

Far-UV spectroscopy of white dwarfs

M.A. Barstow

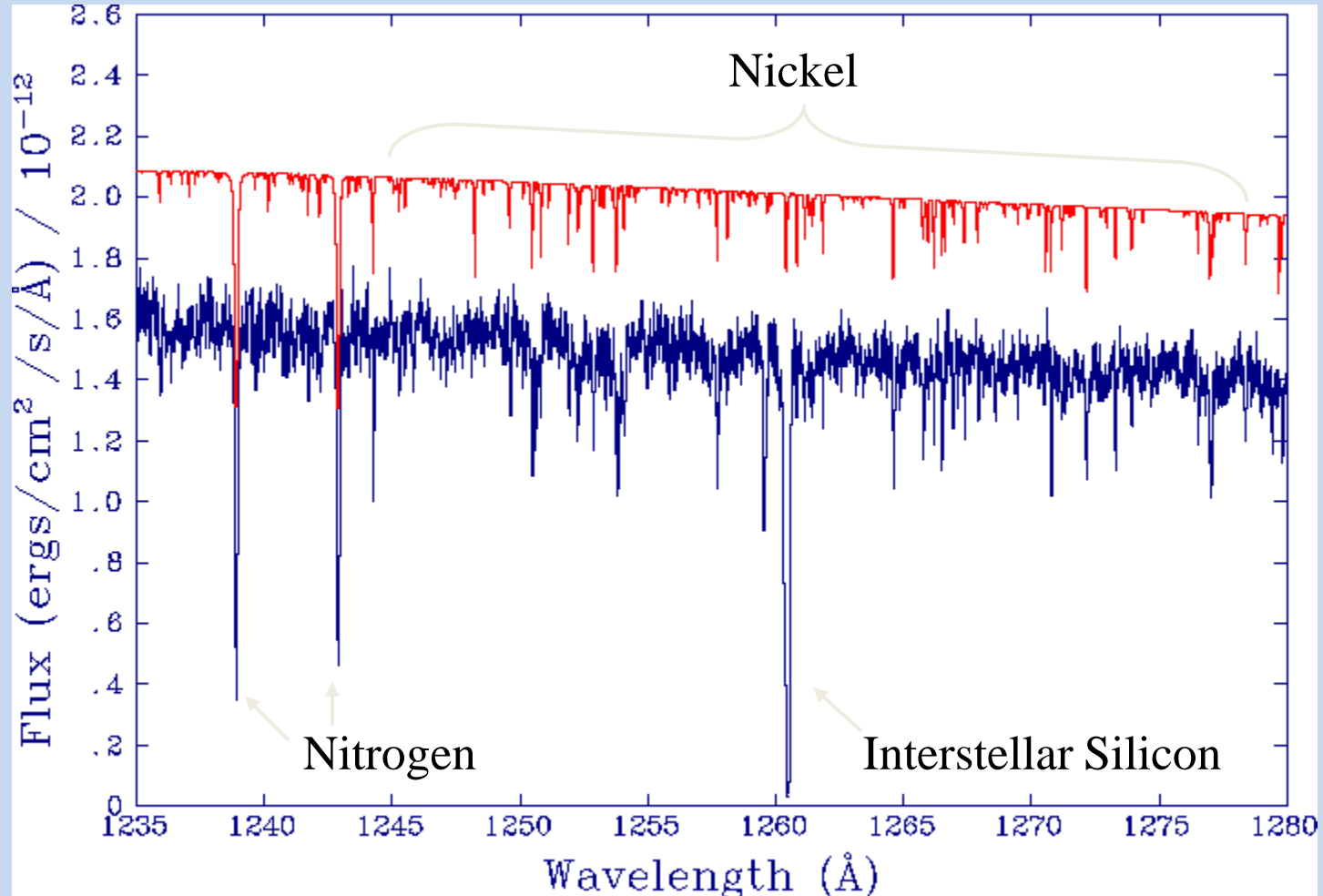
(collaborators: J. Barrow, J. Barstow, J. Berengut, S. Casewell, V. Flambaum, J. Holberg, I. Hubeny, A. Ong, S. Preval, J. Webb)

Introduction

- Hot white dwarfs contain significant quantities of metals, including Fe and Ni
- The far-UV is the best (only) spectral range for their study
- High resolution, S/N HST/STIS studies of the fine structure constant
- A large FUSE survey of photospheric abundances

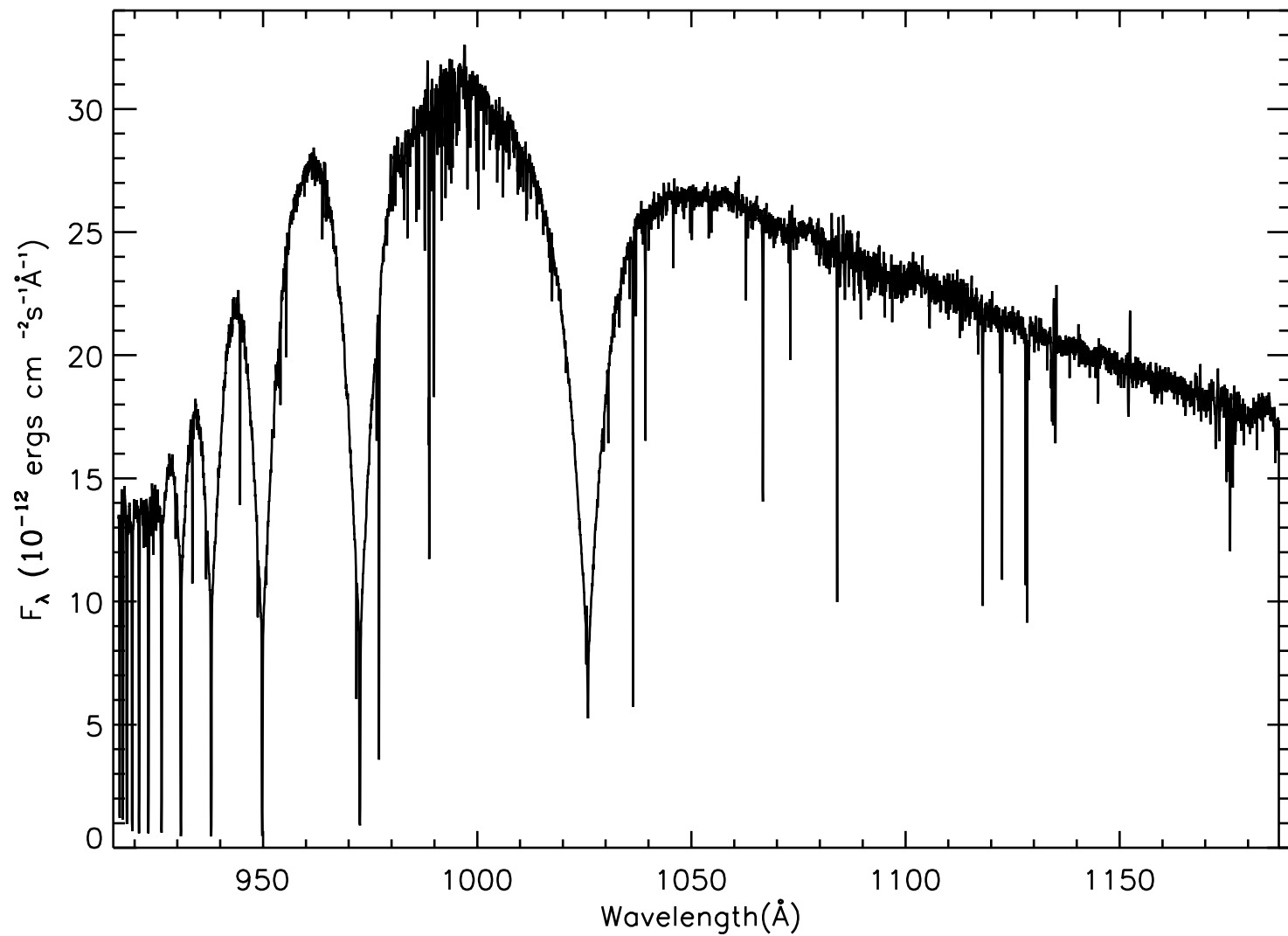


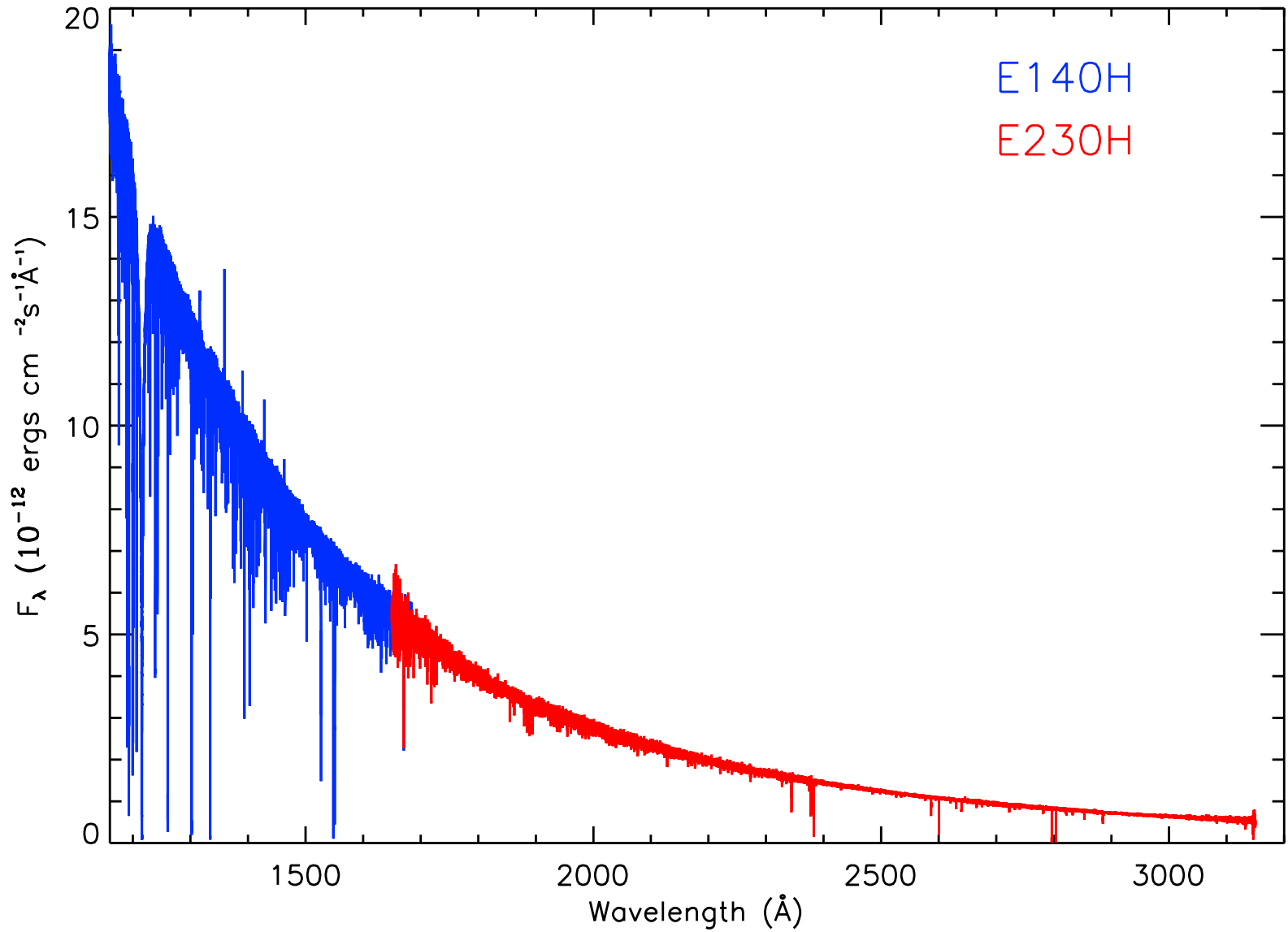
A typical hot H-rich white dwarf

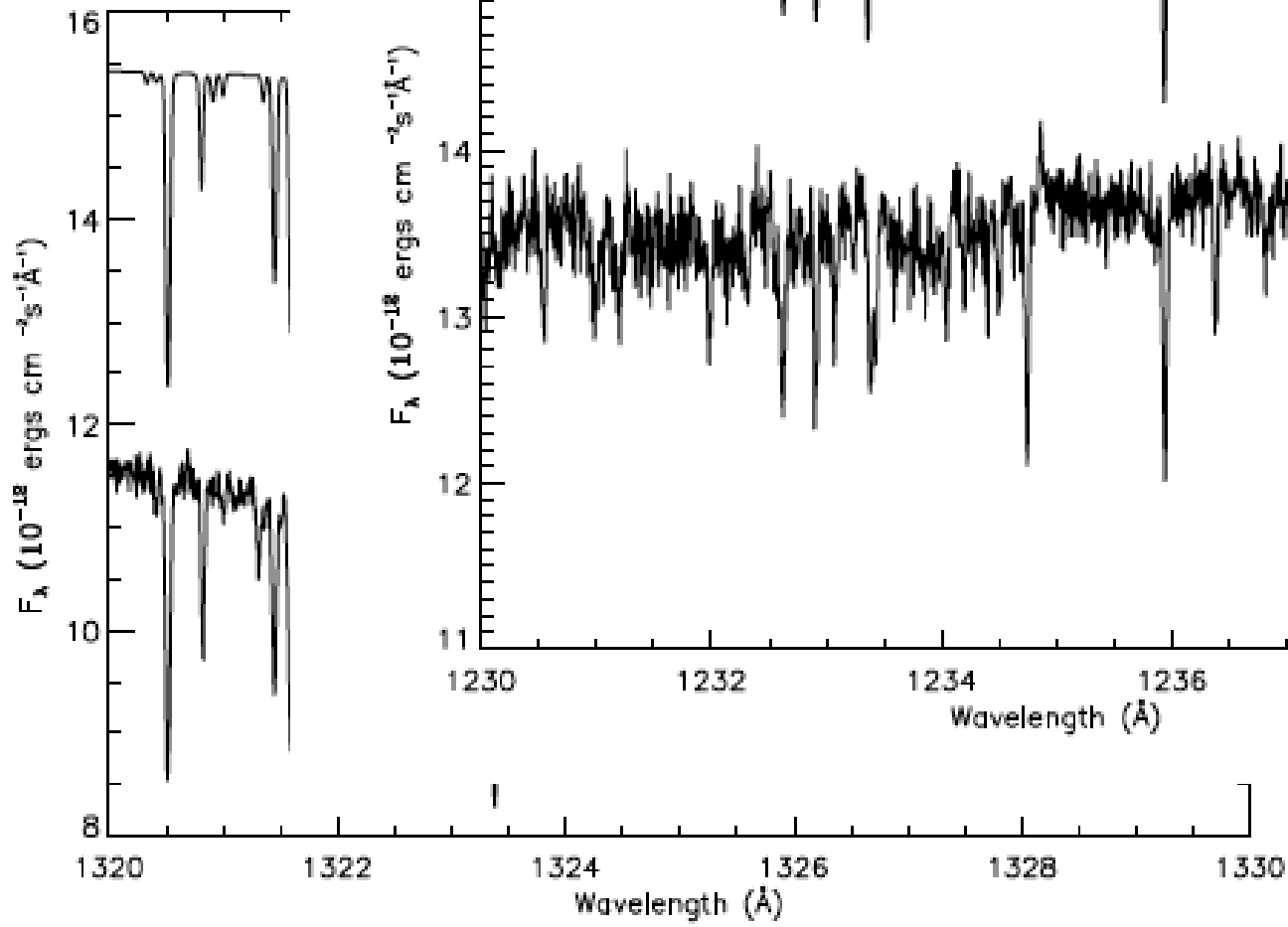


G191-B2B (H-rich DA)

- Best-studied DA with S/N~50-100
 - Preval et al. 2013, MNRAS, in press
- $T_{\text{eff}} = 52,500 \pm 900\text{K}$, $\log g = 7.53 \pm 0.09$
- Rich (for a white dwarf) in metals - C, N, O, Al, Si, P, S, Fe, Ni, Ge
- ~950 lines present in FUSE & HST/STIS spectra

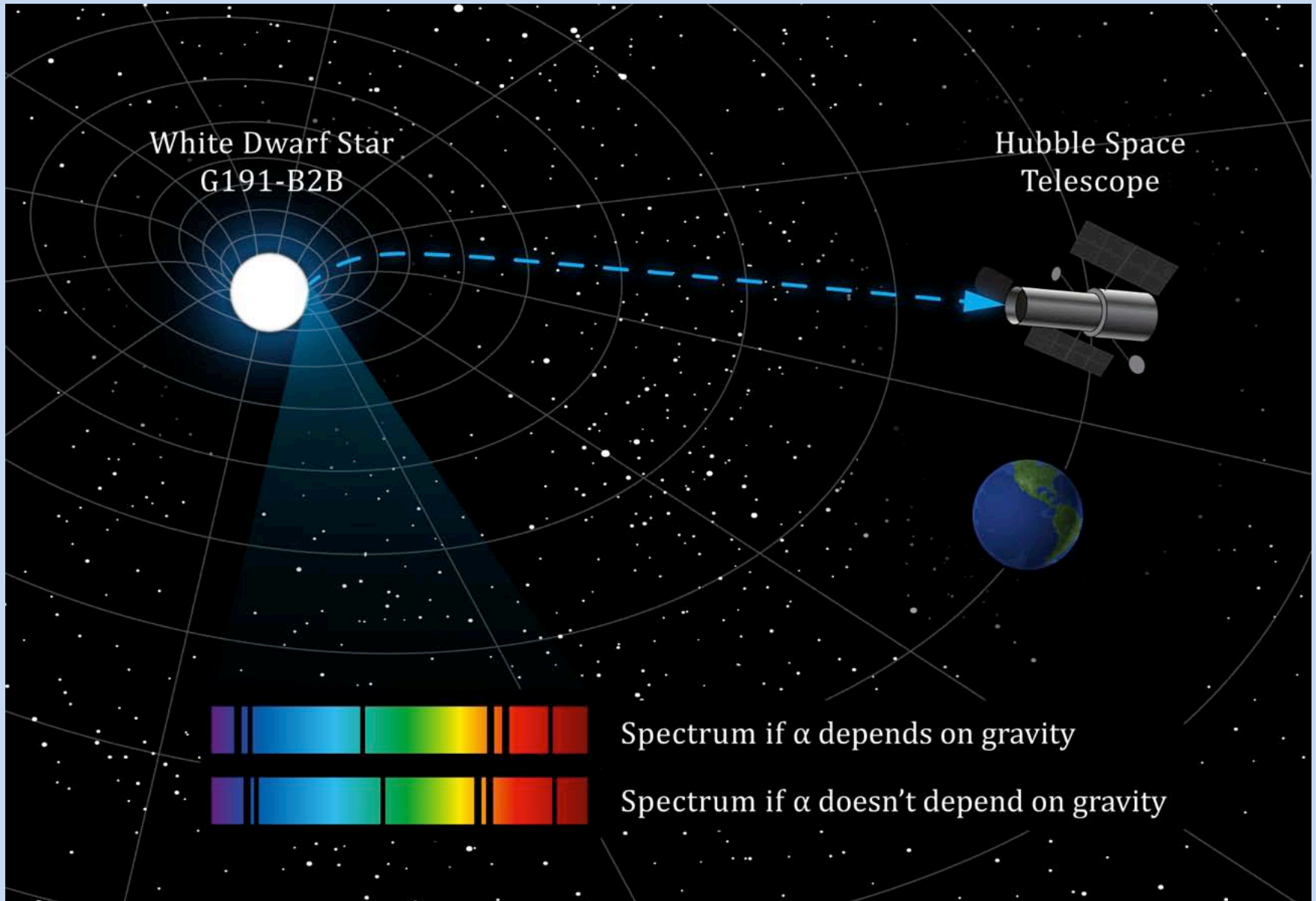


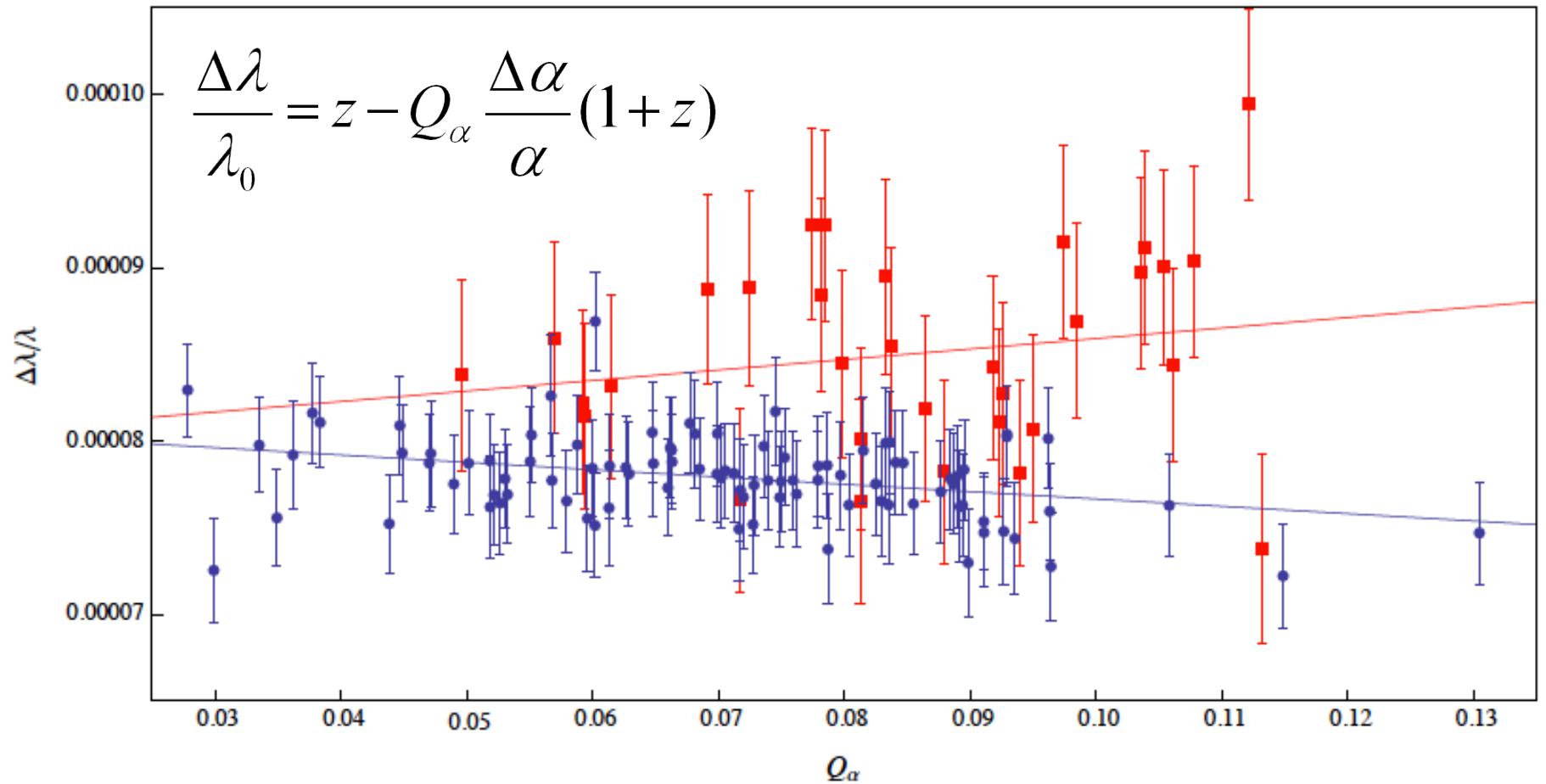




Fine structure constant (α) variation

- Coupling constant characterising strength of the electromagnetic interaction
- High gravitational field of white dwarf results in very small (but potentially detectable) shift in wavelength
- Effect larger for high Z atoms (i.e. Fe, Ni!)





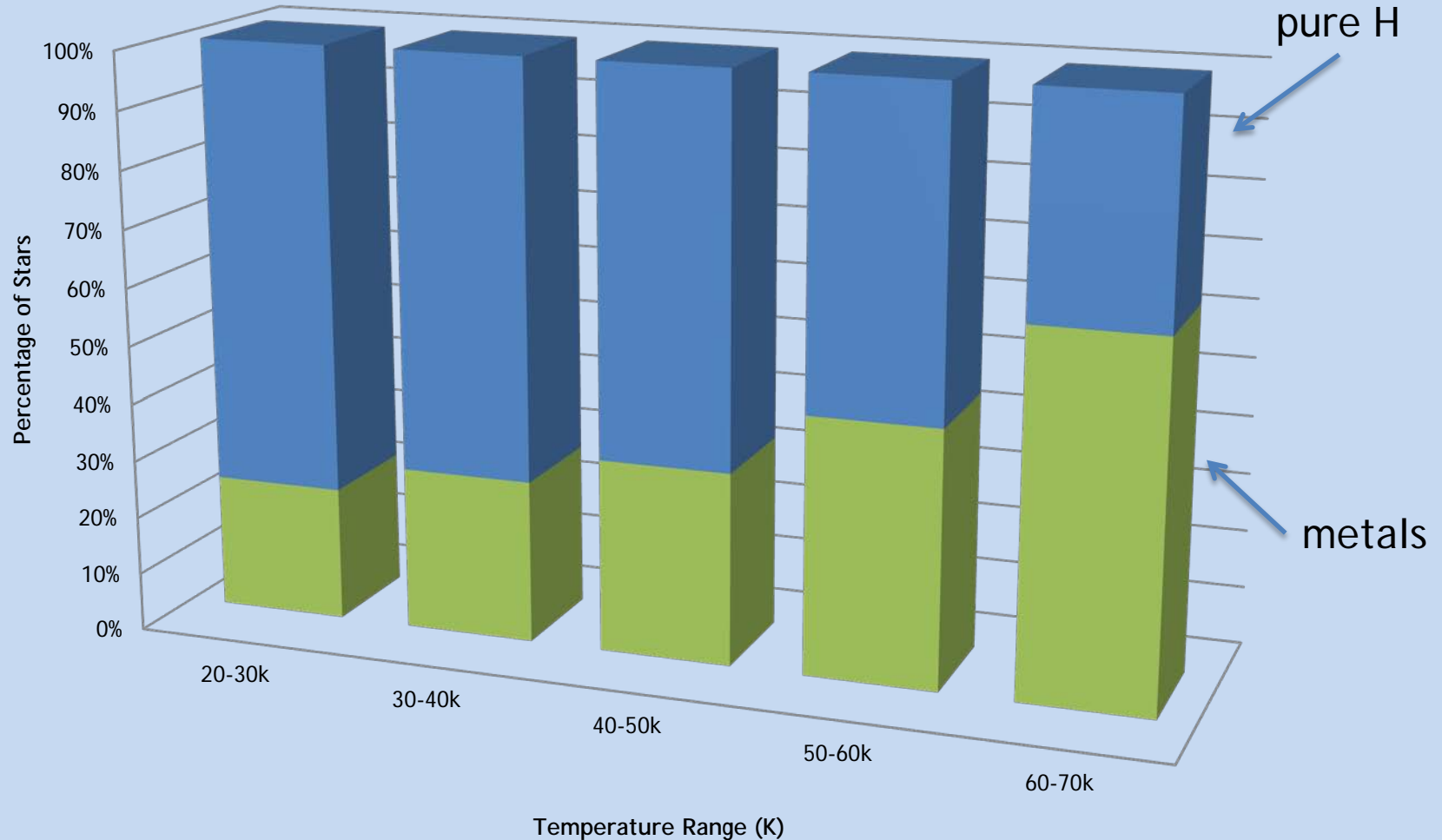
$$\frac{\Delta\alpha}{\alpha}_{\text{Fe}} = (4.2 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-5}$$

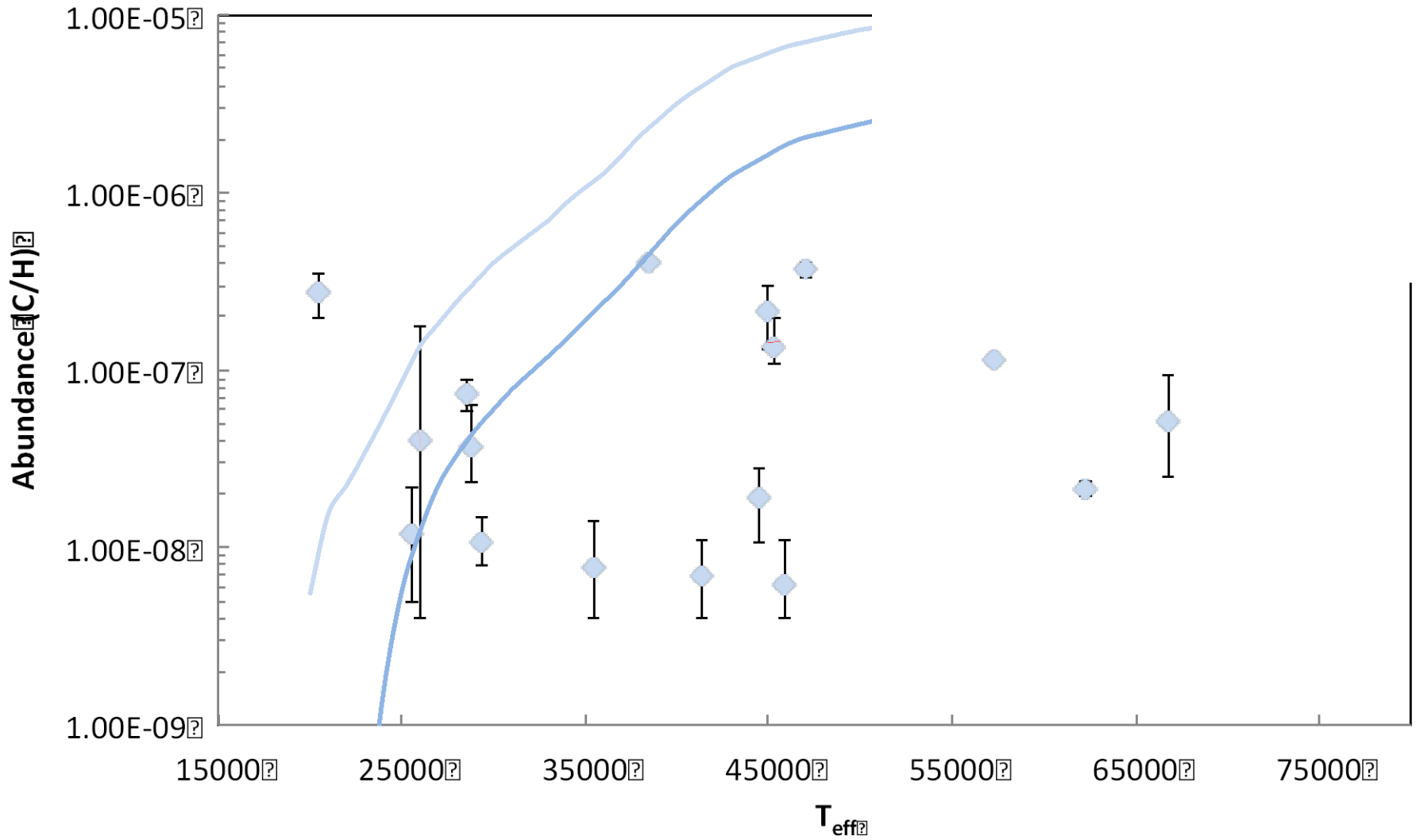
$$\frac{\Delta\alpha}{\alpha}_{\text{Ni}} = (-6.1 \pm 5.8) \times 10^{-5}$$

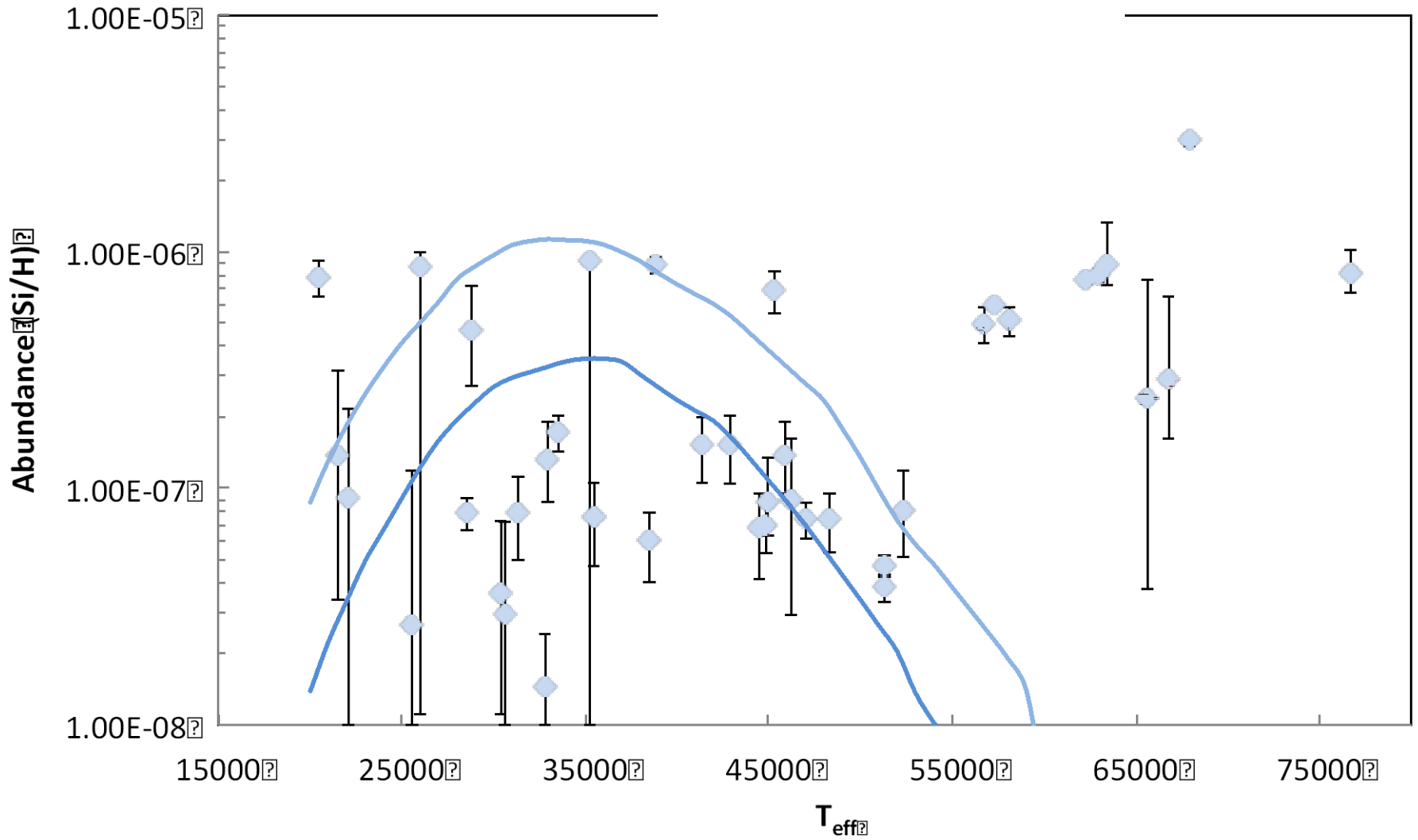
Blue Circles: Fe V
Red Squares: Ni V

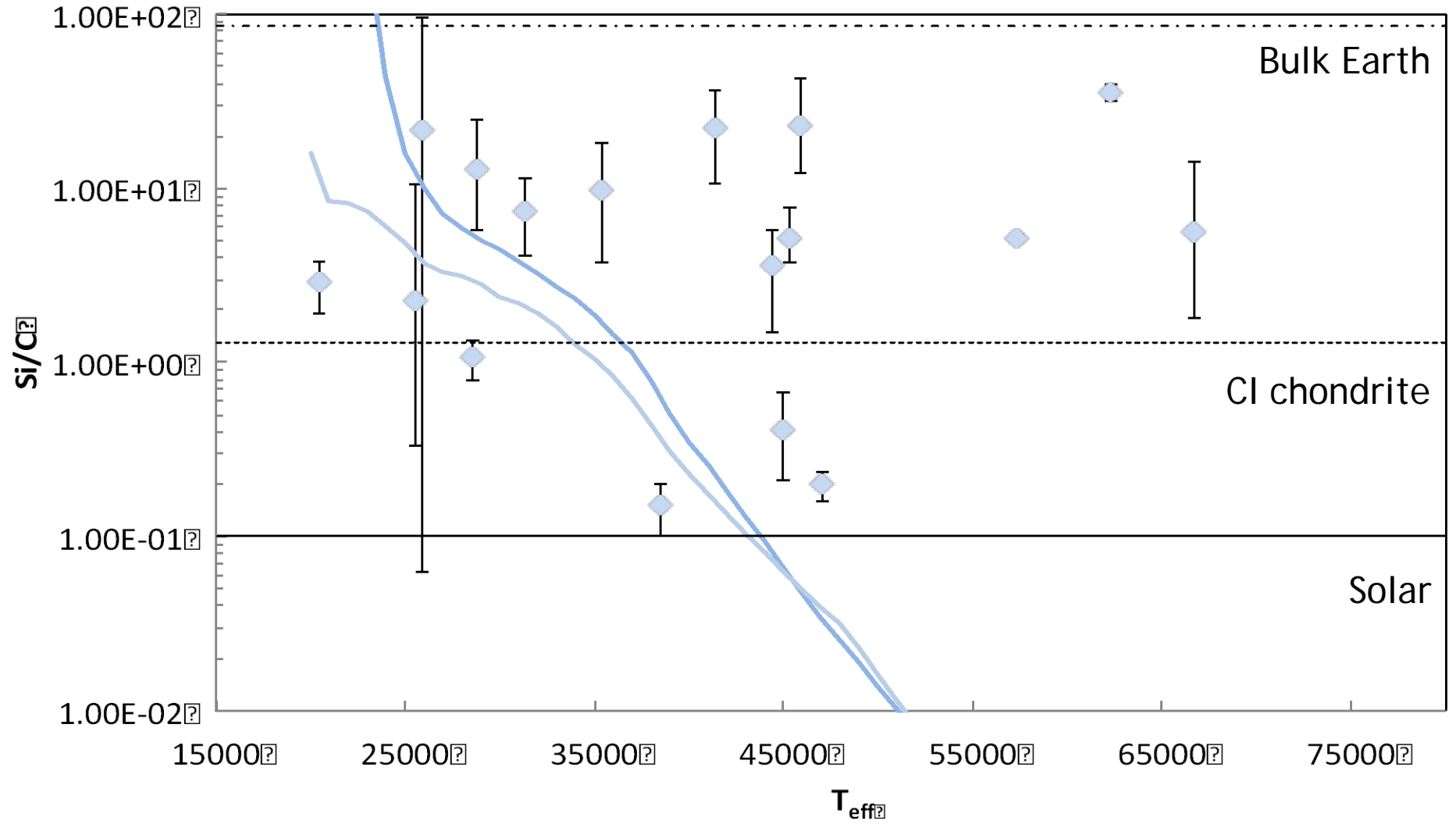
WD1057+719	39555	0	0	0	0	WD2350-706	69300	0	0	0	0
WD2111+498	38866	0	0	0	0	WD1056+516	68640	0	0	0	0
WD1611-084	38500	0	0	0	0	WD2146-433	67912	0	0	0	0
WD1254+223	38205	0	0	0	0	WD1342+442	66750	0	0	0	0
WD1615-154	38205	0	0	0	0	WD2211-495	65600	0	0	0	0
WD2257-073	38010	0	0	0	0	WD0229-481	63400	0	0	0	0
WD1648+407	37850	0	0	0	0	WD0232+035	62947	0	0	0	0
WD1845+683	36888	0	0	0	0	WD0621-376	62280	0	0	0	0
WD1109-225	36750	0	0	0	0	WD1711+668	60900	0	0	0	0
WD1603+432	36257	0	0	0	0	WD0027-636	60595	0	0	0	0
WD1636+351	36056	0	0	0	0	WD0455-282	58080	0	0	0	0
WD0937+505	35552	0	0	0	0	WD0501+524	57340	0	0	0	0
WD1021+266	35432	0	0	0	0	WD2331-475	56682	0	0	0	0
WD0416+402	35227	0	0	0	0	WD1234+481	55570	0	0	0	0
WD2124+191	35000	0	0	0	0	WD1725+586	54550	0	0	0	0
WD0050-332	34684	0	0	0	0	WD2116+736	54486	0	0	0	0
WD0236+498	33822	0	0	0	0	WD0354-368	53000	0	0	0	0
WD1942+499	33500	0	0	0	0	WD1921-566	52946	0	0	0	0
WD0603-483	33040	0	0	0	0	WD2309+105	51300	0	0	0	0
WD1917+509	33000	0	0	0	0	WD0226-615	50000	0	0	0	0
WD0353+284	32984	0	0	0	0	WD1314+293	49435	0	0	0	0
WD0320-539	32860	0	0	0	0	WD2124-224	48297	0	0	0	0
WD0549+158	32780	0	0	0	0	WD0004+330	47936	0	0	0	0
WD0235-125	32306	0	0	0	0	WD1040+492	47560	0	0	0	0
WD1844-223	31470	0	0	0	0	WD2011+398	47057	0	0	0	0
WD0809-728	30585	0	0	0	0	WD1528+487	46230	0	0	0	0
WD1620+647	30184	0	0	0	0	WD0001+433	46205	0	0	0	0
WD0147+674	30120	0	0	0	0	WD2321-549	45860	0	0	0	0
WD0830-535	29330	0	0	0	0	WD2152-548	45800	0	0	0	0
WD1019-141	29330	0	0	0	0	WD0802+413	45394	0	0	0	0
WD0252-055	29120	0	0	0	0	WD1819+580	45330	0	0	0	0
WD1041+580	29016	0	0	0	0	WD1029+537	44980	0	0	0	0
WD1734+742	28795	0	0	0	0	WD0131-164	44850	0	0	0	0
WD2020-425	28597	0	0	0	0	WD1631+781	44559	0	0	0	0
WD0106-358	28580	0	0	0	0	WD2000-561	44456	0	0	0	0
WD2014-575	26579	0	0	0	0	WD0715-704	44300	0	0	0	0
WD2043-635	25971	0	0	0	0	WD2004-605	44200	0	0	0	0
WD0457-103	25540	0	0	0	0	WD1800+685	43701	0	0	0	0
WD0905-724	25398	0	0	0	0	WD1440+753	42400	0	0	0	0
WD0041-092	24900	0	0	0	0	WD0346-011	42373	0	0	0	0
WD0512+326	22750	0	0	0	0	WD1024+326	41354	0	0	0	0
WD1337+701	20435	0	0	0	0	WD1950-432	41339	0	0	0	0
WD1635+529	20027	0	0	0	0	WD0659+130	39960	0	0	0	0
WD0310-688	16181	0	0	0	0	WD1302+597	39960	0	0	0	0
						WD1550+130	39910	0	0	0	0

FUSE survey of composition (89 stars)









Conclusions

- Fine structure constant
 - Need improved $\lambda\lambda$ accuracy
 - More high S/N spectra... range of gravities
- White dwarf abundances
 - Metals present in some WDs at all T_{eff}
 - C is depleted cf. Si... rocky material?
 - Radiative levitation is **not** dominant effect
 - WDs accreting from debris