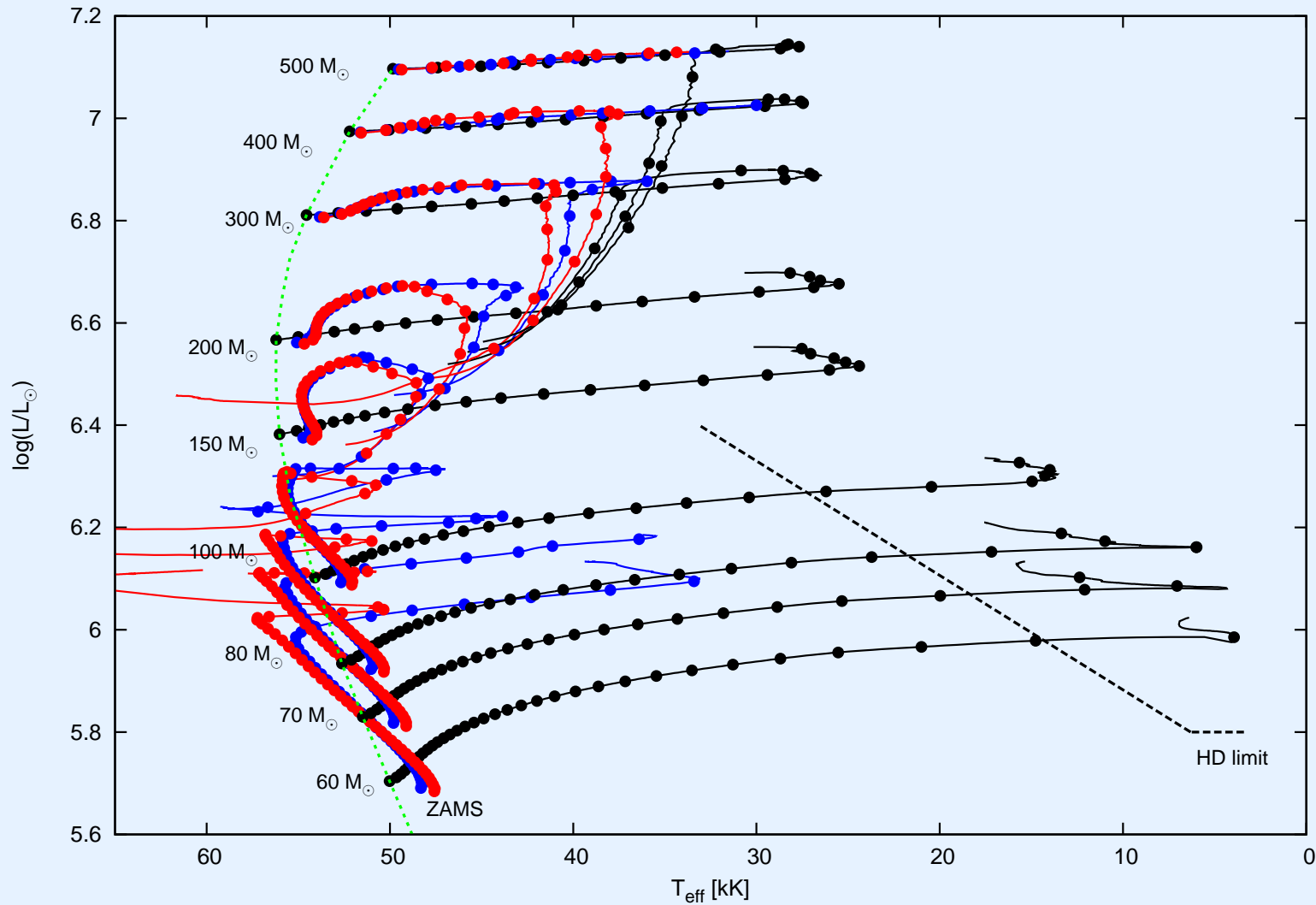


# $M - L_{\text{Eddington}}$ relation





# Very massive star models

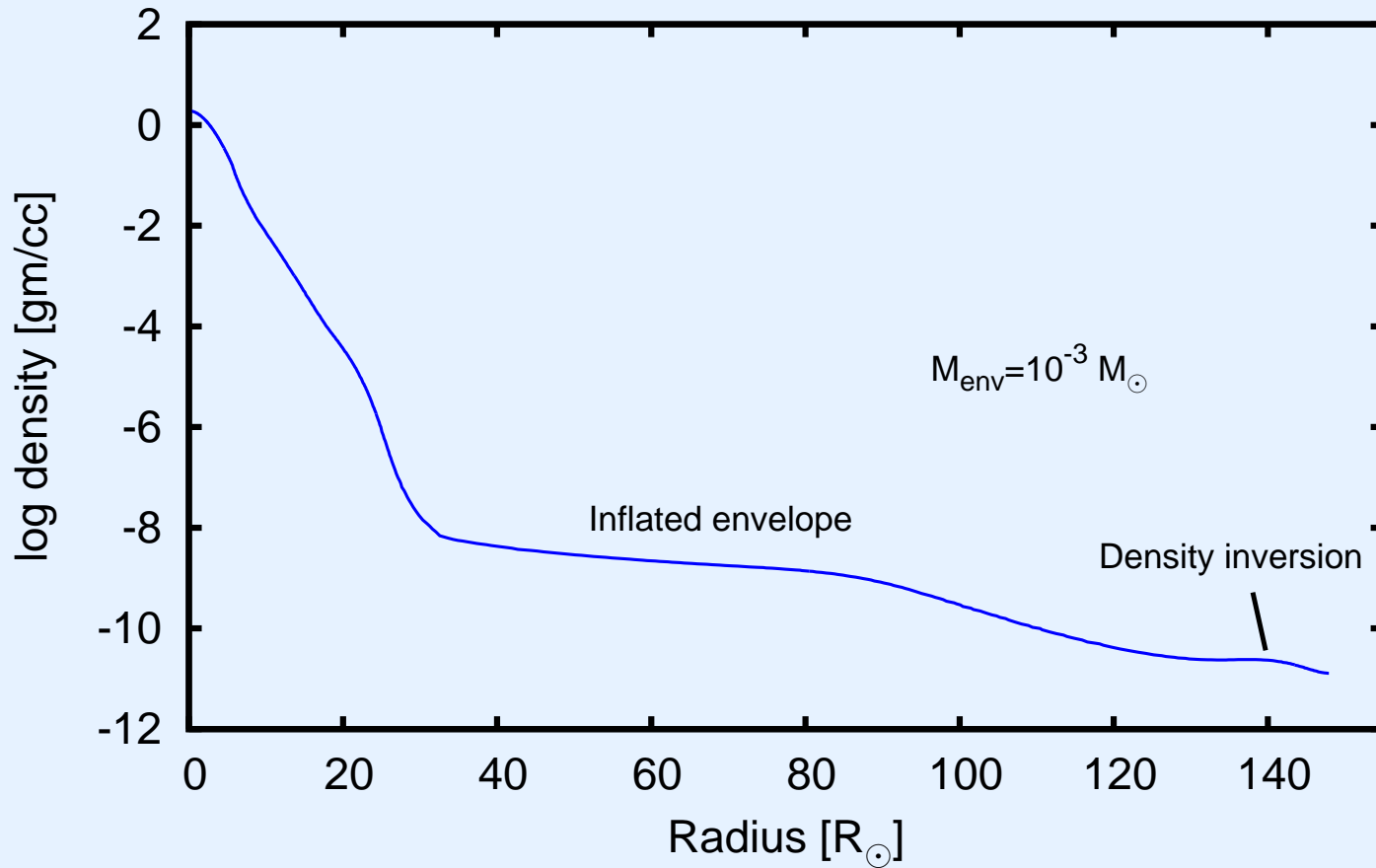


Köhler, Langer, de Koter, de Mink, et al. 2015, A&A, 573, A71



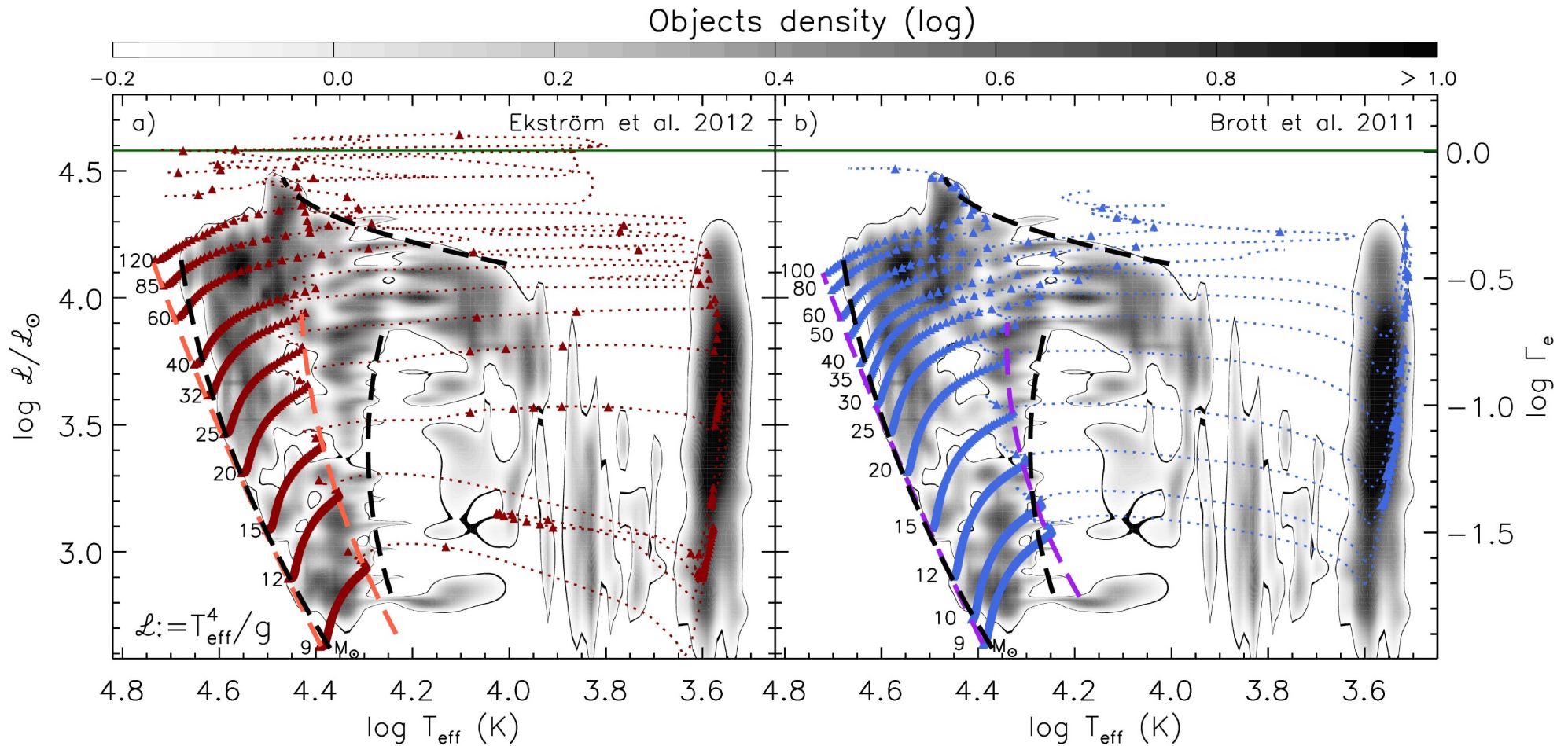
# Inflation

86.41 $M_{\odot}$  eqb. model,  $\log T_{\text{eff}}=4.24$  K,  $\log (L/L_{\odot})=6.27$



Sanyal, Grassitelli, Langer, Bestenlehner, 2015, A&A, 580, A20

# The Galactic sHRD



600 stars: distance- and reddening-independent

Castro, Fossati, Langer, Simon-Diaz, Schneider, Izzard, 2014, A&A, 570, L13

# Summary

- ✓ stellar models: the higher the mass, the larger the uncertainty
- ✓ uncertainties in single star physics affects binary evolution model: mixing and mass loss
- ✓ rejuvenation of mass gainers?
- ✓ spin-up of mass gainers!
- ✓ merger: B-field?
- ✓ B-field decay in massive stars
- ✓ CE-evolution occurs massive stars
- ✓ CE-evolution occurs in VMS?
- ✓ VMS: inflation & LBV mass loss