

VIDEO

:The VISTA Deep Extragalactic Observations Survey



PI Matt Jarvis
Rebecca Bowler



VIDEO: The VISTA Deep Extragalactic Observations Survey

- Galaxy formation/evolution over the epoch of activity ($1 < z < 4$)
- Statistical studies of the most massive galaxies at $z > 5$
- The evolution of clusters from the formation epoch to now
- The peak of accretion activity: studying AGN in detail
- The first accreting black holes at $z > 6.5$
- Near-infrared observations of Type Ia supernovae

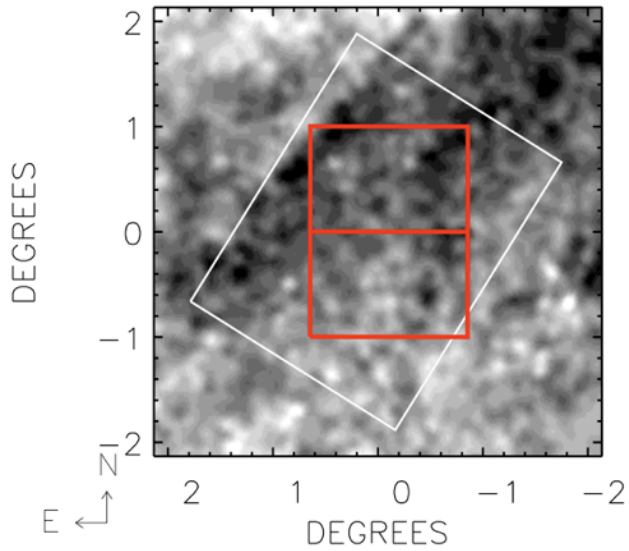
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UltraVISTA	~1 deg ²	mAB ~ 26
VIDEO	12 deg ²	mAB ~ 24.5
VIKING	1500 deg ²	mAB ~ 22

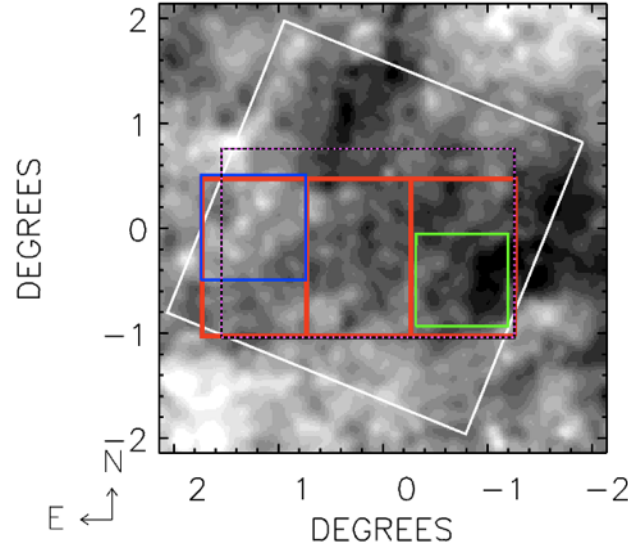
VIDEO: The VISTA Deep Extragalactic Observations Survey

Elais-S1



VIDEO = 3 deg²

XMM-LSS

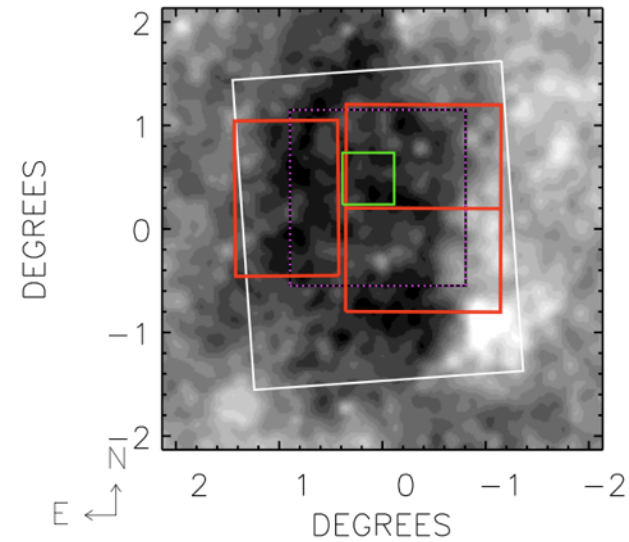


4.5 deg²

UKIDSS UDS

CFHT Legacy Survey D1

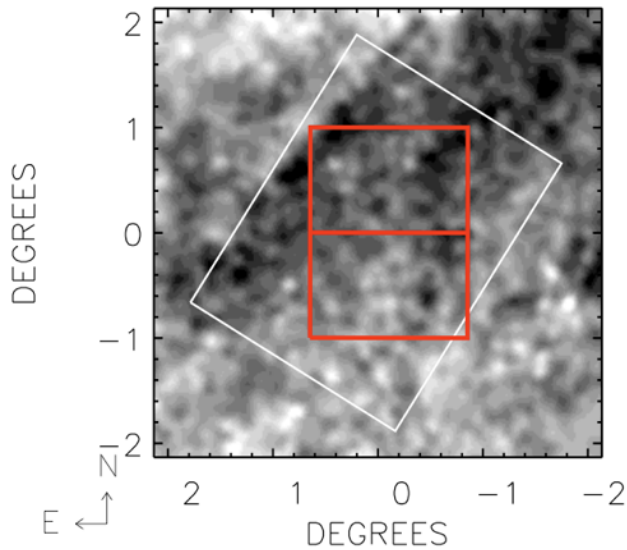
ECDFS



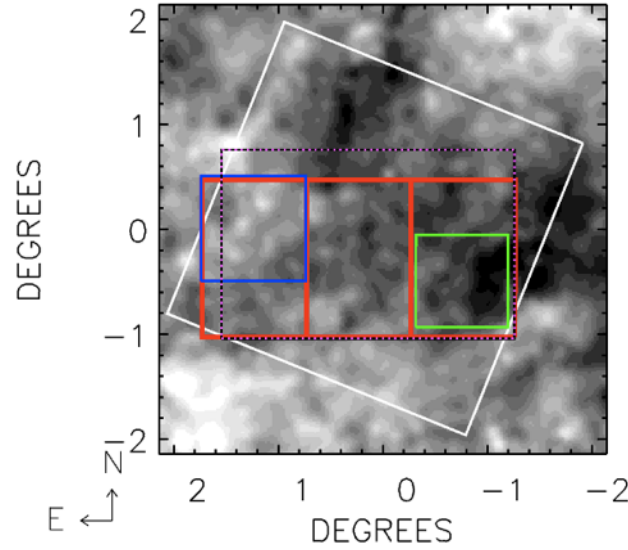
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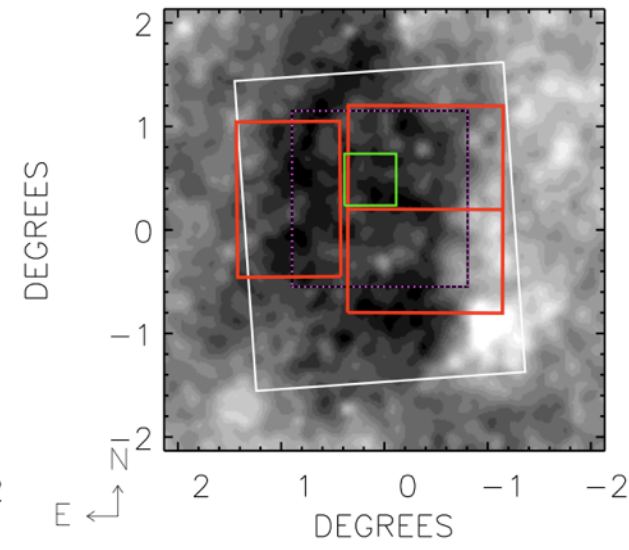
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XMM-LSS



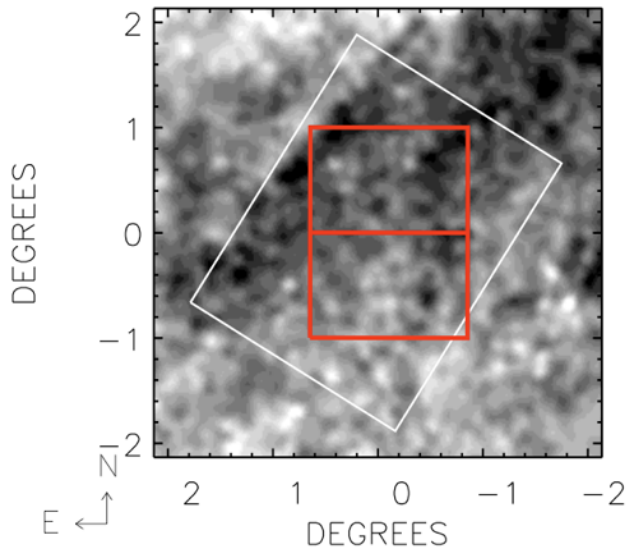
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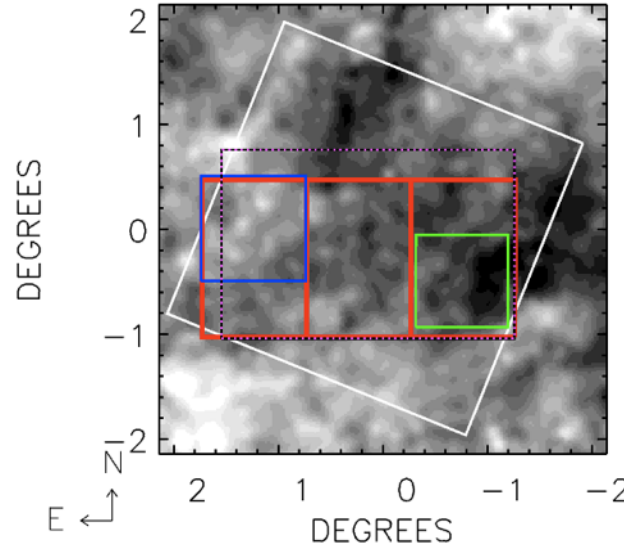
Filter	Time (per source)	Time (full survey)	5σ AB	5σ Vega	UKIDSS-DXS	Seeing	Moon
Z	17.5 hours	456 hours	25.7	25.2	-	0.8	D
Y	6.7 hours	175 hours	24.6	24.0	-	0.8	G
J	8.0 hours	209 hours	24.5	23.7	22.3	0.8	G
H	8.0 hours	221 hours	24.0	22.7	22	0.8	B
K_s	6.7 hours	180 hours	23.5	21.7	20.8	0.8	B

VIDEO: The VISTA Deep Extragalactic Observations Survey

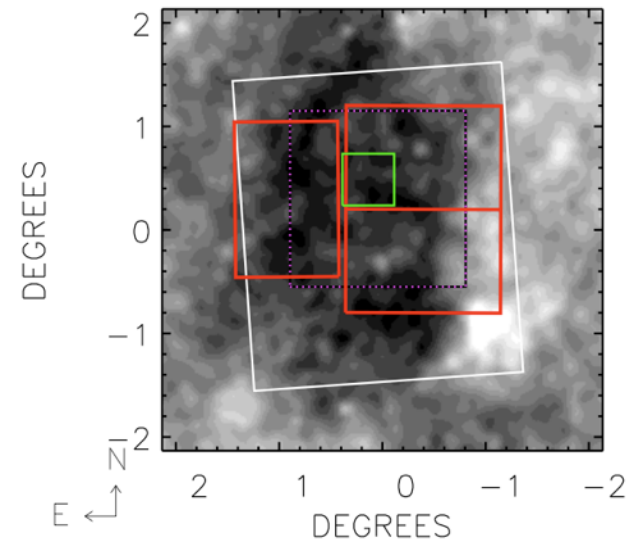
Elais-S1



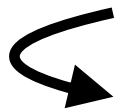
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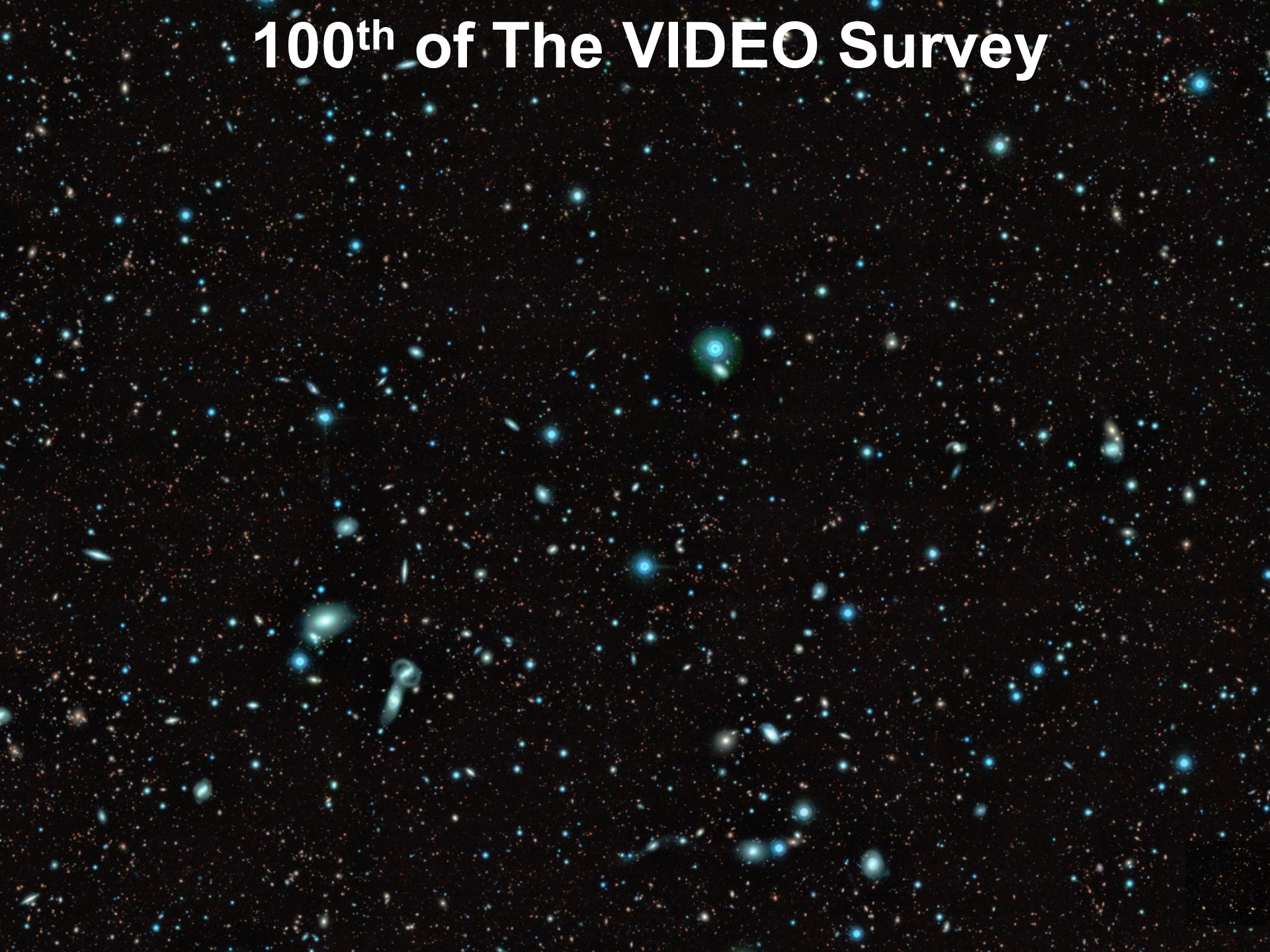
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Filter	Time (h) (per pixel)	1'' (5σ)	2'' (5σ)	3'' (5σ)	4'' (5σ)	5'' (5σ)
Z	17.13	26.89	25.66	24.87	24.33	23.83
Y	6.05	25.60	24.51	23.74	23.18	22.73
J	9.65	25.59	24.44	23.70	23.11	22.63
H	8.13	25.25	24.12	23.42	22.87	22.40
K_s	9.03	24.86	23.77	23.10	22.53	22.13

Jarvis et al. 2013,
MNRAS, 428, 1281

100th of The VIDEO Survey



100th of The VIDEO Survey



100th of The VIDEO Survey

Hubble
UDF

The image shows a vast field of galaxies, with a significant number of blue galaxies scattered throughout. In the foreground, a large, semi-circular region is highlighted, representing the Hubble Ultra Deep Field (UDF). A black box with white text "Hubble UDF" is overlaid on this region. The background is filled with a dense field of galaxies, including many blue galaxies, representing the 100th of The VIDEO Survey.

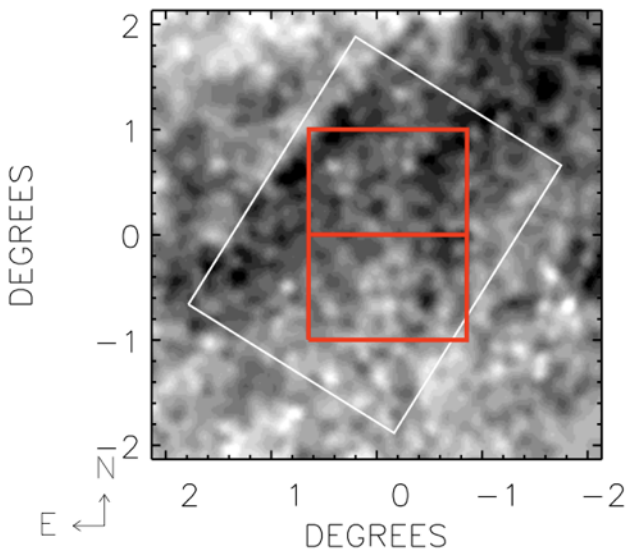
Multi-wavelength data in the VIDEO fields

- Spitzer Representative Volume Survey (SERVS) (1400 hours). Provides 3.6 and 4.5 μ m data to VIDEO depths (L^* at $z \sim 5$)
- VIDEO entered data sharing agreement with the Dark Energy Survey. *griz* photometry to depths of $AB \sim 27$ (5 σ)
- Covered by VST-VOICE in optical
- Covered by Herschel-HerMES survey (100-500 μ m)
- ACTPol deep field over VIDEO-XMM-LSS footprint
- ECDFS field is also the LADUMA field (Deep HI survey with MeerKAT)
- All fields covered by MeerKAT's MIGHTEE Survey for HI and radio continuum (co-PI Jarvis)
- XMMLSS covered by HSC and new JVLA observations
- VIDEO fields fully covered by LSST Deep Drilling fields

VIDEO: What is happening?

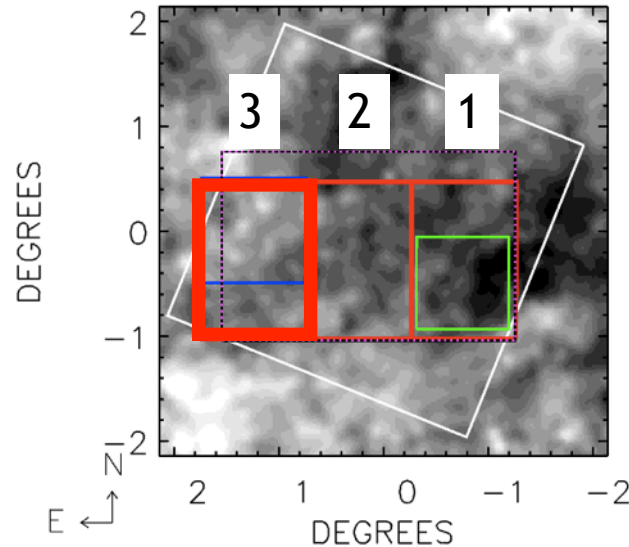
- VIDEO Science has been mainly done over the single XMM-3 field (therefore very similar in scale to UltraVISTA/COSMOS)
- Now have 3sq.deg contiguous field - will provide the first real niche science for VIDEO in XMM-LSS (~4sq.deg with UKIDSS-UDS field)

Elais-S1



VIDEO = 3 deg²

XMM-LSS

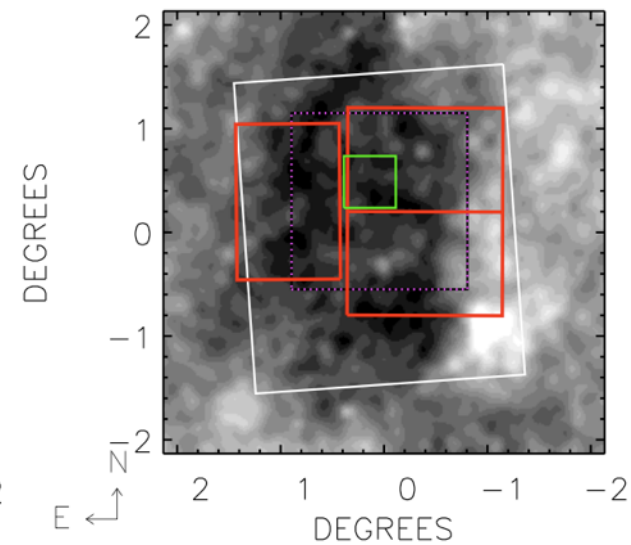


4.5 deg²

UKIDSS UDS

CFHT Legacy Survey D1

ECDFS



4.5 deg²

VIDEO: The VISTA Deep Extragalactic Observations Survey

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- Now have 3sq.deg contiguous field - will provide the first real niche science for VIDEO in XMMLSS (~4sq.deg with UKIDSS-UDS field)
- ELAIS-S1 (minus J-band) also has 3sq.deg coverage
- CDFS needs to catch up (competes with XMMLSS for time on sky)

VIDEO: What is happening?

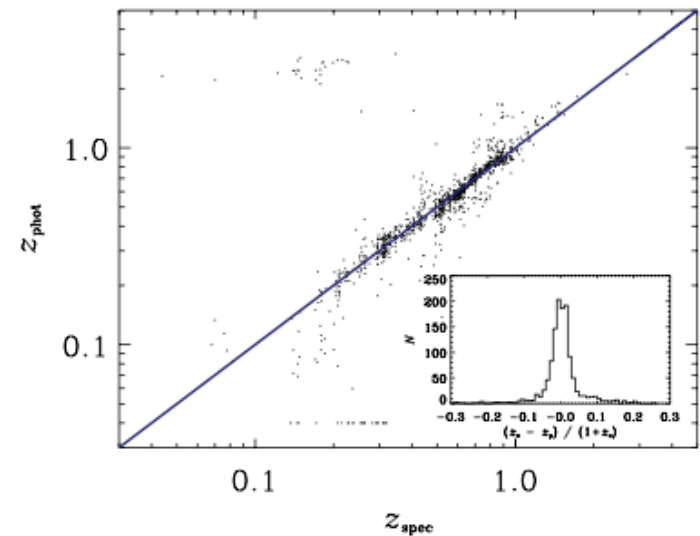
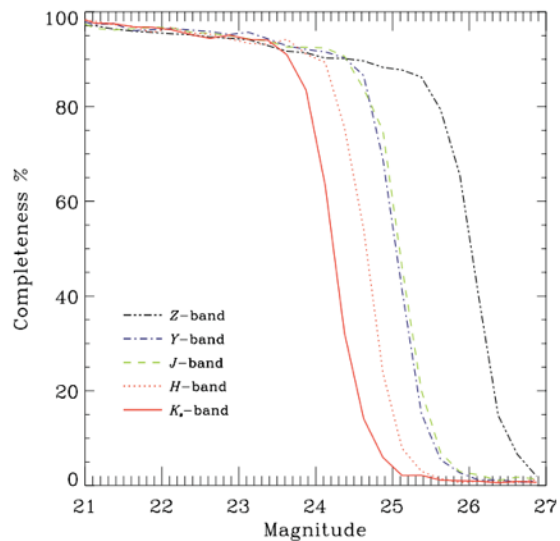
DR1 released 25/7/2011 - XMM3 source lists and tiles

DR2 released Jan-Apr 2014 - CDFS/ES1/XMM source lists in all tiles
- Deep Stack and band-merged catalogues in XMM3

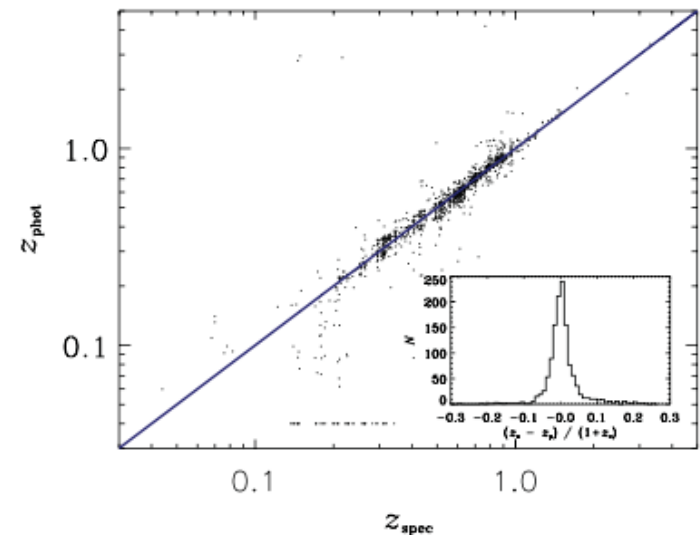
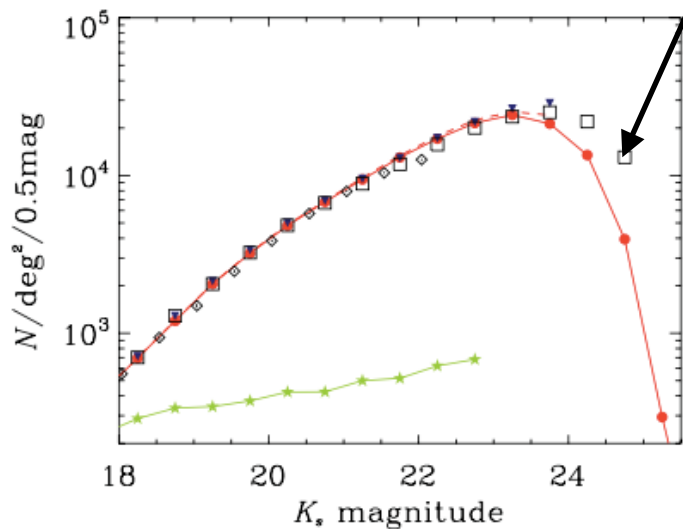
DR3 in preparation - will contain data to the end of Dec 2014. Can access stacked images and catalogues through VIDEO web site now at <http://www-astro.physics.ox.ac.uk/~video/public/Home.html>

	Z	Y	J	H	Ks
<i>Total for Completion</i>	68*	70	36	39	42
<i>XMM1</i>	68	70	36	39	42
<i>XMM2</i>	---	70	36	39	42
<i>XMM3</i>	68	70	36	39	42
<i>CDFS1</i>	51	70	36	39	42
<i>CDFS2</i>	---	70	7	6	42
<i>CDFS3</i>	---	7	20	0	9
<i>ES1-N</i>	68	70	17	39	42
<i>ES1-S</i>	32	70	17	39	42

VIDEO: First results from XMM-LSS Tile 3



UltraVISTA



VIDEO: What is happening?

- DES data now providing optical data that is complementary in depth to VIDEO in *griz*
- VST-VOICE also providing ugr data
- VIDEO team putting VIDEO data on the same pixel scale as complementary optical data (and matching PSF)
- Plans to incorporate VIDEO data into (Radio)GalaxyZoo

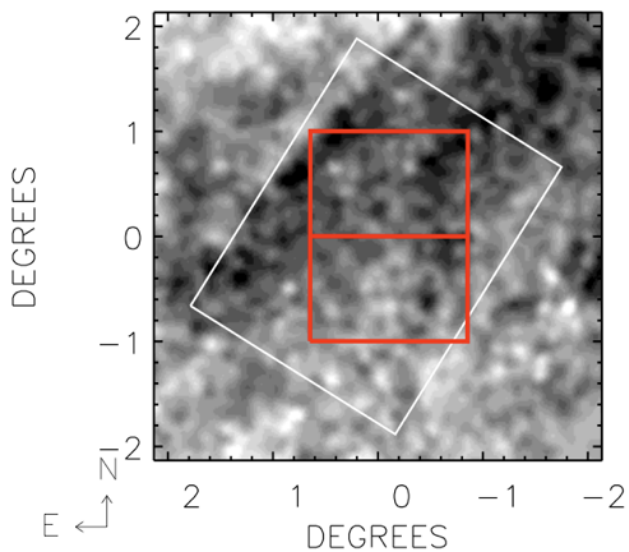


VIDEO

Science Highlights

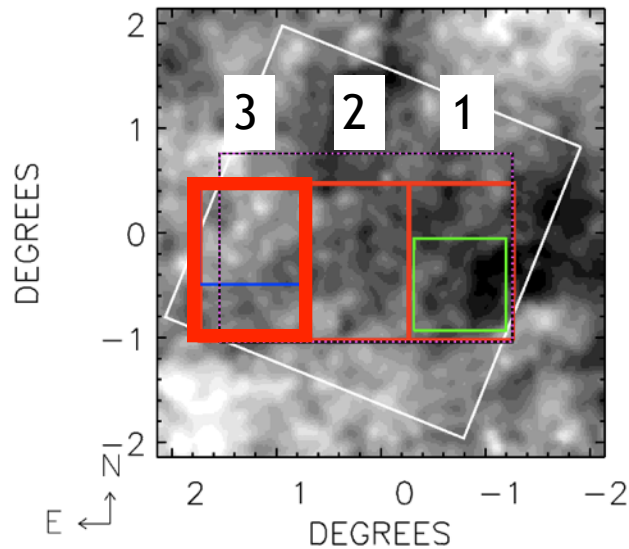


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XMM-LSS

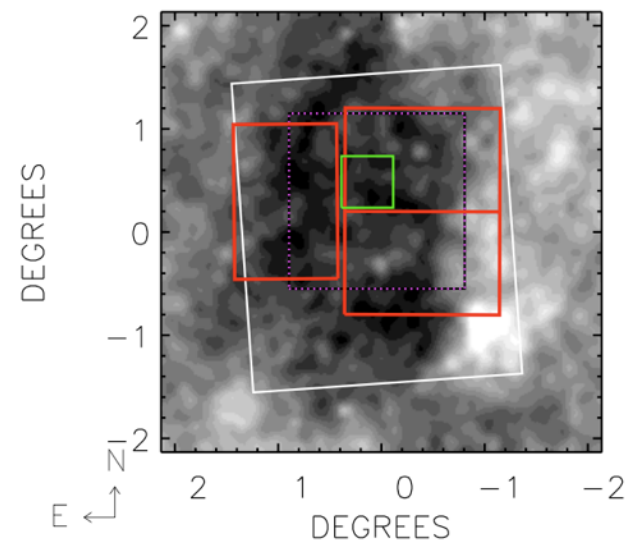


4.5 deg²

UKIDSS UDS

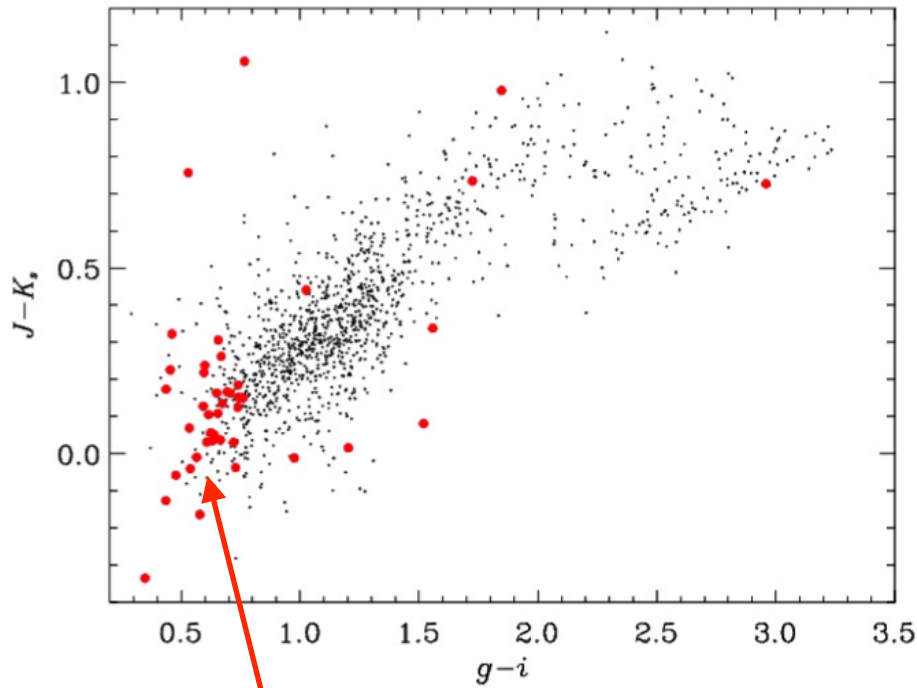
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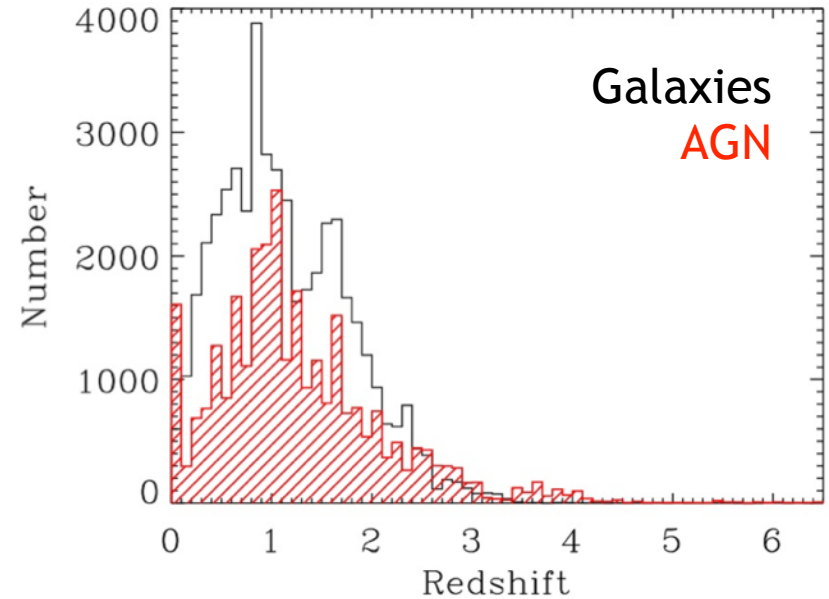
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VIDEO: Survey paper



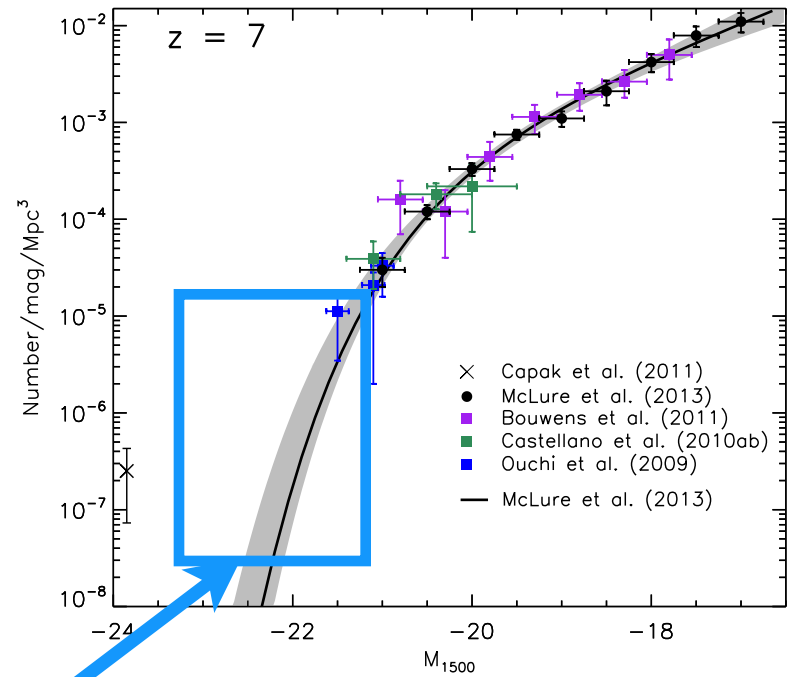
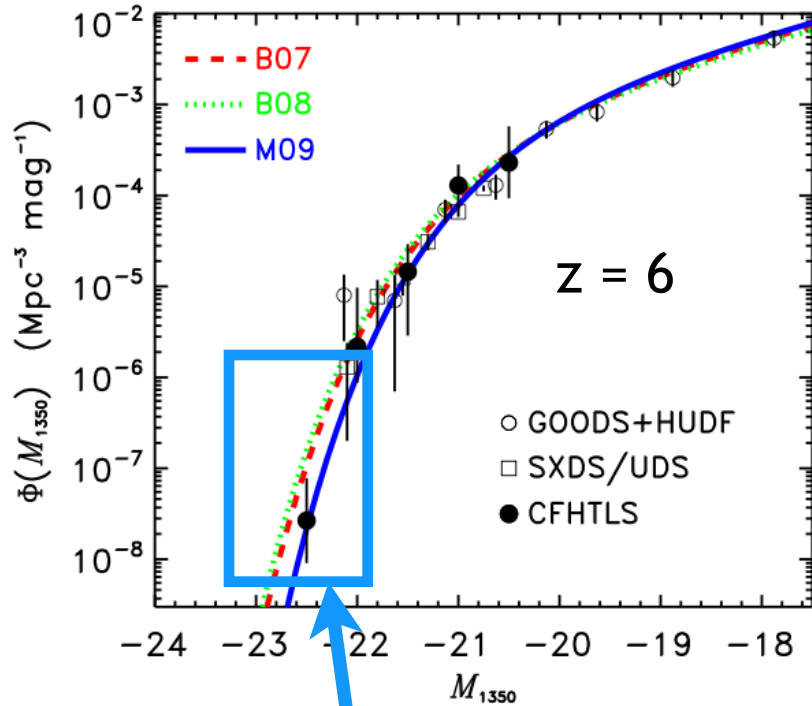
The **photometric redshift outliers** tend to be blue and have emission lines indicative of an AGN

0.3% outlier rate found if we remove galaxies with a best fit AGN template!



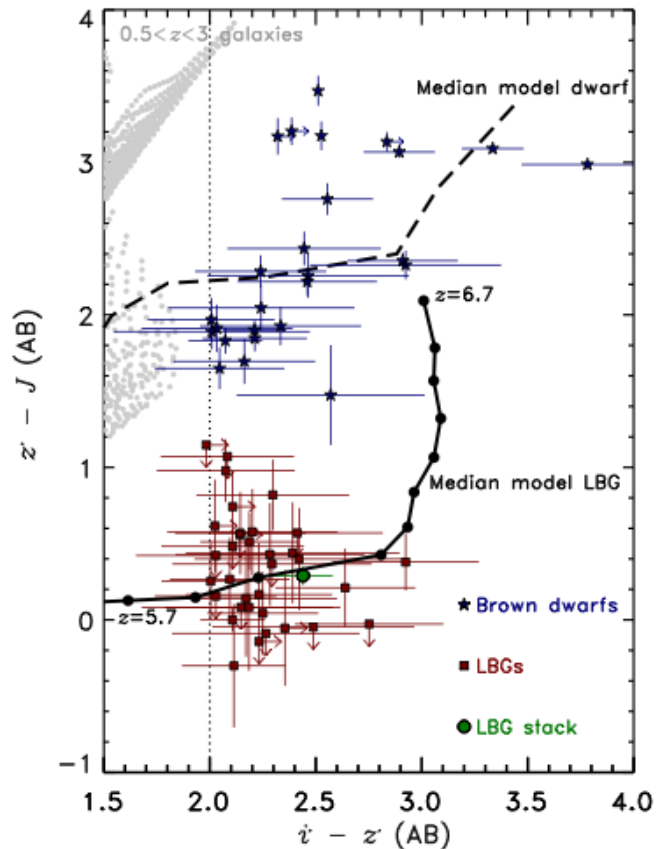
Photometric redshift distribution peaks at $z \sim 1$ and extends all the way to $z \sim 6$ (see later)

VIDEO: Lyman-break galaxies at $z \sim 6/7$

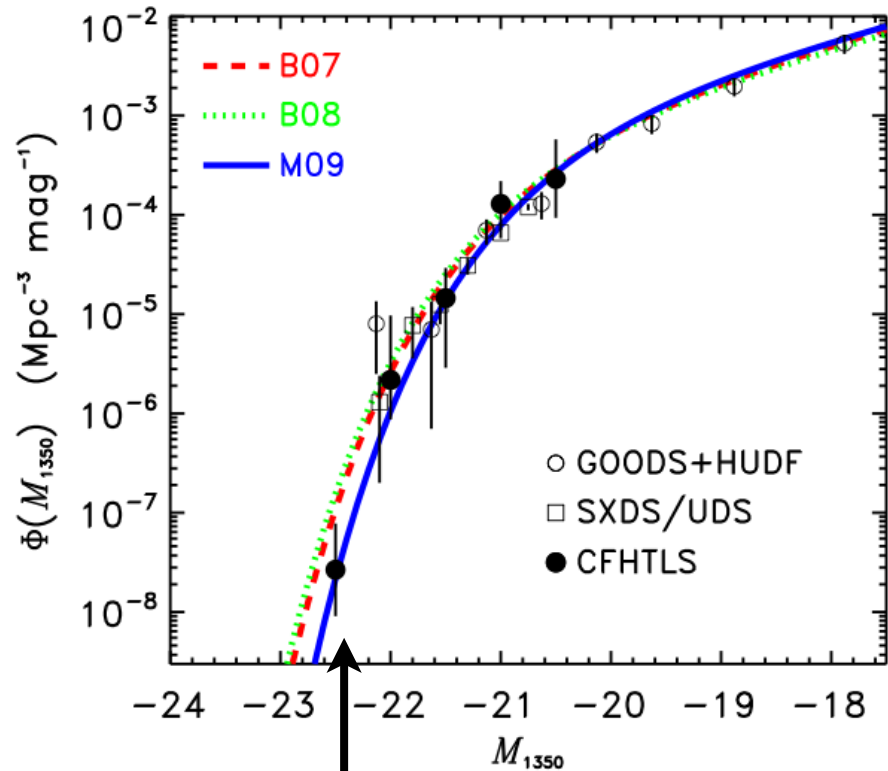


Need degree-scale, deep, near-infrared surveys to probe the bright-end of rest-frame UV LF

VIDEO: Lyman-break galaxies at $z \sim 6$



Using 4 CFHT Legacy Survey fields
D1 overlaps with VIDEO
D2 overlaps with UltraVISTA/COSMOS

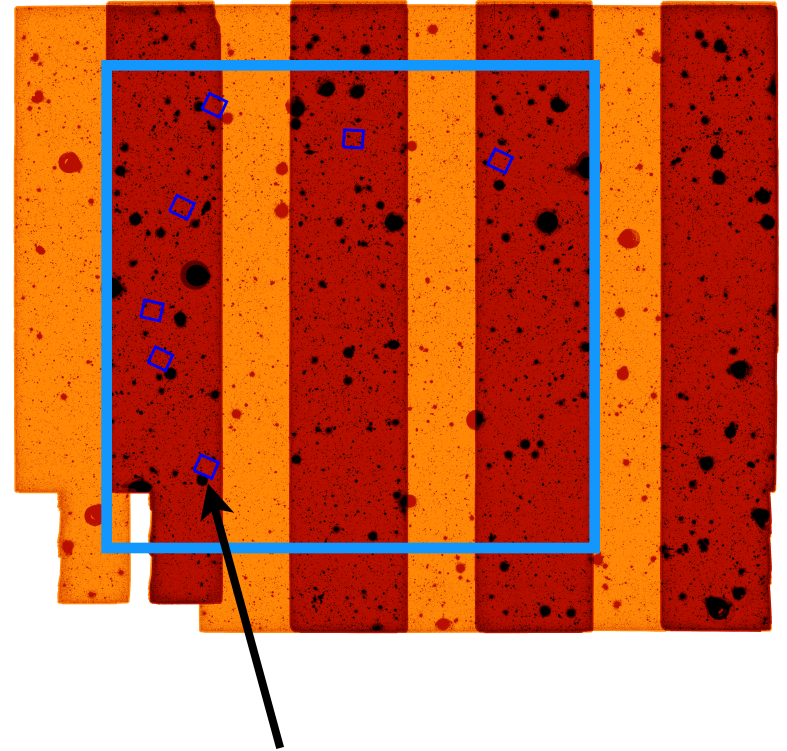
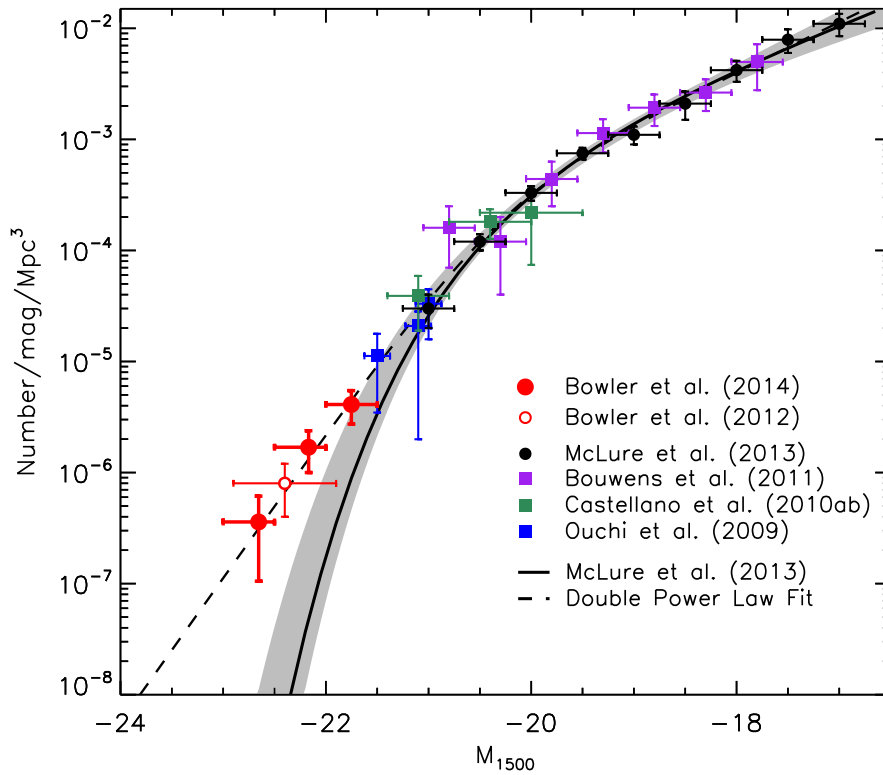


Key aspect is the constraint at the bright end, which are only accessible with \sim degree scale surveys

Selecting $z \sim 6$ galaxies with VIDEO + CFHT (Willott et al., 2013, AJ, 145, 4)

VIDEO: Lyman-break galaxies at $z \sim 7$

Using UltraVISTA/COSMOS + UKIDSS-UDS/VIDEO

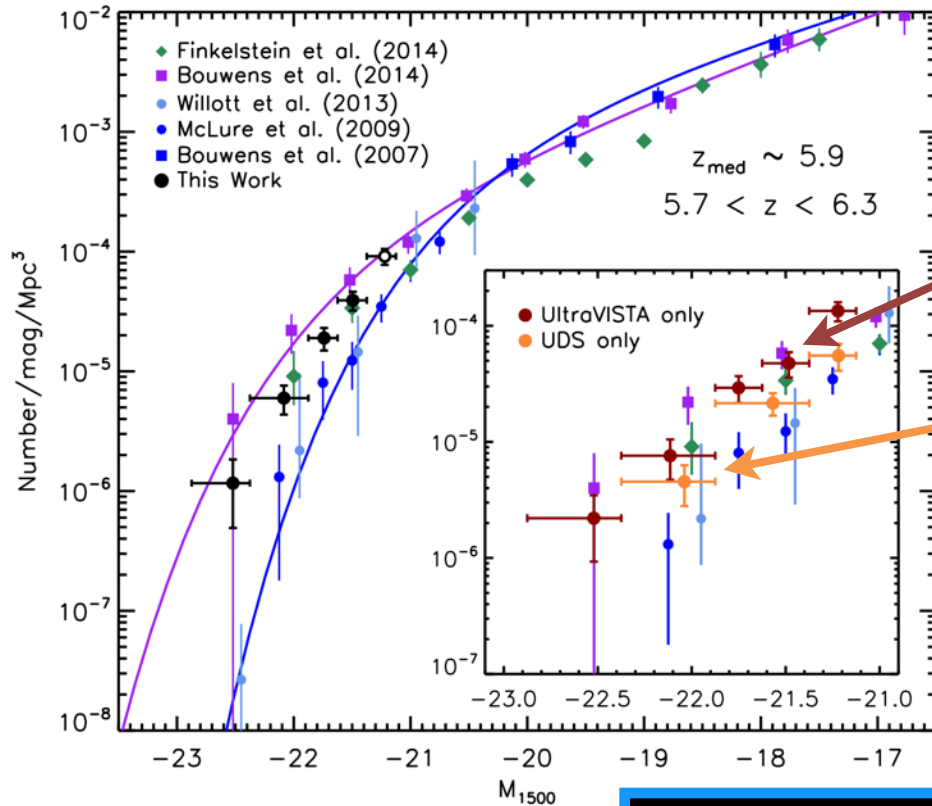


HST/WFC3 pointings

Bowler et al. 2014,
MNRAS, 440, 2810

VIDEO: Lyman-break galaxies at $z \sim 6$

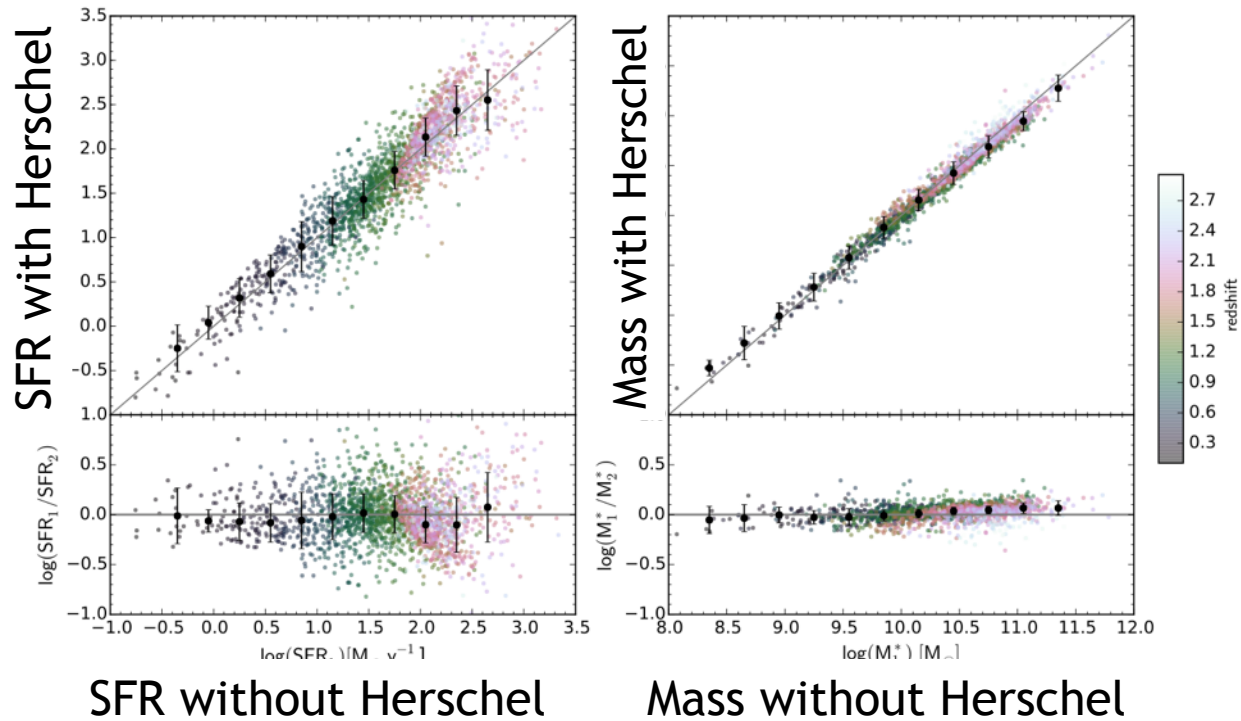
Using UltraVISTA/COSMOS + UKIDSS-UDS/VIDEO



$\sim 2 \times$ the number density
of bright galaxies in
UltraVISTA/COSMOS
compared to the **UDS/**
SXDS

independent, degree-scale+ fields are
essential to constrain the number
density of bright galaxies

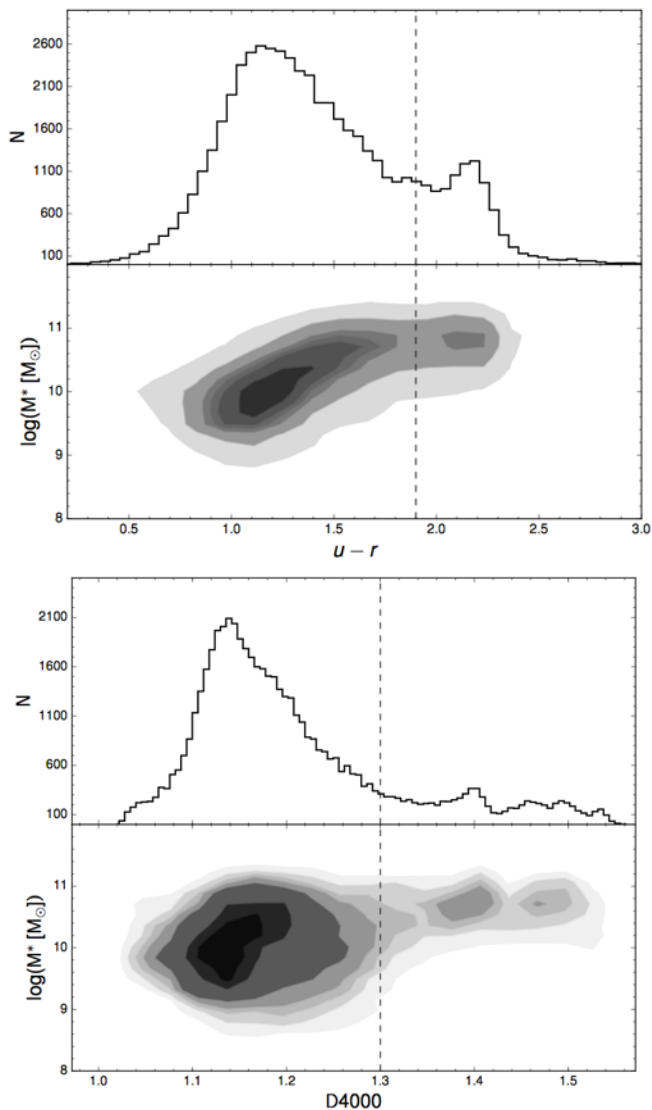
VIDEO: SFR-mass relation to $z \sim 3$



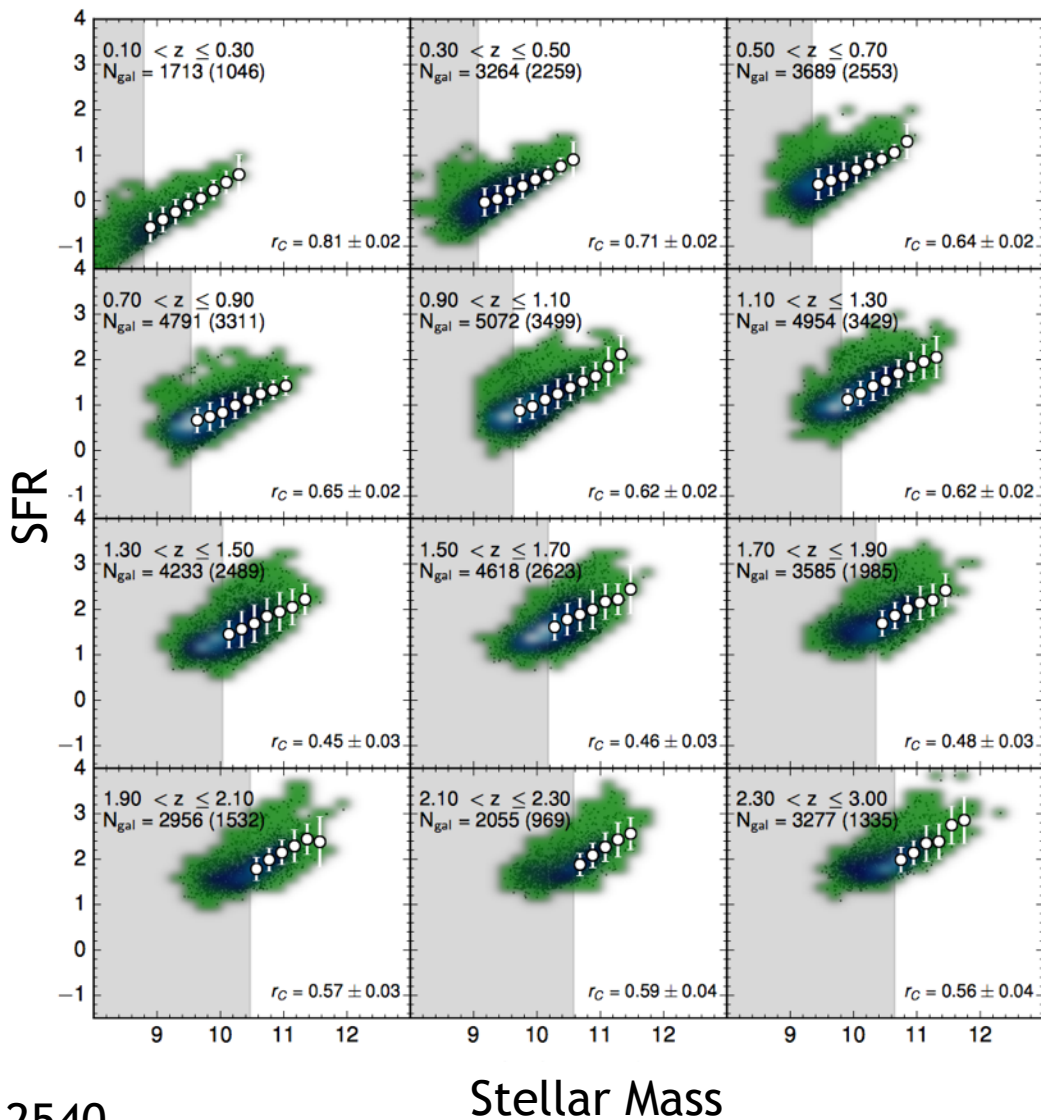
- Using CFHTLS + VIDEO + Spitzer + Herschel data
- With CIGALE code used to model full SED from rest-frame UV to FIR
- Propagating $P(z)$ uncertainties through to M/SFR determination

VIDEO: SFR-mass relation to $z \sim 3$

Selecting SFGs

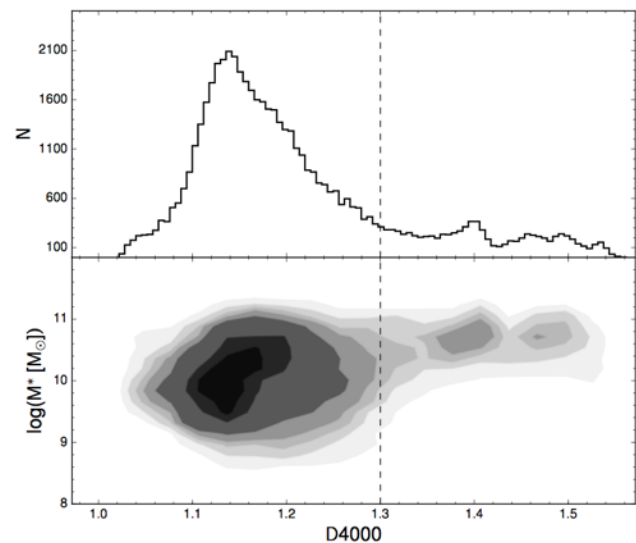
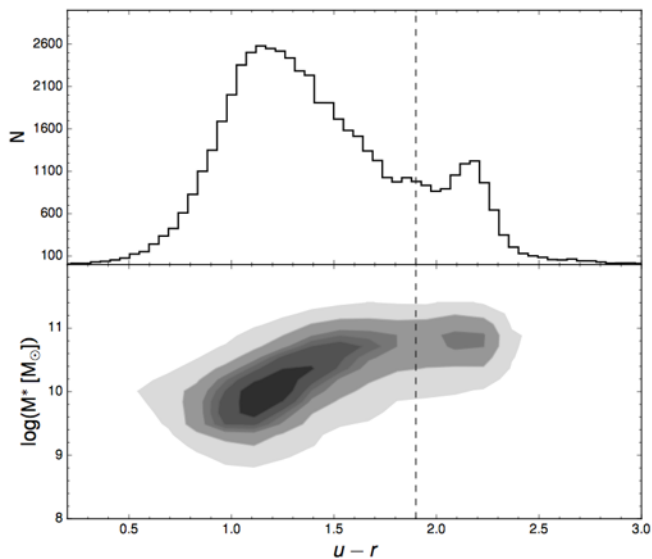


Star formation main sequence to $z \sim 3$

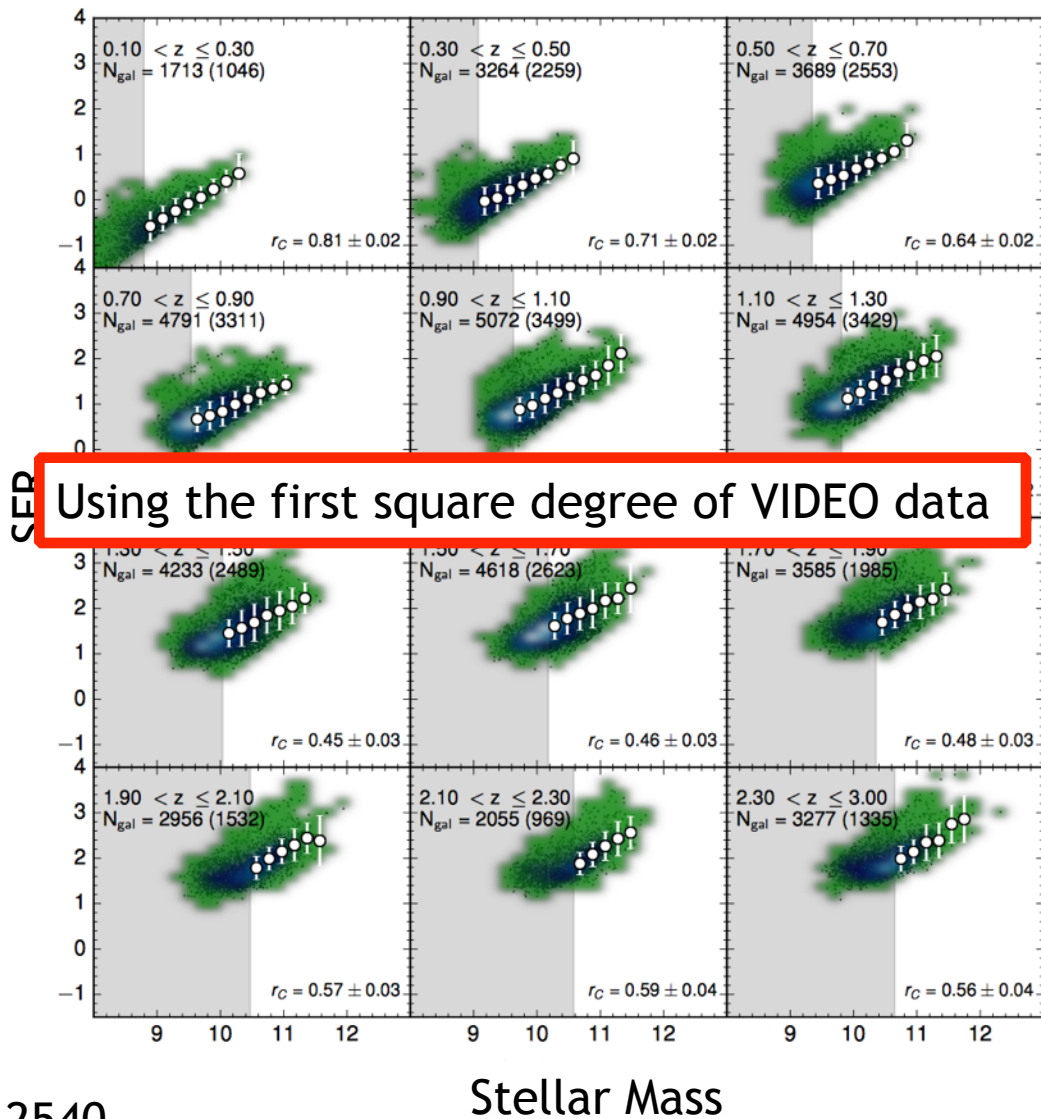


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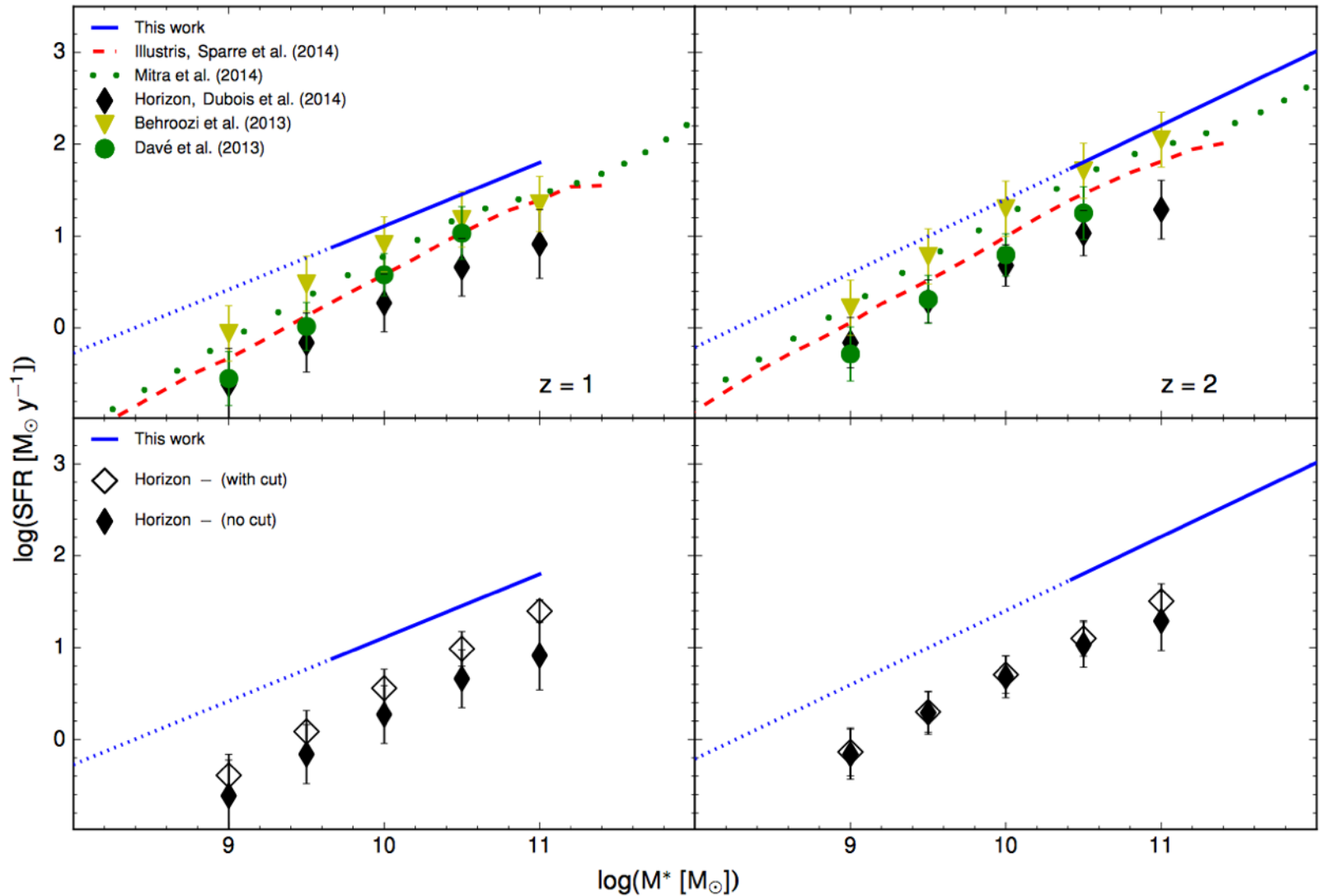
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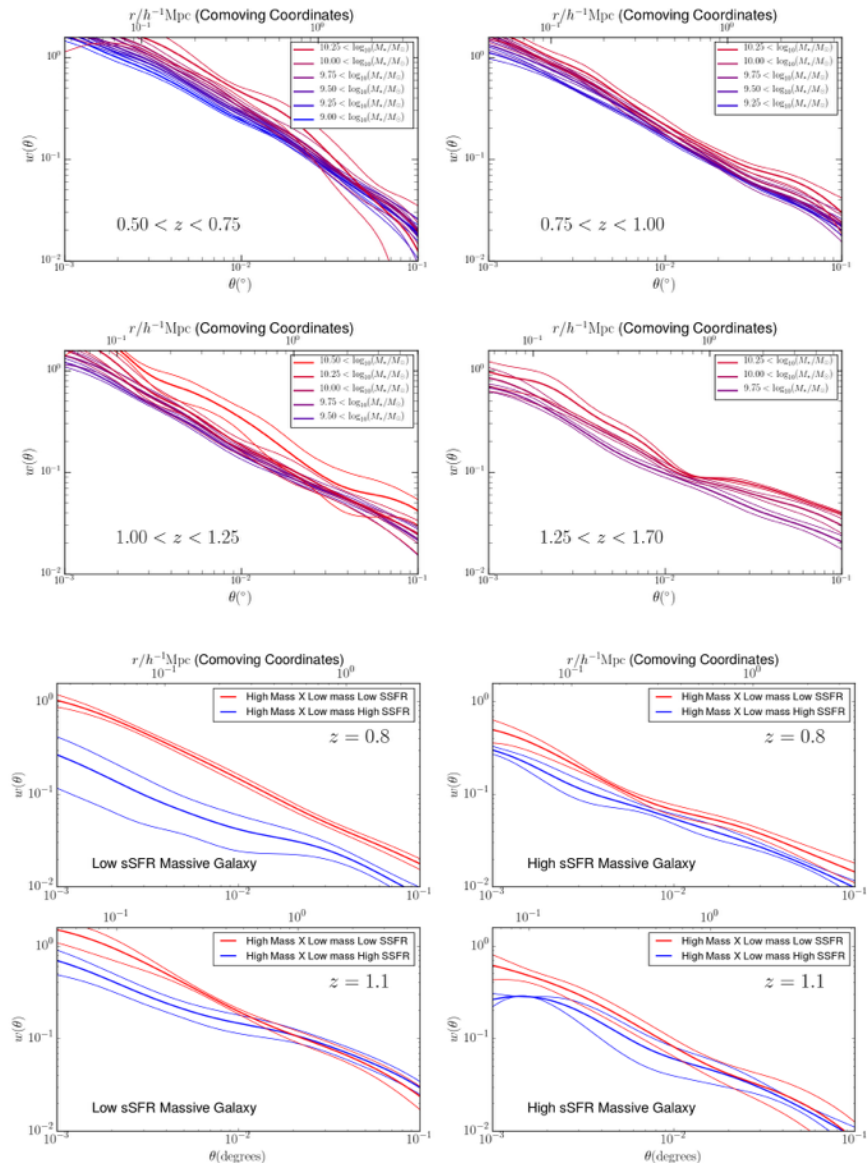


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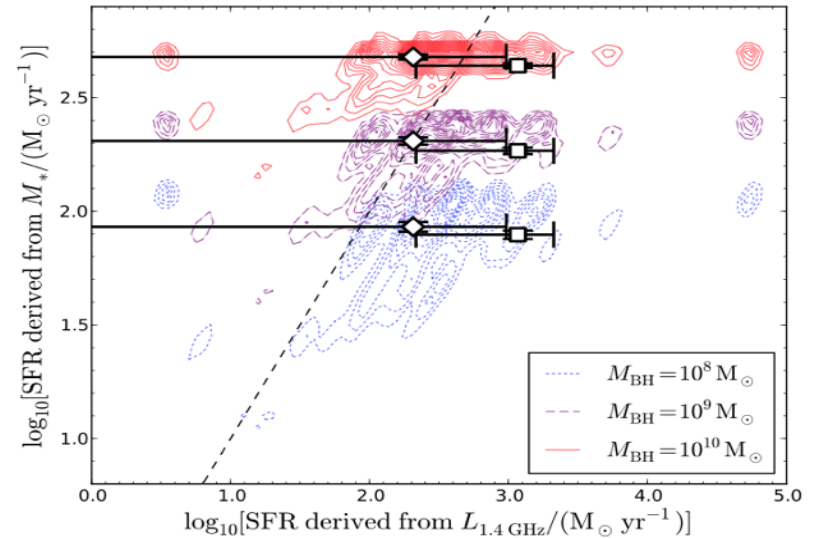
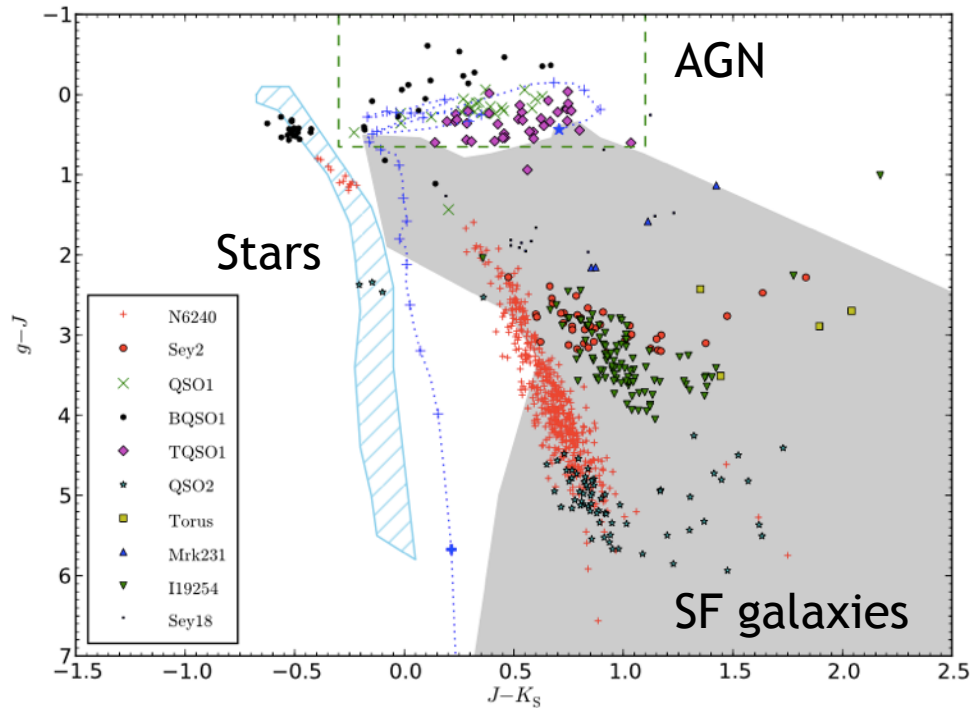


VIDEO: galaxy-halo connection

- Galaxy clustering analysis over 1 sq. deg
-> proof of concept for full survey
- Halo Occupation Distribution modelling
of the angular two-point correlation
function
- Cross-correlation functions of different
mass galaxies probes galactic conformity



VIDEO: Radio-quiet quasars



- Probing the radio emission from sample of unobscured quasars selected from optical/near-IR colours
- Using VLA-VIRMOS deep field data at 1.4 GHz to look at origin of radio emission at low radio fluxes - star-formation or accretion?

White et al. 2015,
MNRAS, 448, 2665

Summary

- VIDEO is progressing well
- The whole survey should be finished in 2017
- Up to now science has been restricted by optical-data, this is now changing with DES, VST and also HSC
- VIDEO is now entering the key period for unique science that cannot be done with UltraVISTA
- Lots of activity both within the VIDEO team and from the wider community using VISTA data
- 26 papers that use VIDEO data directly thus far, and many more to come

See Jarvis et al. 2013, MNRAS, 428, 1281 for more details or the website:
<http://www-astro.physics.ox.ac.uk/~video/public/Home.html>