Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

David Sing



Challenges in UV Astronomy Garching 7 Oct 2013

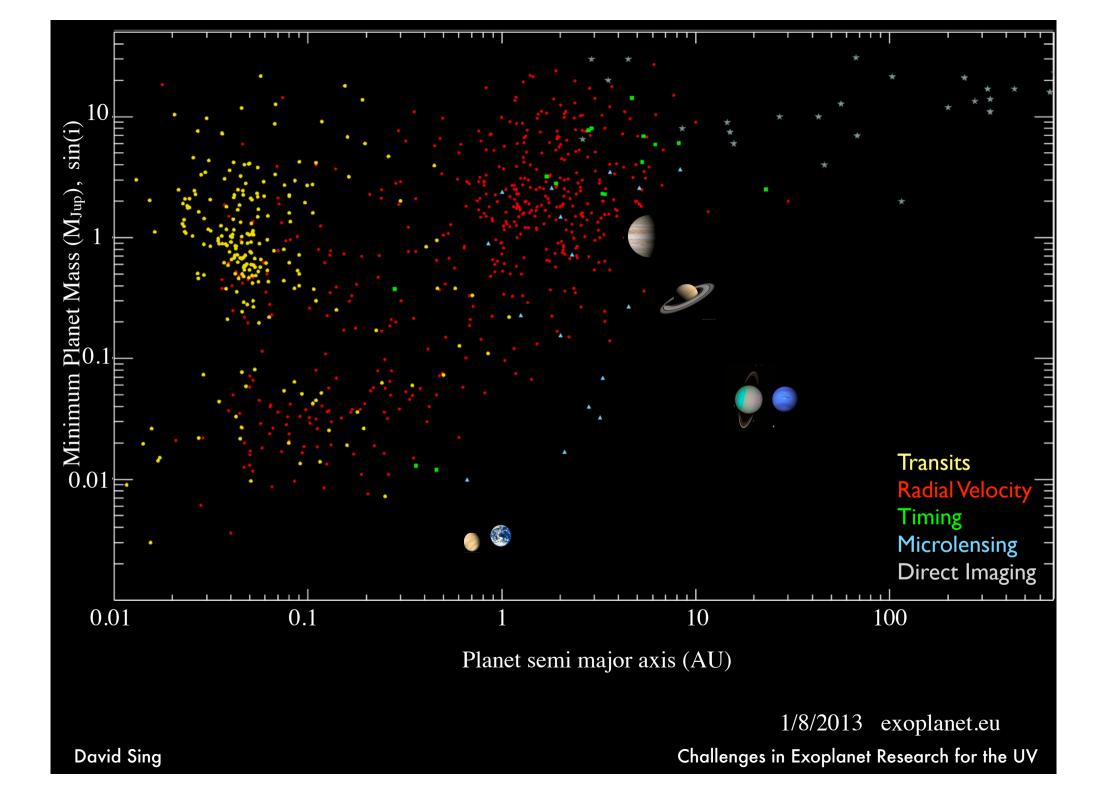


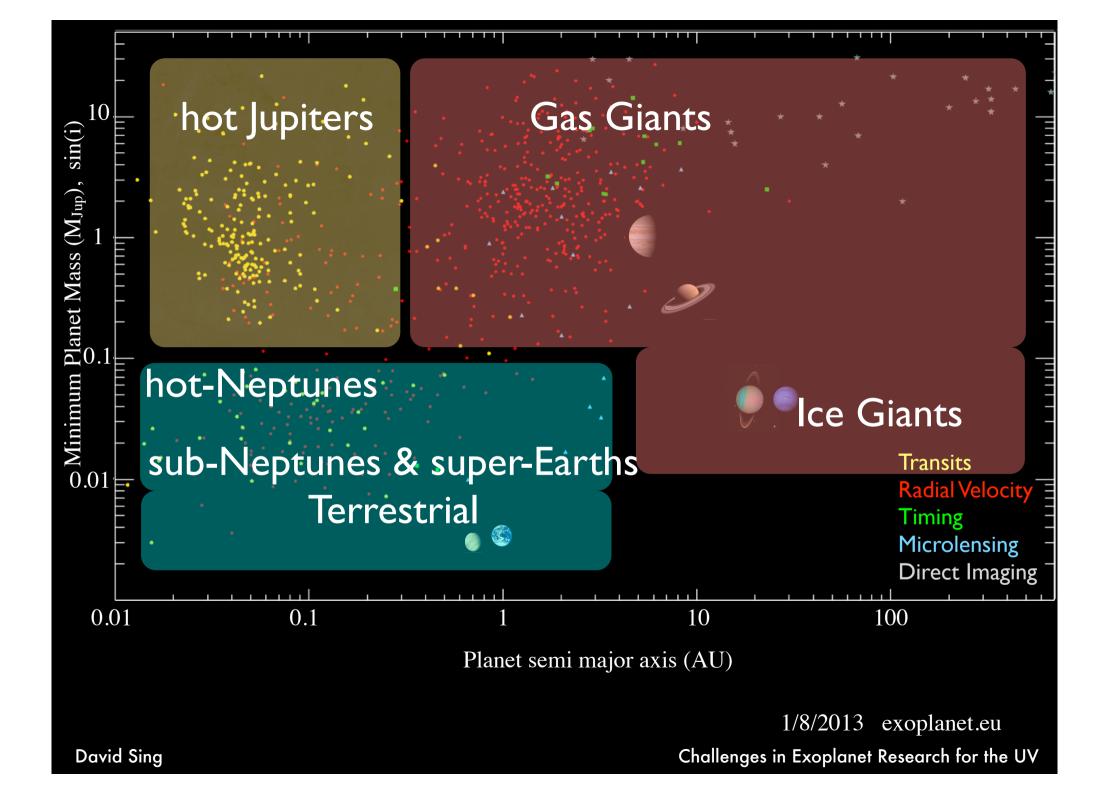
Collaborators

Catherine Huitson Alain Lecavelier des Etangs Alfred Vidal-Madjar V. Bourrier Gilda Ballester Jean-Michel Desert D. Ehrenreich Exeter, UK / U of Colorado IAP, France IAP, France U of Arizona U of Colorado Geneva, Switzerland

Outline

- Exoplanet Overview
- Exoplanet Results
 - Escaping Atmospheres
 - Hot Jupiters
- Future Science
 - Escape Mechanism
 - Smaller Planets





Exoplanet Transit Spectra

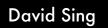


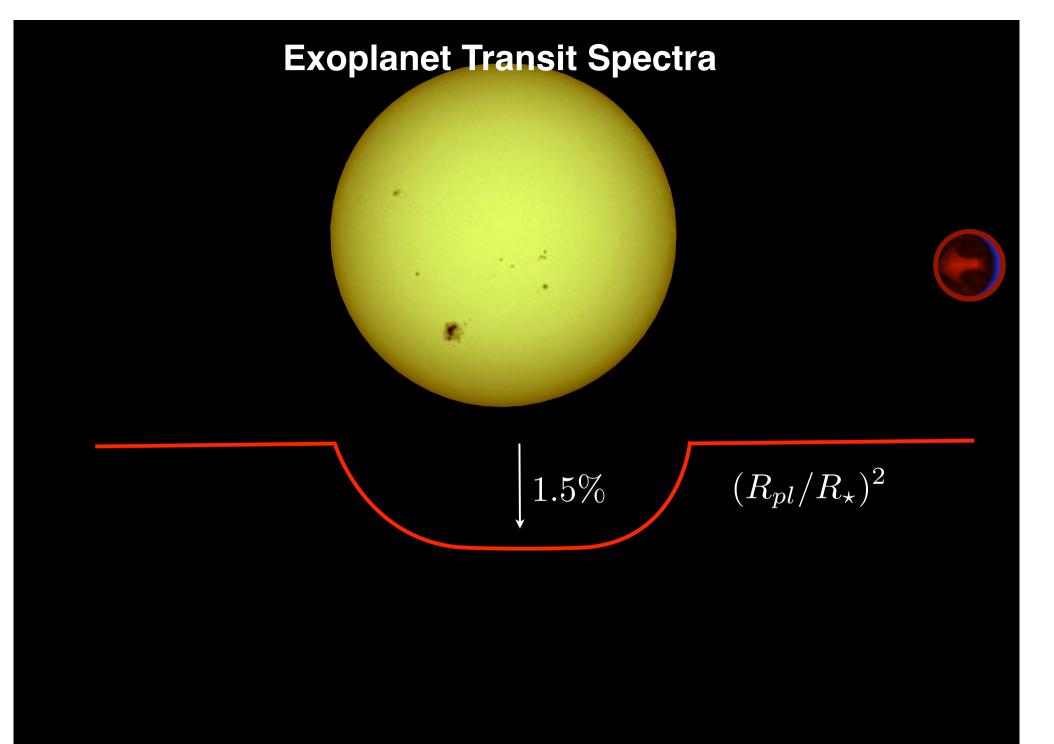




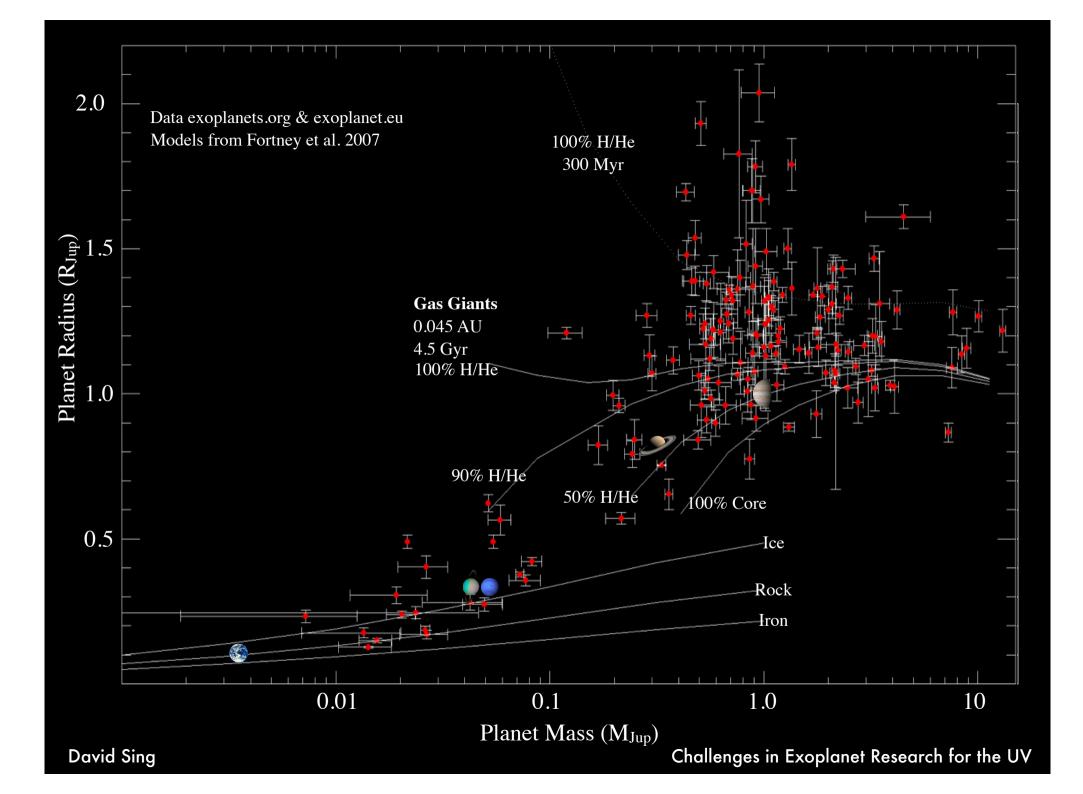
Exoplanet Transit Spectra



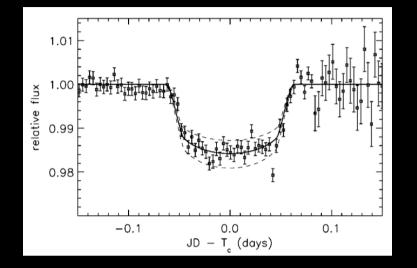




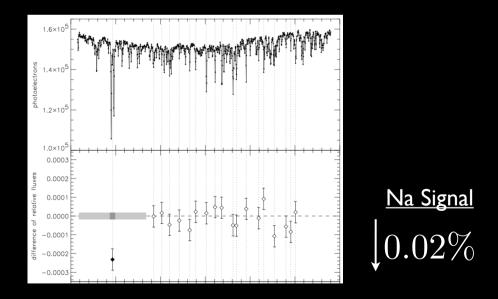
David Sing



Transiting Planets



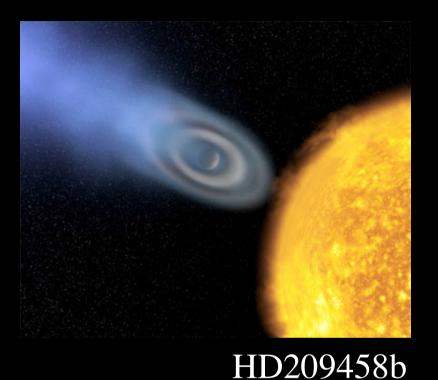
First Transiting Planet: Charbonneau et al. (2000)

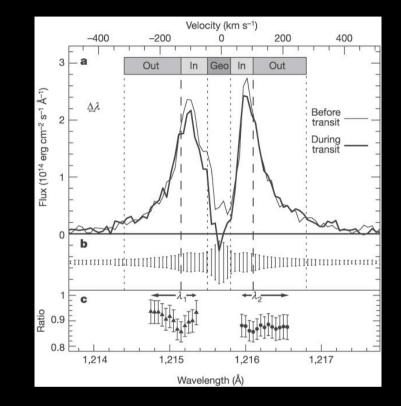


Detection of Atmospheric Na: Charbonneau et al. (2002)

Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

HD209458b

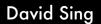




- A. Vidal-Madjar et al. (2003)
- extended hydrogen exosphere
- high velocities
- escaping atmosphere? Tail? (Ben-Jaffel 2008; Vidal-Madjar 2008)

Exoplanet Transit Spectra

1.5%

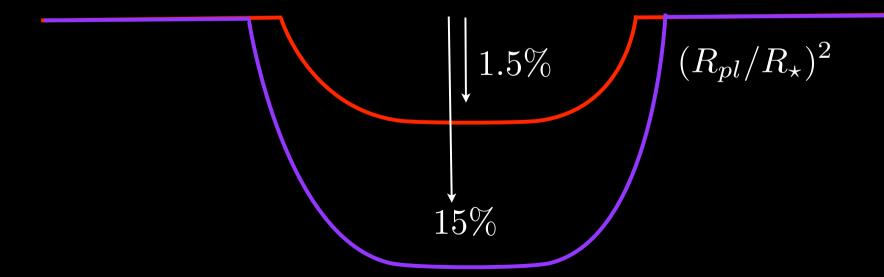


Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

 $(R_{pl}/R_{\star})^2$

Exoplanet Transit Spectra

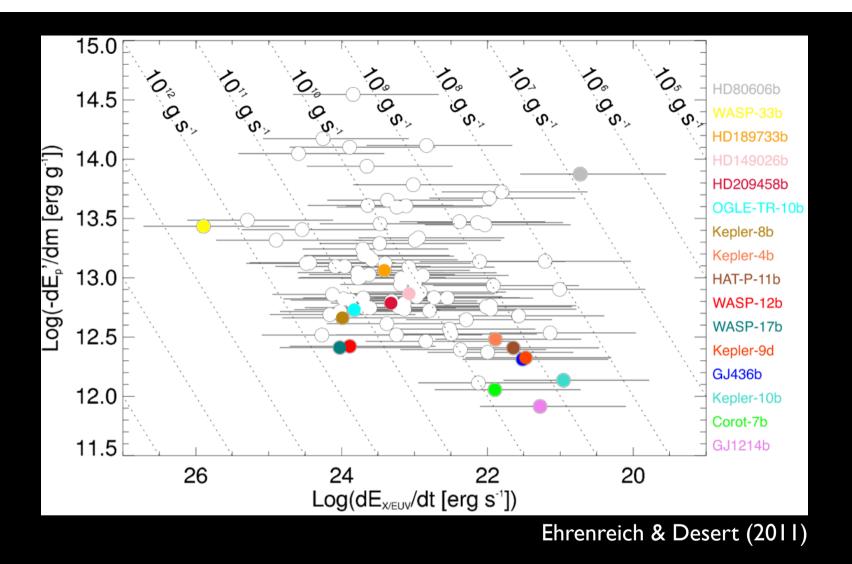




Extended Atmospheres: Interpretation

EUV & X-ray heating

- Jeans Escape
- Hydrodynamic 'Blow-Off' Yelle (2004), Garcia Munoz (2007), Koskinen (2012)...
- Charge exchange Holmstrom et al (2008)



Order of Magnitude: Energy limited Mass Loss, Lecavelier et al (2007)

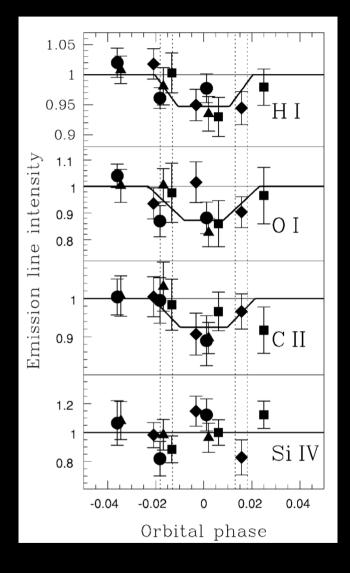
PdV. Compare Gravitational Energy to Stellar Flux (X-Ray & EUV)

Heating efficiency "fudge factor"

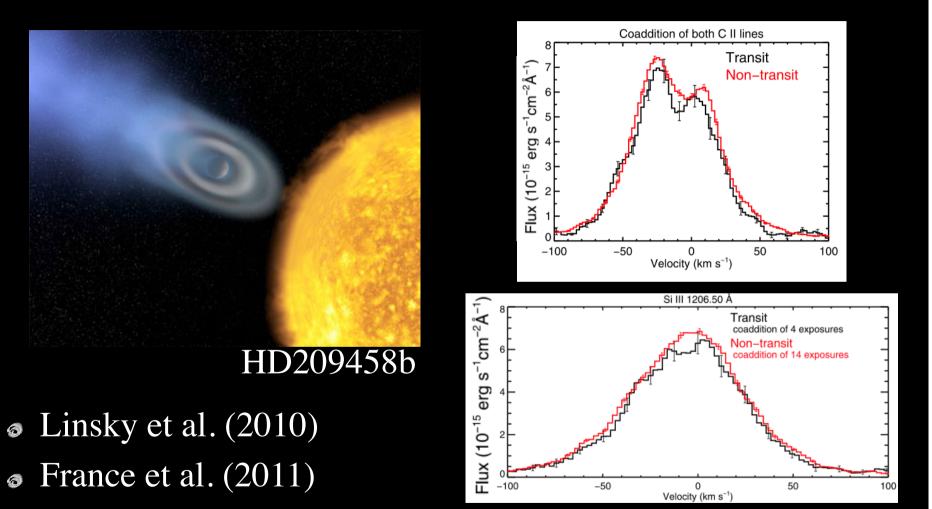
HD209458b



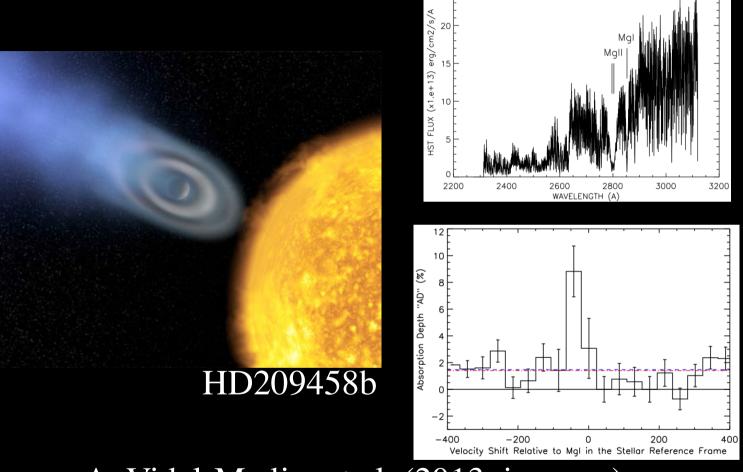
A. Vidal-Madjar et al. (2004)
extended O I, C II exosphere



HD209458b



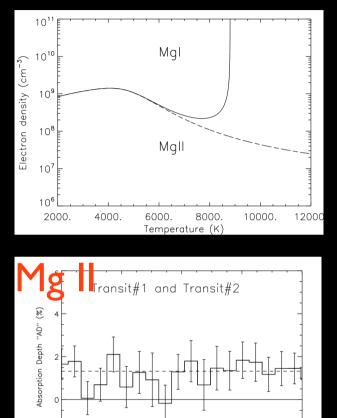
HD209458b - Mg

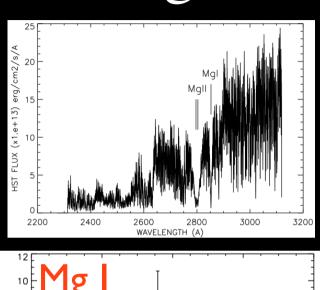


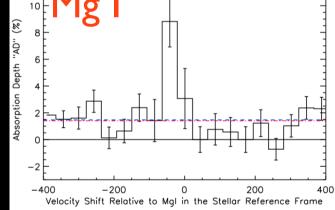
- A. Vidal-Madjar et al. (2013, in press)
- extended Mg I
- Hydrodynamic 'blow off'

David Sing

HD209458b - Mg







Mg I but no Mg IIVidal-Madjar et al. (2013, in press)electron density > $10^8 - 10^9$ /cm³T< 9000 K</td>7.8 Rp ; $3x10^7$ g/s; ~solar abund

400

David Sing

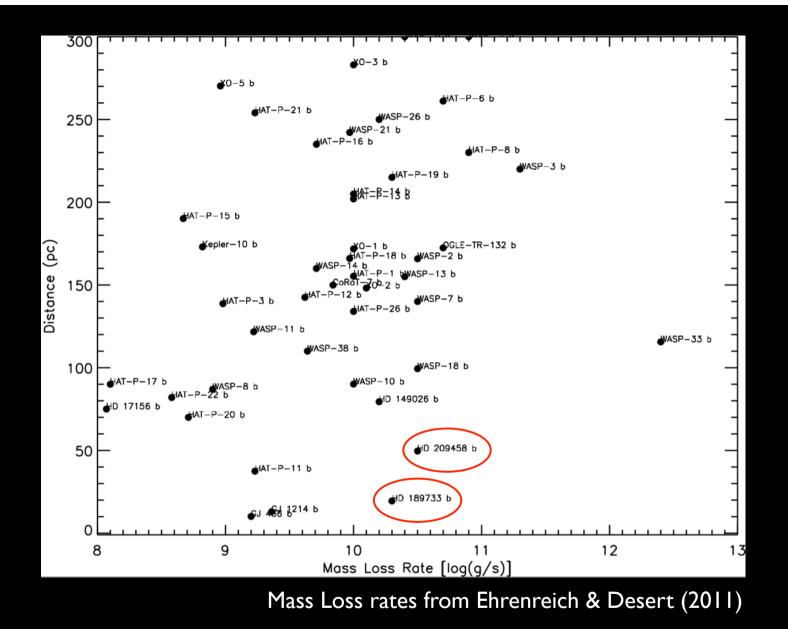
-400

-200

0

Average of Mgh and Mgk in the stellar reference frame (km/s)

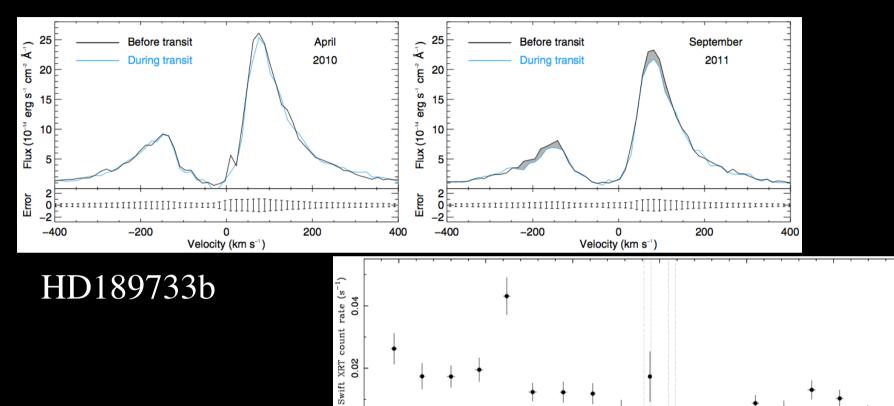
200



Only Nearby systems are UV detectable

David Sing

HD189733b - variability



Lecavelier et al. (2010, 2012)

-15

-10

-5

0

Time (hours)

0

- H I; 14.4±3.6% depth
- Variability

David Sing

Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

5

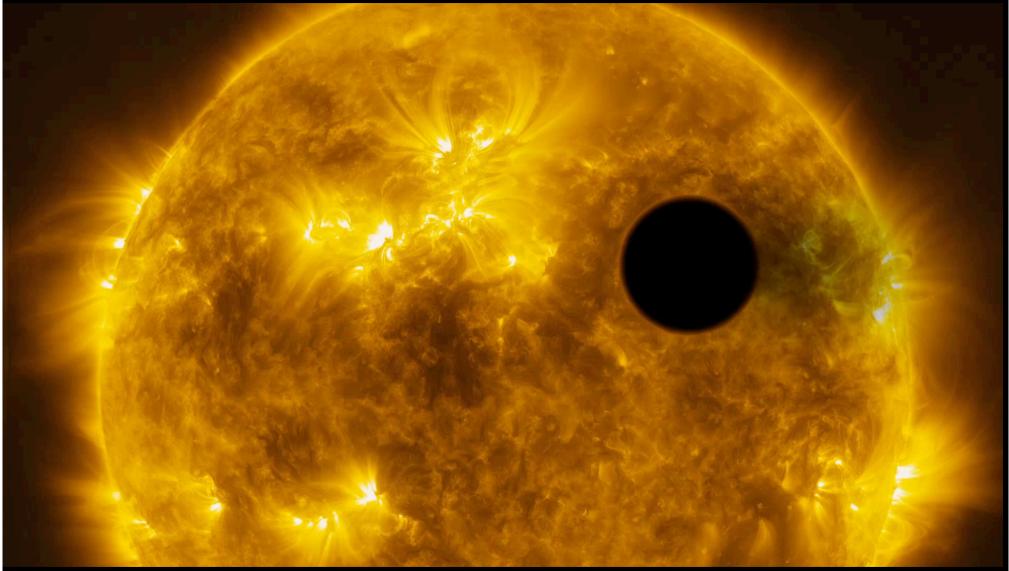
10

HD189733b

Lecavelier et al. (2012)

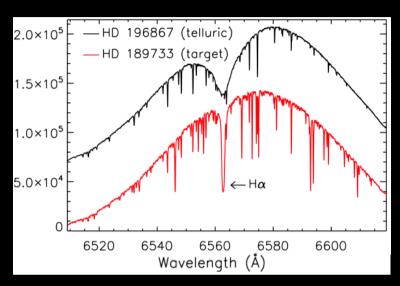
Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

HD189733b



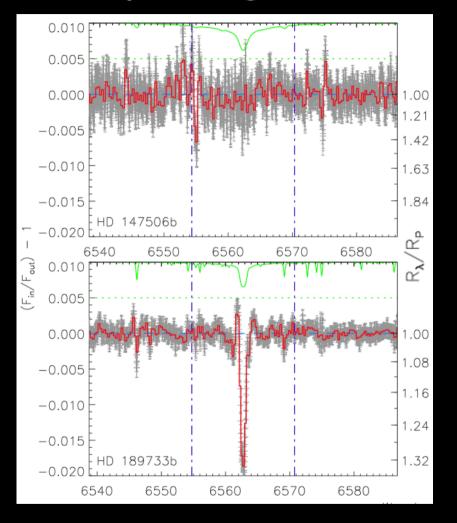
Lecavelier et al. (2012)

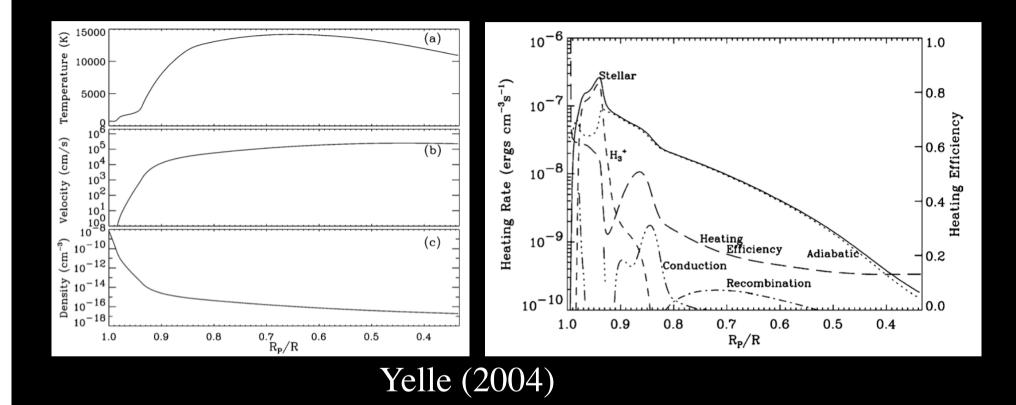
Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV



high resolution difference in line shape in/out of transit

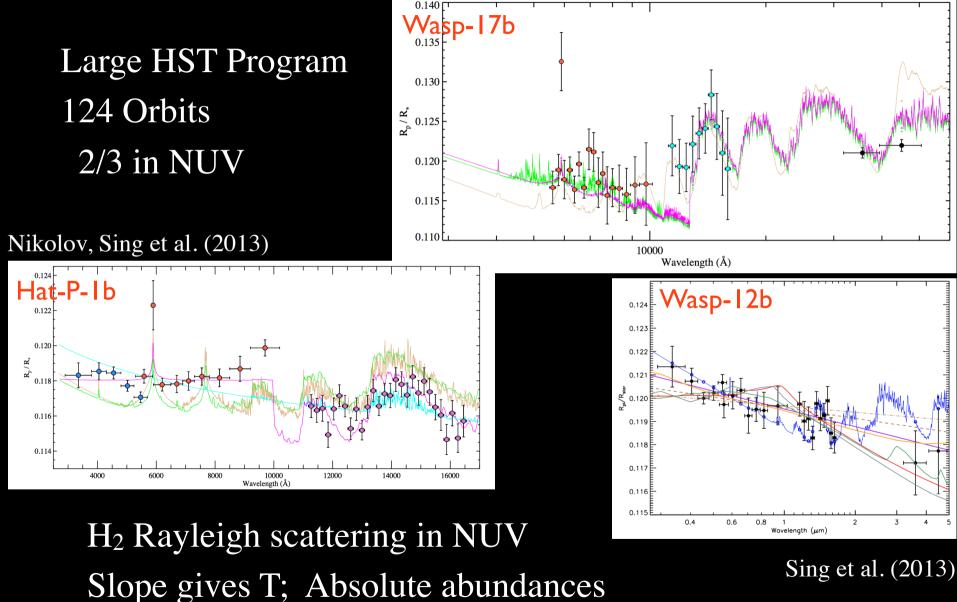
- Jensen et al. (2011)
- \bullet H_{α}
- Hydrodynamic 'blow off'





Balmer --> hot temperatures

NUV - absolute abundances



Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

Wasp-12b

- Metals, Mg II
- Early ingress?
- Possible Shocks

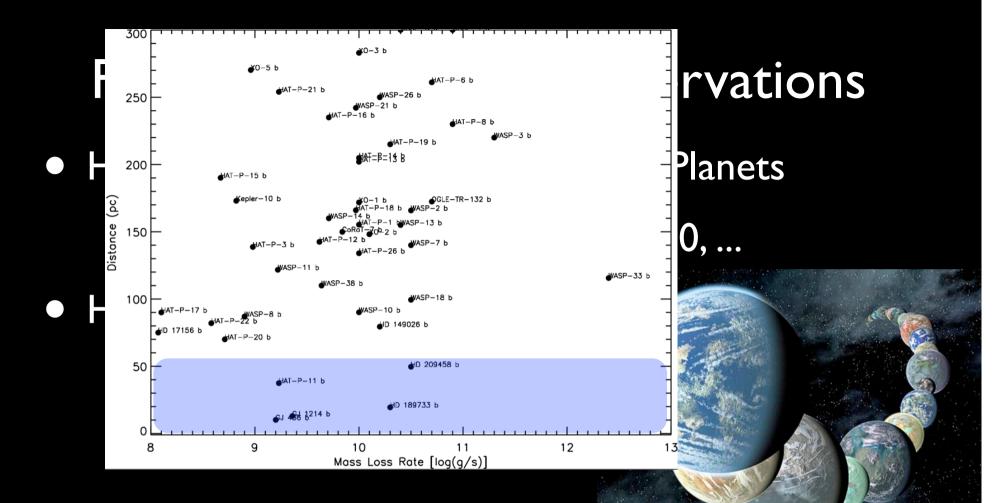


Future Space Based Observations

- HUGE interest in Bright Transiting Planets
 - Tess, NGTS, Mascara, PLATO 2.0, ...
- Huge interest in Mdwarfs
 - Mearth, WTS...



- Lots of upcoming NEARBY & SMALL exoplanets
- Very Large potential for UV followup



- Lots of upcoming NEARBY & SMALL exoplanets
- Very Large potential for UV followup

Future Space Based Observations

- HUGE interest in Bright Transiting Planets
 - Tess, NGTS, Mascara, PLATO 2.0, ...
- Huge interest in Mdwarfs
 - Mearth, WTS...



- Lots of upcoming NEARBY & SMALL exoplanets
- Very Large potential for UV followup

Future Exoplanet Observations

Even after 10+ years...

All Exoplanet Atmospheric detections have been with instruments NOT designed for the purpose

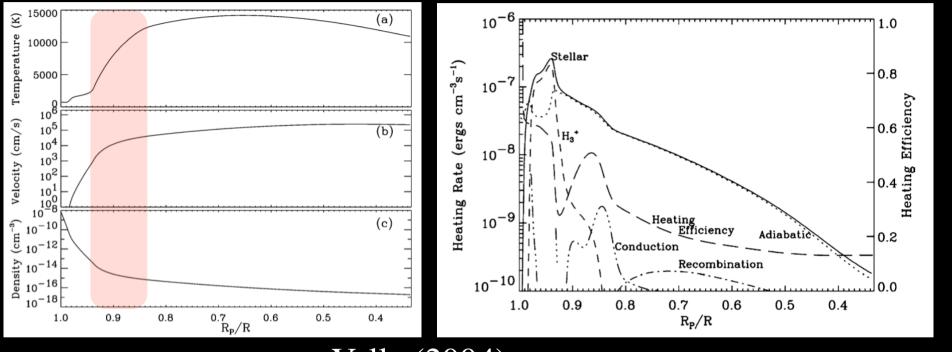
Thinking ahead can help optimise instruments and software

Future Ground Based Observations

- Ballmer Series Detections
 - Temperature Structure
 - Escape Mechanism
- Metals in Lower & Upper Atmo.

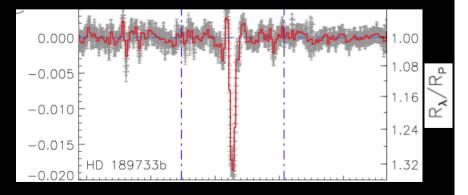
 Very Large Apertures gives access to most exoplanets known

Constrain Atmospheric Escape

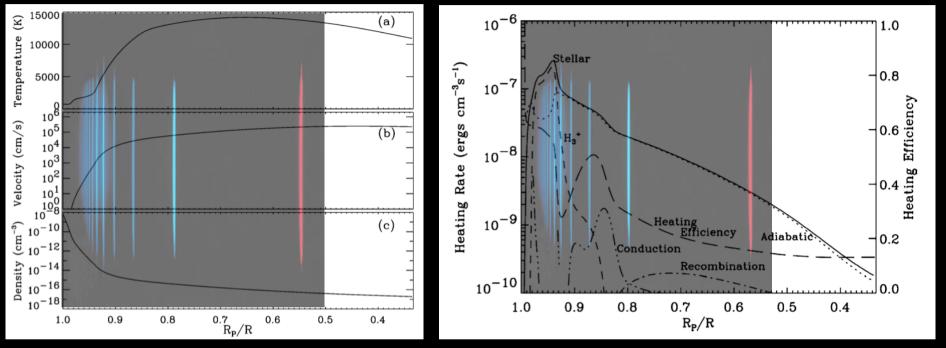


Yelle (2004)

Study the STRUCTURE of atmospheric escape

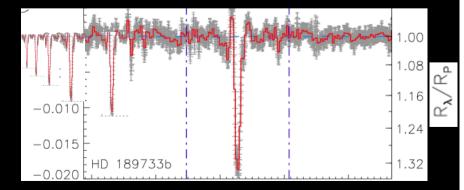


Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

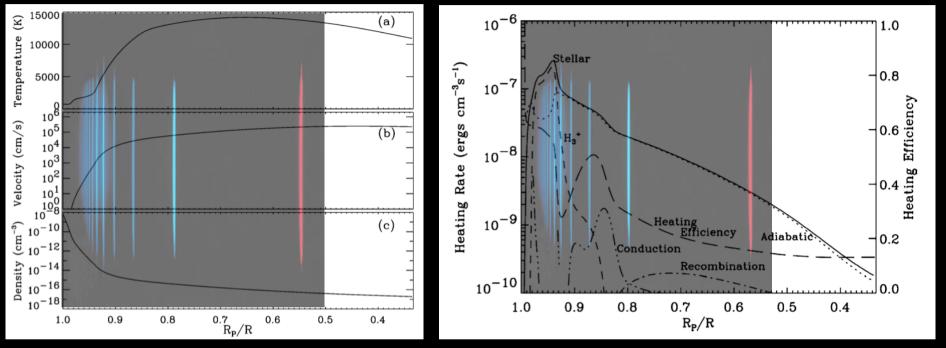


Yelle (2004)

Study the STRUCTURE of atmospheric escape

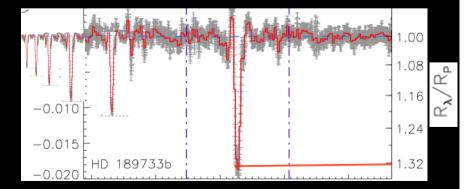


Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

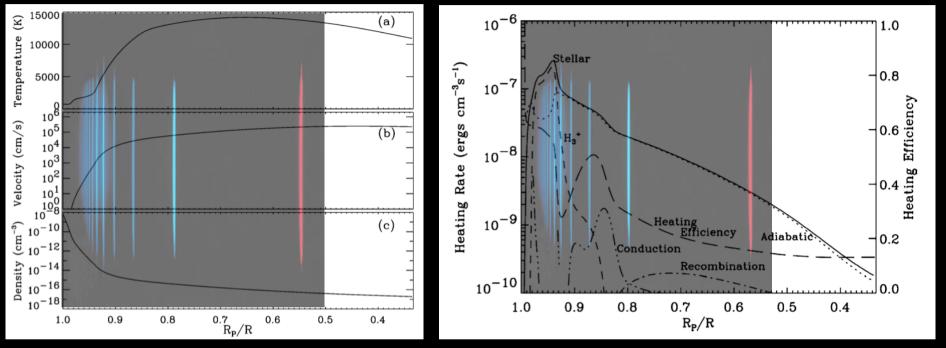


Yelle (2004)

Study the STRUCTURE of atmospheric escape

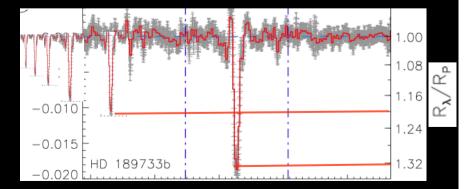


Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

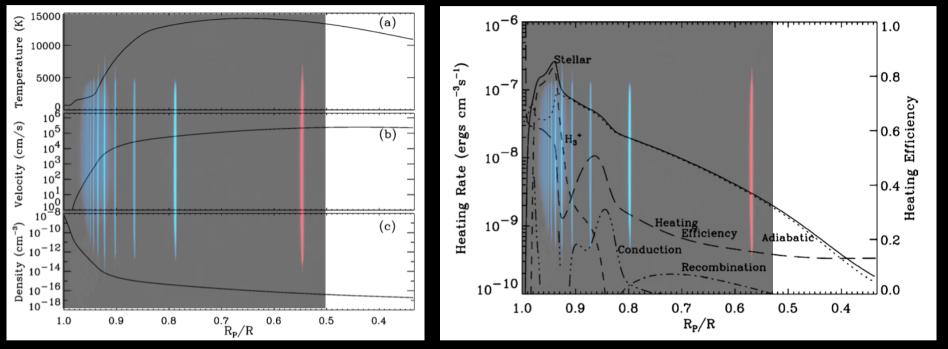


Yelle (2004)

Study the STRUCTURE of atmospheric escape

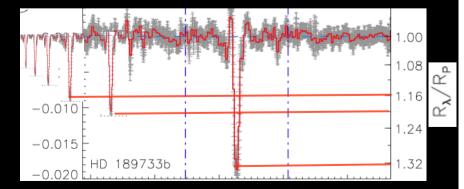


Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

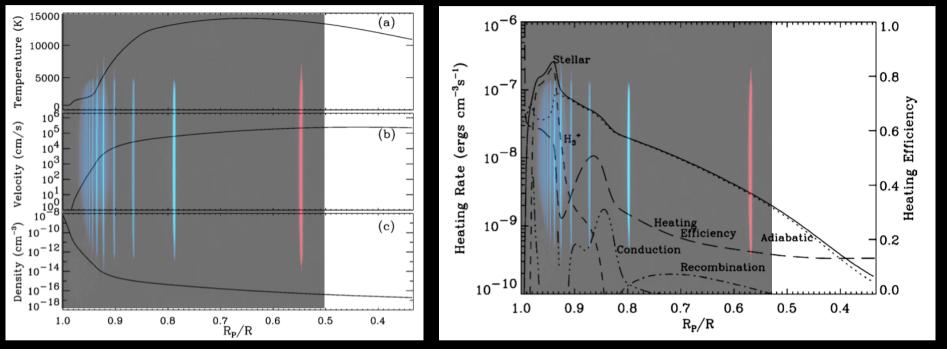


Yelle (2004)

Study the STRUCTURE of atmospheric escape

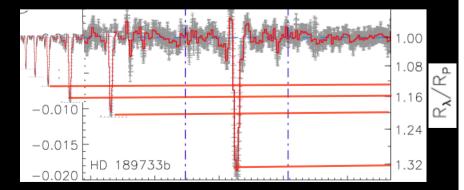


Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

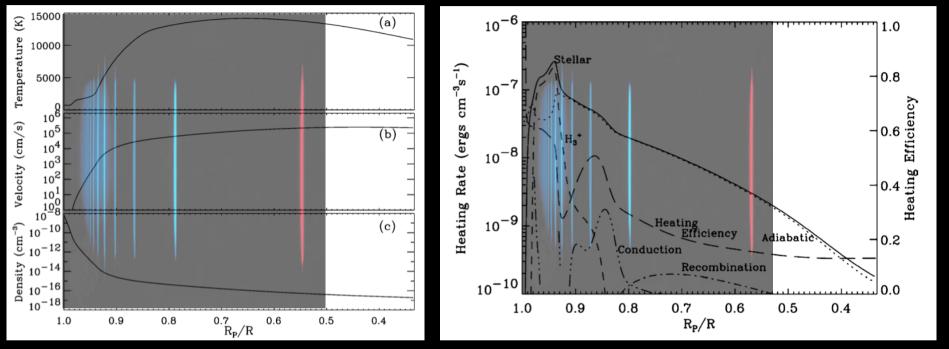


Yelle (2004)

Study the STRUCTURE of atmospheric escape

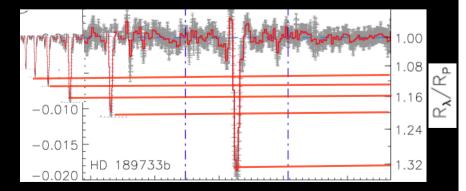


Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

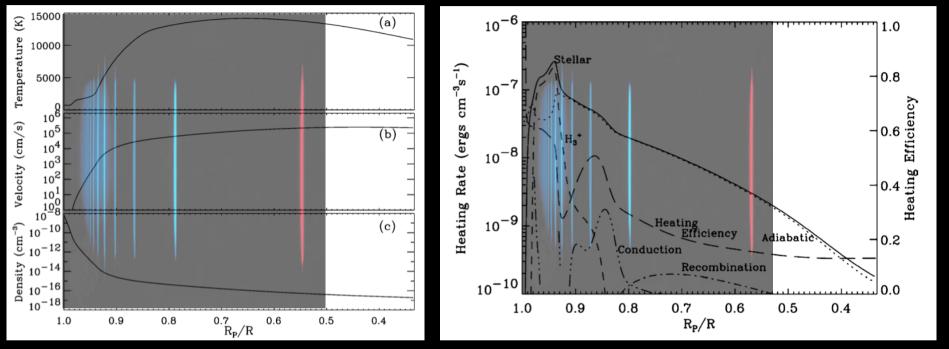


Yelle (2004)

Study the STRUCTURE of atmospheric escape

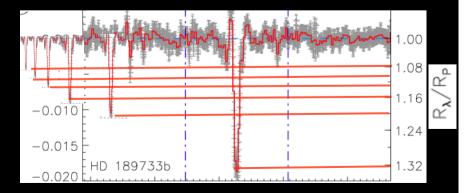


Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV



Yelle (2004)

Study the STRUCTURE of atmospheric escape



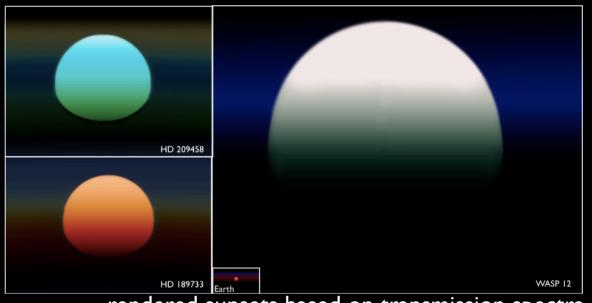
Challenges in Exoplanet Research for the UV

Future Ground Based Observations

• UV constrains atmo escape close in planets

- Lots of BRIGHT transits to come super-Earths & Neptunes
- Constrain Escape mechanism with multiple species & ionisation states

Job add



rendered sunsets based on transmission spectra

2 ERC funded postdocs at Exeter (5 yrs each)

- observer

- theorist/modeller

AAS job register add out Now



