

#### A Salty Torus around IRC+10216?





G. Quintana-Lacaci





Astron. Astrophys. 183, L10-L12 (1987)

Letter to the Editor

ASTRONOMY AND ASTROPHYSICS

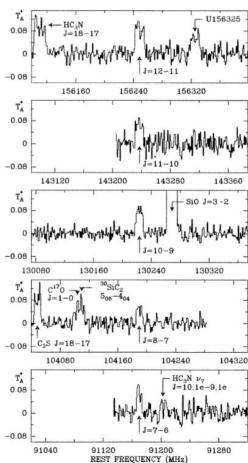
Metals in IRC+10216: detection of NaCl, AlCl, and KCl, and tentative detection of AlF

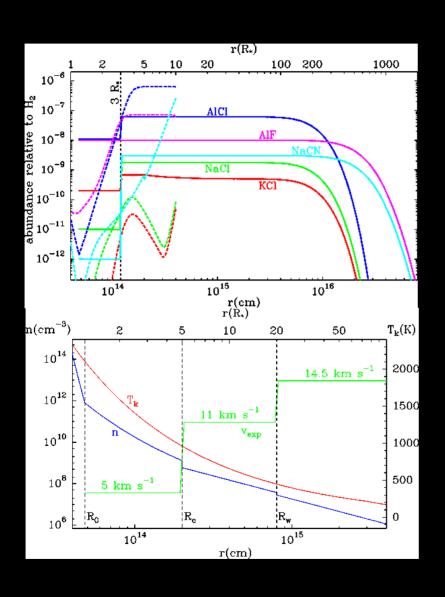
J. Cernicharo<sup>1,2</sup> and M. Guélin<sup>1</sup>

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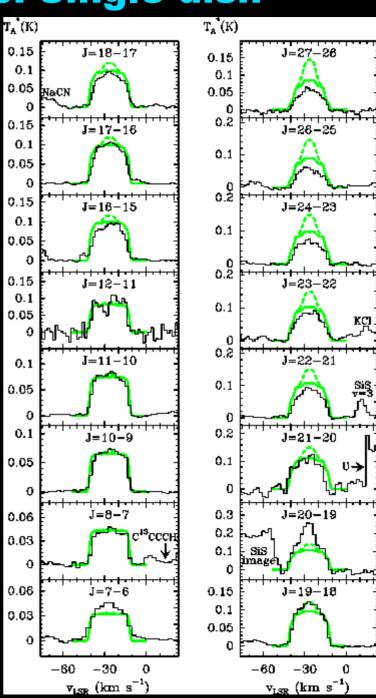
BP 68, F-38402 St. Martin d'Hères Cedex, France

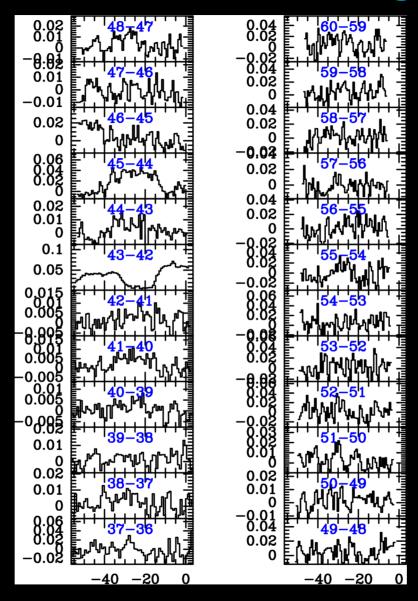
Received June 25, accepted July 7, 1987





Agúndez et al. 2012

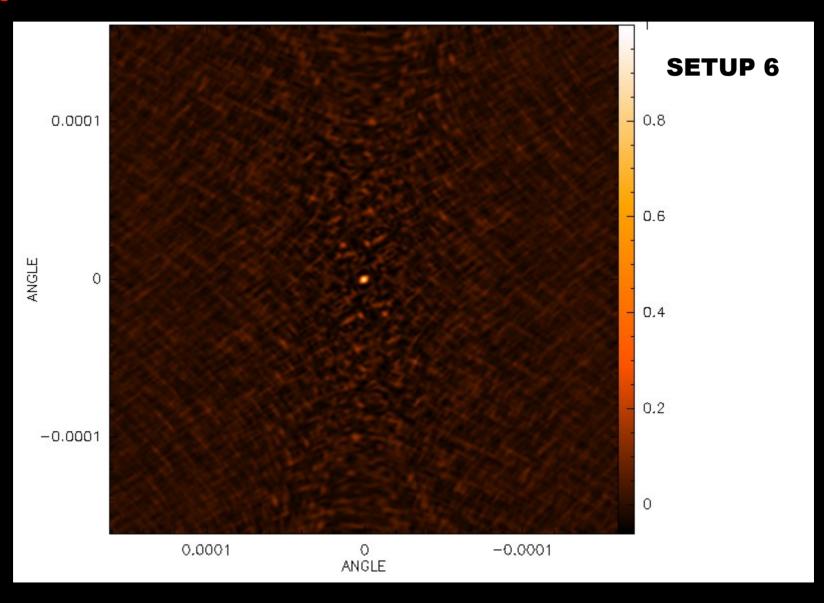




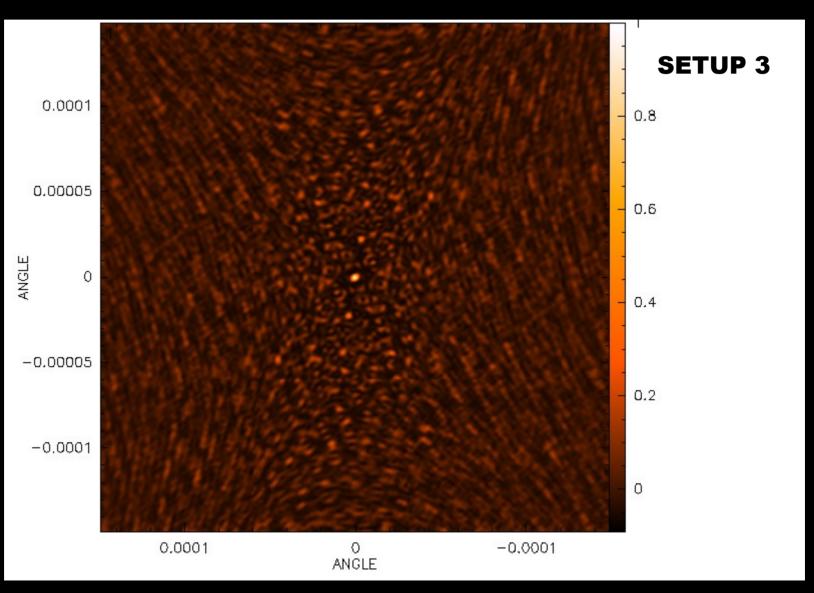
HIFI – Cernicharo et al. (in preparation)

Molecule	Trans.	Freq (MHz)	Beam	Setup
NaCl	20-19	260223.113	$0.2867 \times 0.2563$	5
NaCl	21–20	273202.100	$0.7704 \times 0.516$	3
NaCl v=1	20-19	258287.756	$0.2758 \times 0.2606$	6
NaCl v=1	21-20	271170.047	$0.7711 \times 0.7514$	3
Na <sup>37</sup> Cl	21-20	267365.814	$0.2709 \times 0.251$	4
KCl	34–33	260916.468	$0.2866 \times 0.2561$	5
KCl	35–34	268558.984	$0.2705 \times 0.2549$	4
K <sup>37</sup> Cl	35–34	260939.948	$0.6865 \times 0.561$	5
K <sup>37</sup> Cl	36–35	268363.909	$0.''706 \times 0.''549$	4
AlCl	18–17	262219.282	$0.2863 \times 0.2559$	5
Al <sup>37</sup> Cl	18 - 17	256063.773	$0.2764 \times 0.2611$	6
Al <sup>37</sup> Cl	19–18	270269.445	$0.7714 \times 0.515$	3
AlF	8–7	263749.390	$0.2858 \times 0.2557$	5

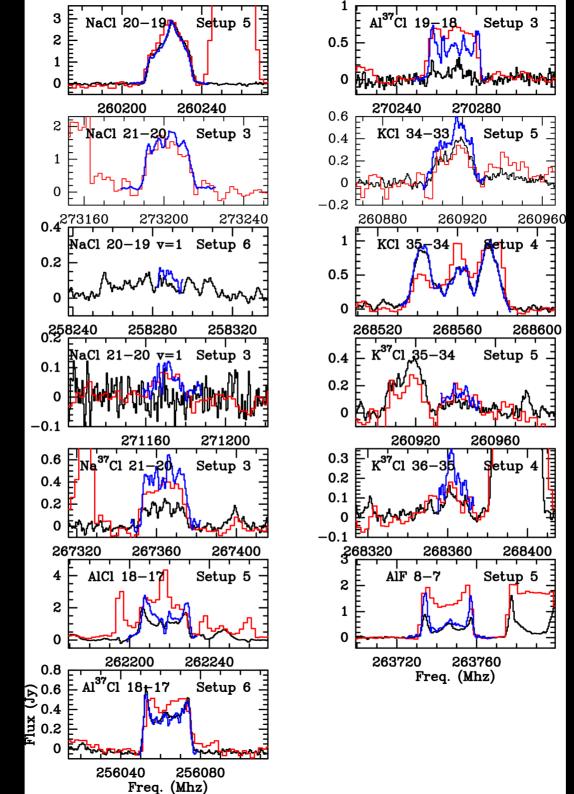
#### Cleaning issues

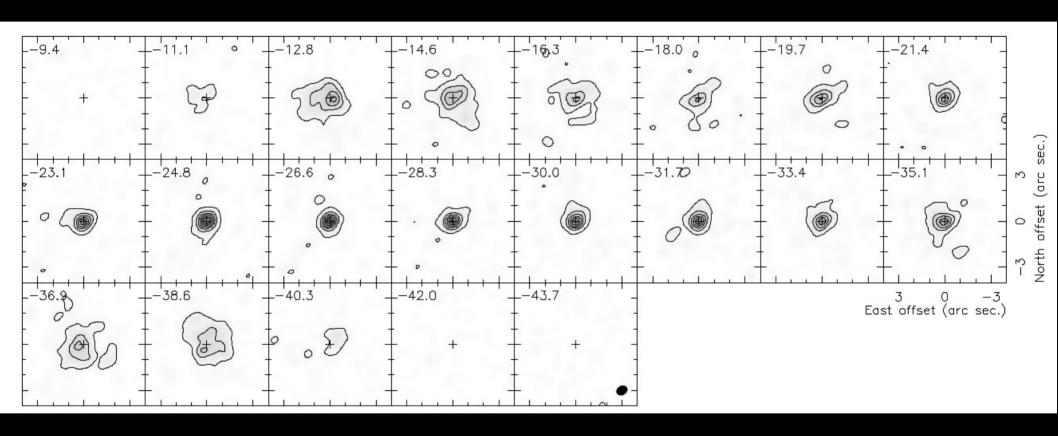


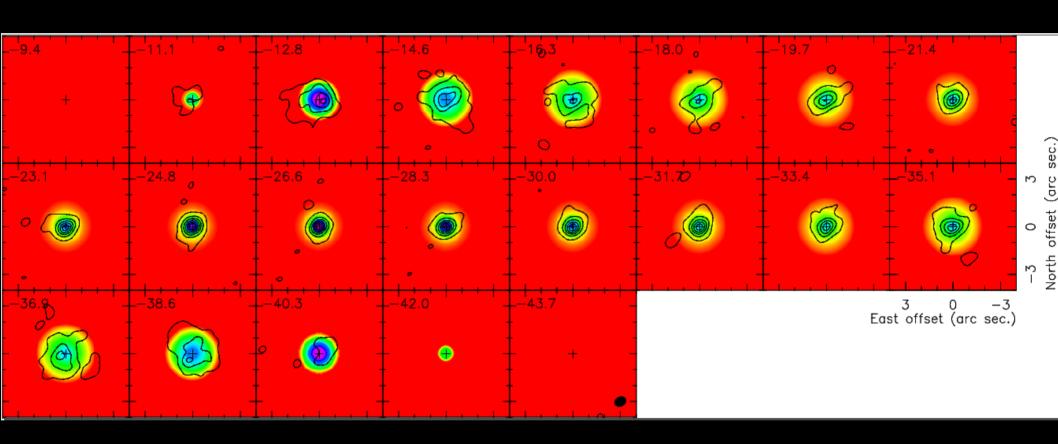
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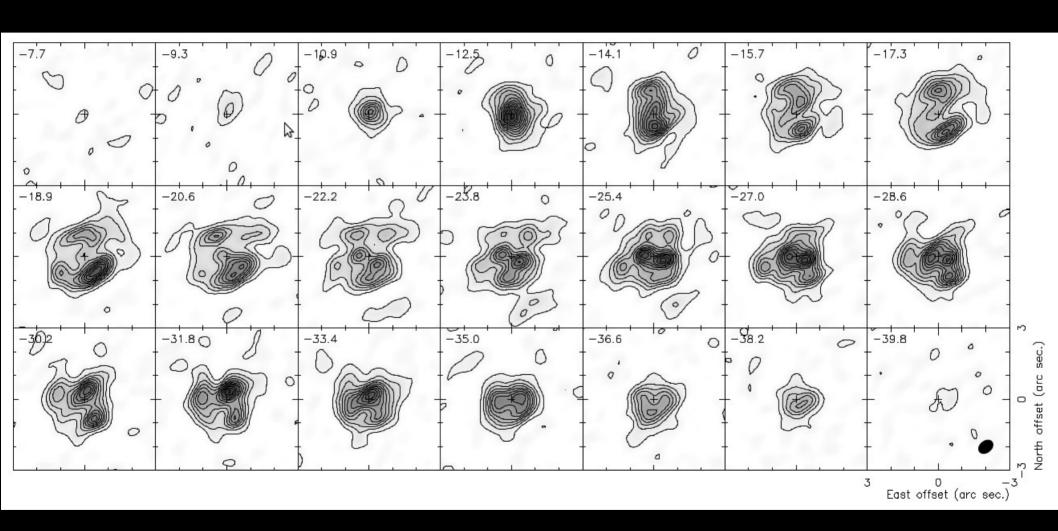


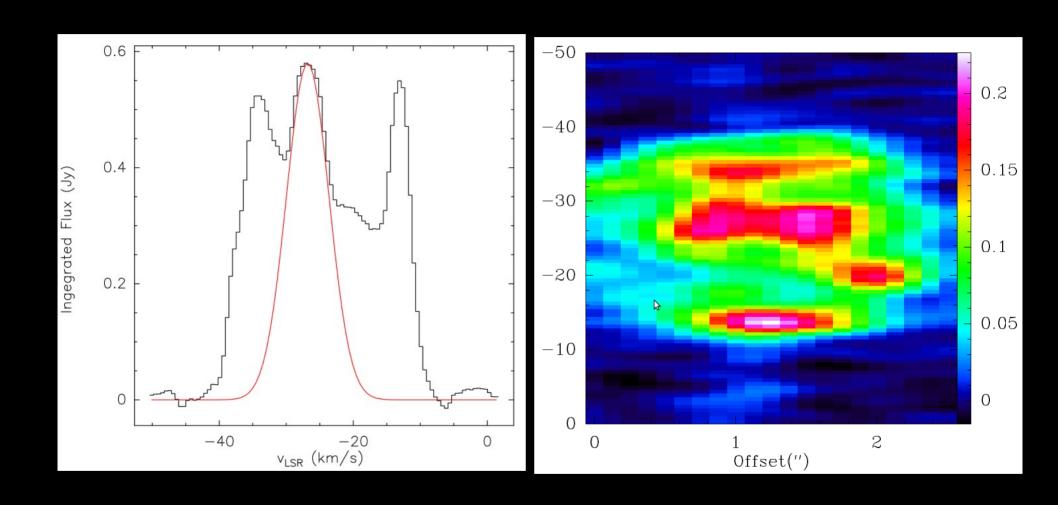
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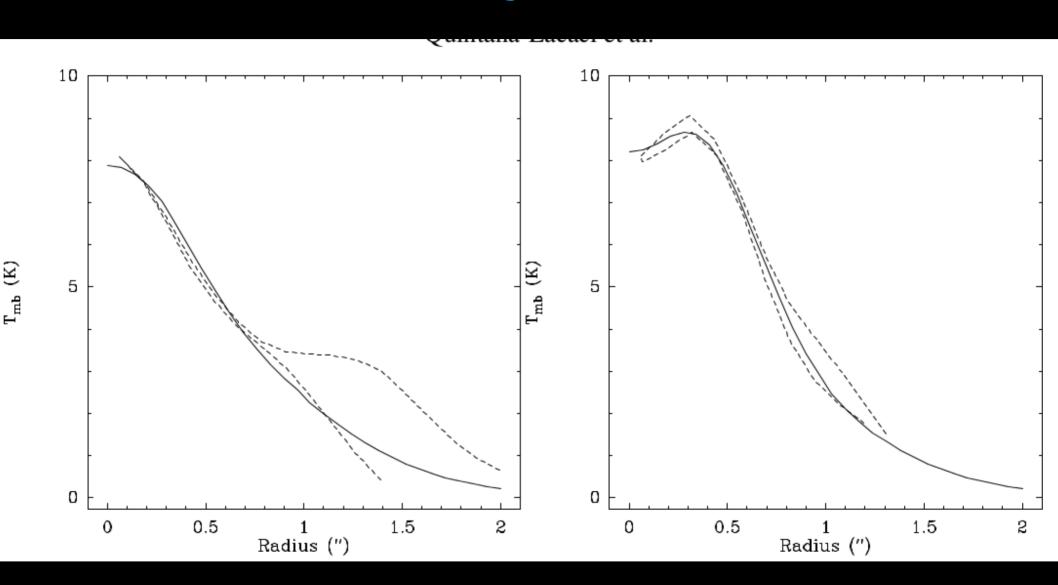


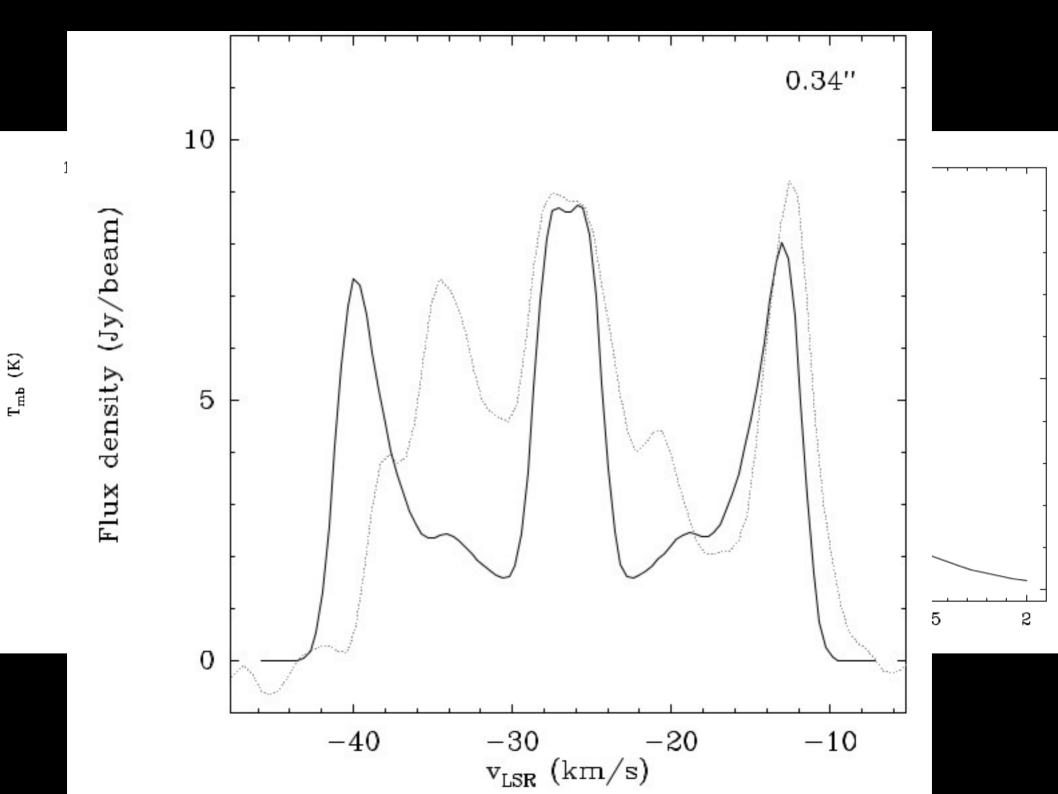




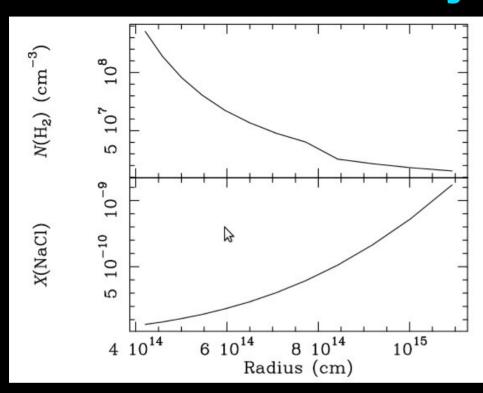


# **A Salty Torus?**





#### **A Salty To**

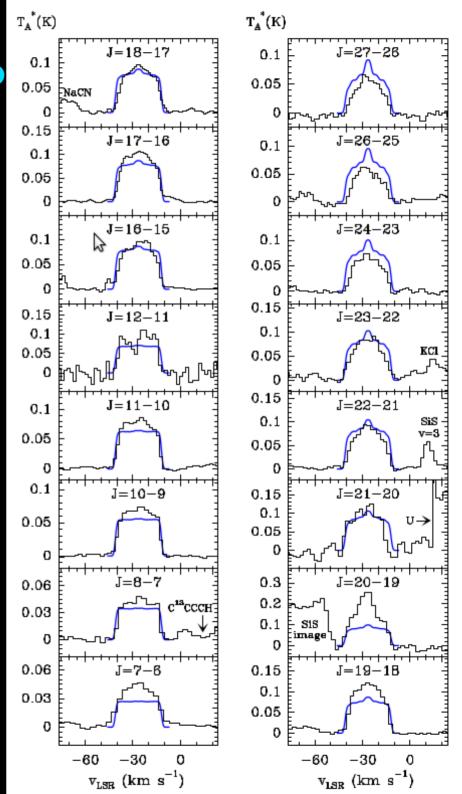


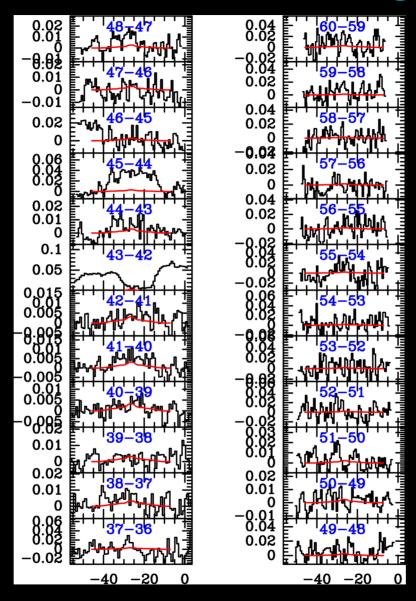
$$M_{\text{shell}} = M_{\text{noTorus}} + M_{\text{Torus}} = 4\pi \int_{r_{\text{in}}}^{r_{\text{out}}} r^2 n(r) dr$$
 (1)

where  $n(r) = 0.65 n_{\text{noTorus}}(r) + 0.35 n_{\text{Torus}}(r)$ . Therefore, we can estimate the total mass of the torus as:

$$M_{\text{Torus}} = 4\pi \times 0.35 \times \int_{r_{\text{in}}}^{r_{\text{out}}} r^2 n_{\text{Torus}}(r) dr$$
 (2)

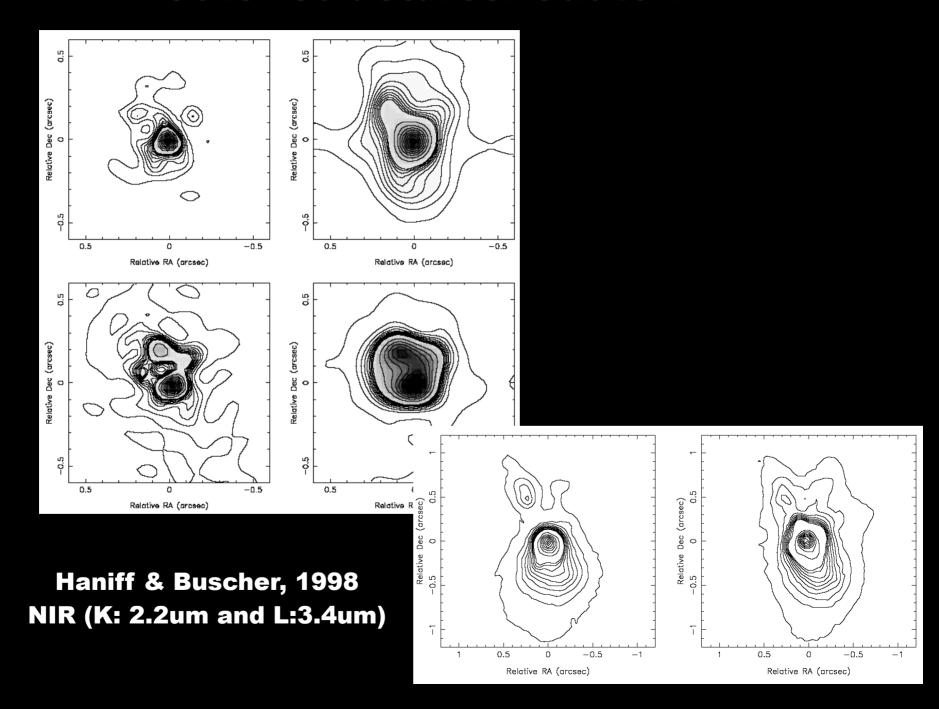
Mass =  $1.1 \cdot 10^{-4} \, \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{o}} = 36 \, \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{earth}}$ Rin= 27 au Rout= 73 au



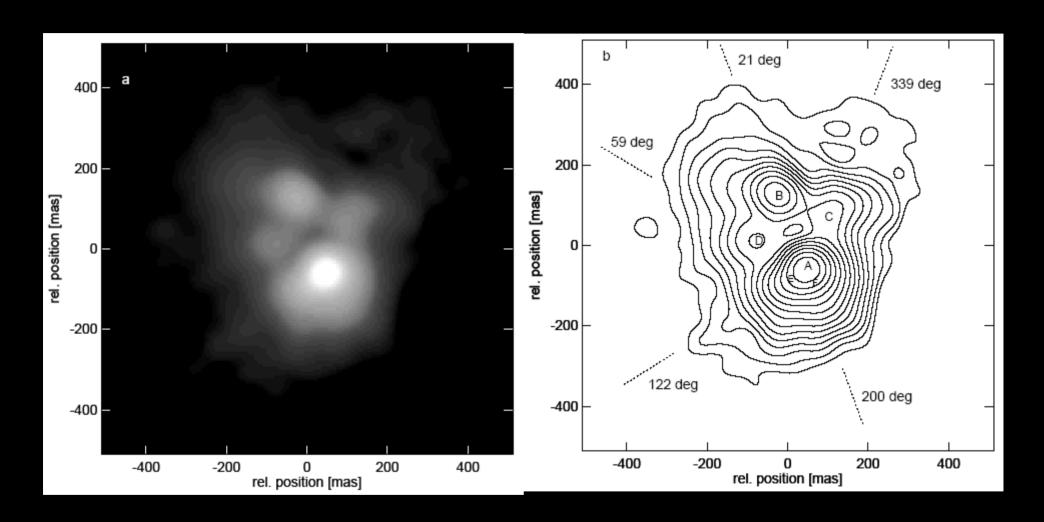


HIFI – Cernicharo et al. (in preparation)

#### **Other Structures: Outflow**

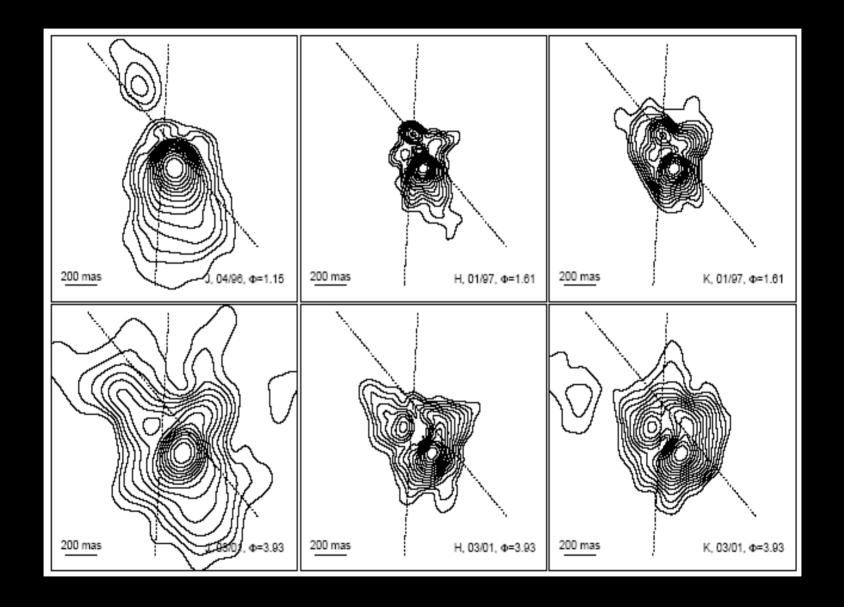


#### **Other Structures: Outflow**



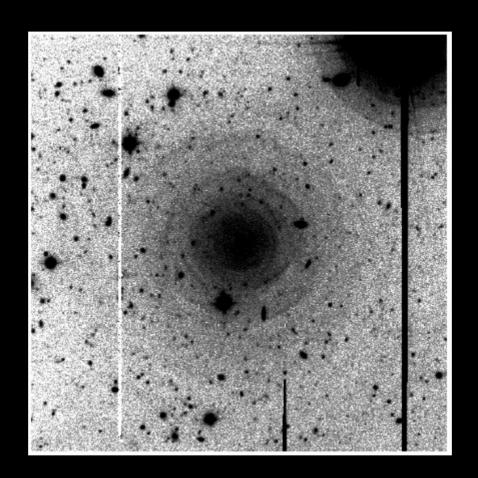
Weigelt et al.,1998 K' band (2.17um)

#### **Other Structures: Outflow**



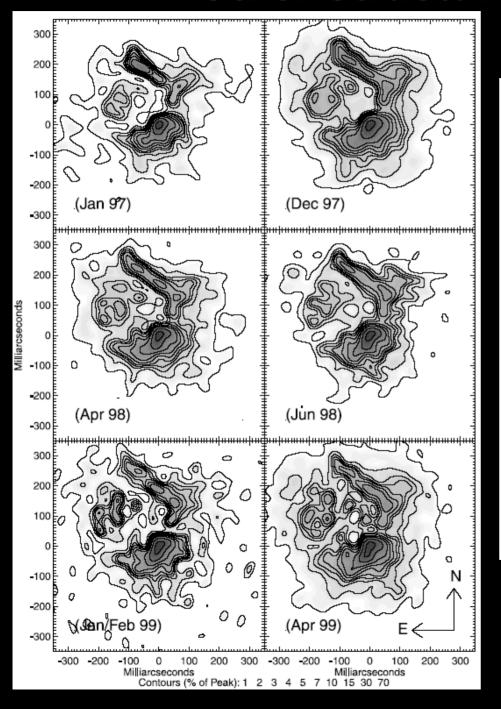
Weigelt et al., 2002 NIR (JHK)

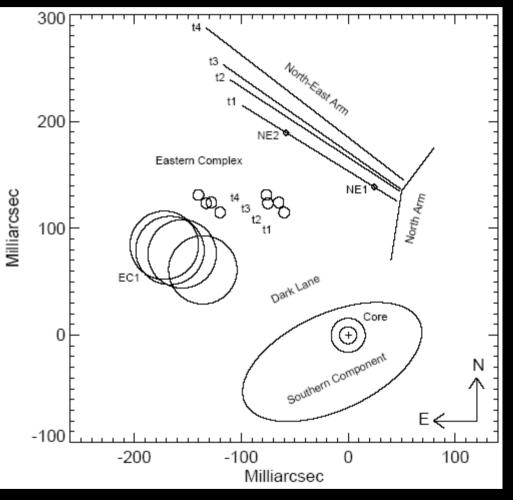
## **Other Structures: Shells**



Mauron and Huggins, 1999
B and V Bands

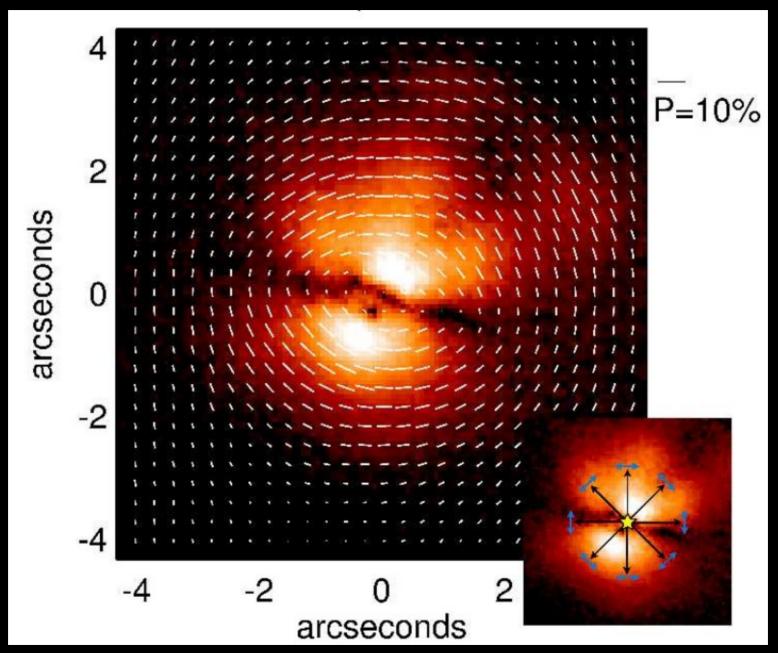
#### **Other Structures: Dust Lane**





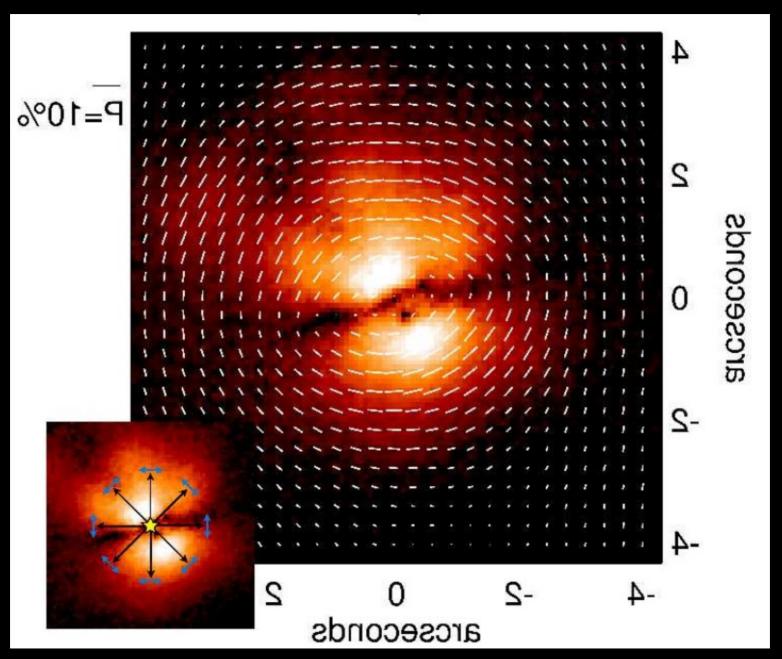
Tuthill et al., 2000 K Band

#### **Other Structures: Dust Lane**



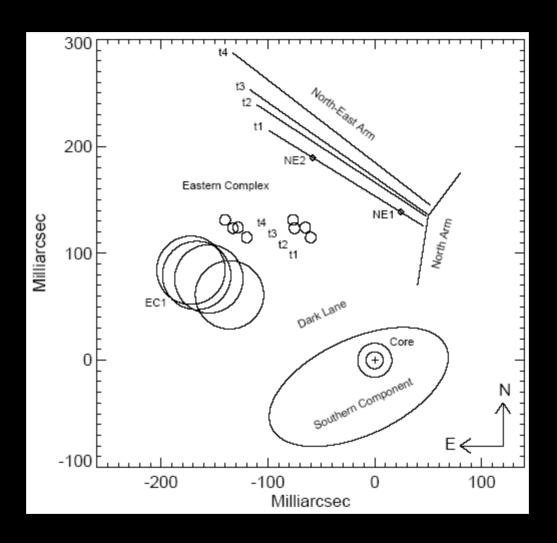
Jeffers et al. 2014

#### **Other Structures: Dust Lane**



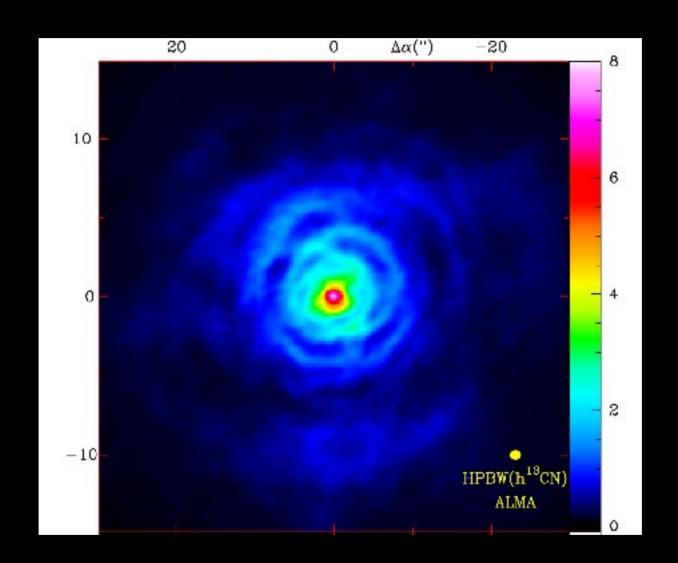
Jeffers et al. 2014

#### **Kinematics: Constrains**



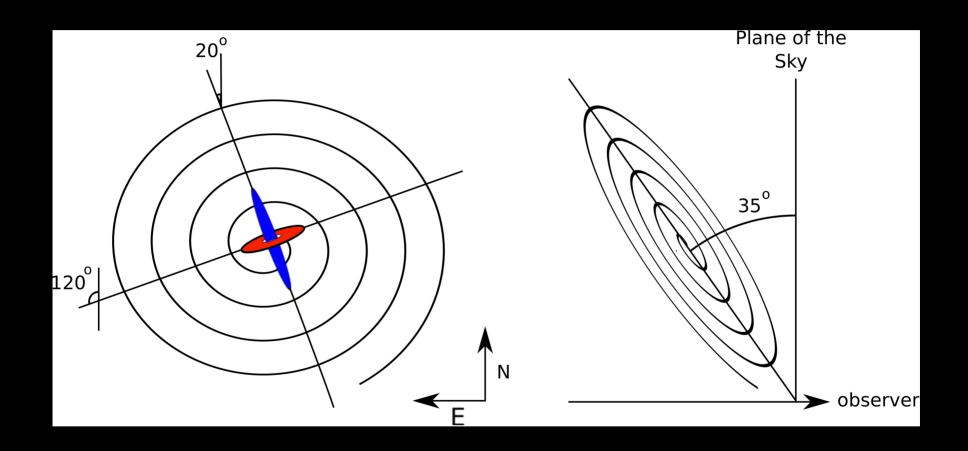
P.A. ~ 120°. Tuthill et al. 2000

#### **Kinematics: Constrains**

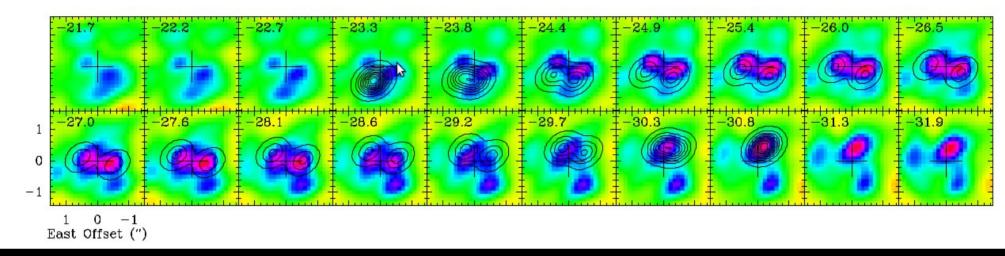


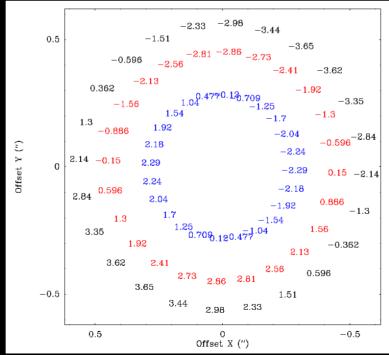
 $i \sim 35^{\circ}$ . Cernicharo et al. In prep

## **Global structure**



#### **A Salty Rotating Torus**





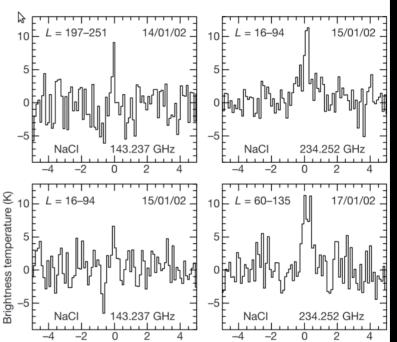
#### Why a Salt rich torus?

# Volcanically emitted sodium chloride as a source for lo's neutral clouds and plasma torus

E. Lellouch\*, G. Paubert†, J. I Moses‡, N. M. Schneider§ & D. F. Strobel||

\* Observatoire de Paris, F-92195 Meudon, France † Institut de Radio-Astronomie Millimétrique, E-18012 Granada, Spain ‡ Lunar and Planetary Institute, Houston, Texas 77058-1113, USA § LASP, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80309-0392, USA || The Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland 21218, USA

The atmosphere of Jupiter's satellite Io is extremely tenuous, time variable and spatially heterogeneous. Only a few molecules—SO<sub>2</sub>, SO and S<sub>2</sub>—have previously been identified as constituents of this atmosphere, and possible sources<sup>1-4</sup> include



letters to nature

Lellouch et al. 2003

# Prerequisites for explosive cryovolcanism on dwarf planet-class Kuiper belt objects

Neveu et al. 2015

M. Neveu a,\*, S.J. Desch a, E.L. Shock a,b, C.R. Glein C

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b Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, Arizona State University, Tempe, AZ 85287-1404, USA

Geophysical Laboratory, Carnegie Institution of Washington, 5251 Broad Branch Rd. NW, Washington, DC 20015, USA

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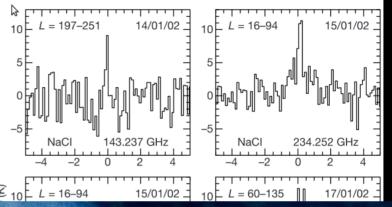
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#### Prerequisites for ex planet-class Kuiper

M. Neveu a,\*, S.J. Desch Neveu et al. 2015

#### letters to nature



Lellouch et al. 2003



School of Earth and Space Exploration, A.

b Department of Chemistry and Biochemist

Geophysical Laboratory, Carnegie Institut

#### **Conclusions**

- We found an elongation with a P.A.~ 76° visible in NaCl and KCl

No direct relation with any observed structure!

- A rotating torus:
  - Conciliate the dark lane & the spiral tilted 35°
  - Correlate with the 20° outflow
  - Already Inferred from IR and visible observations

Cycle 3