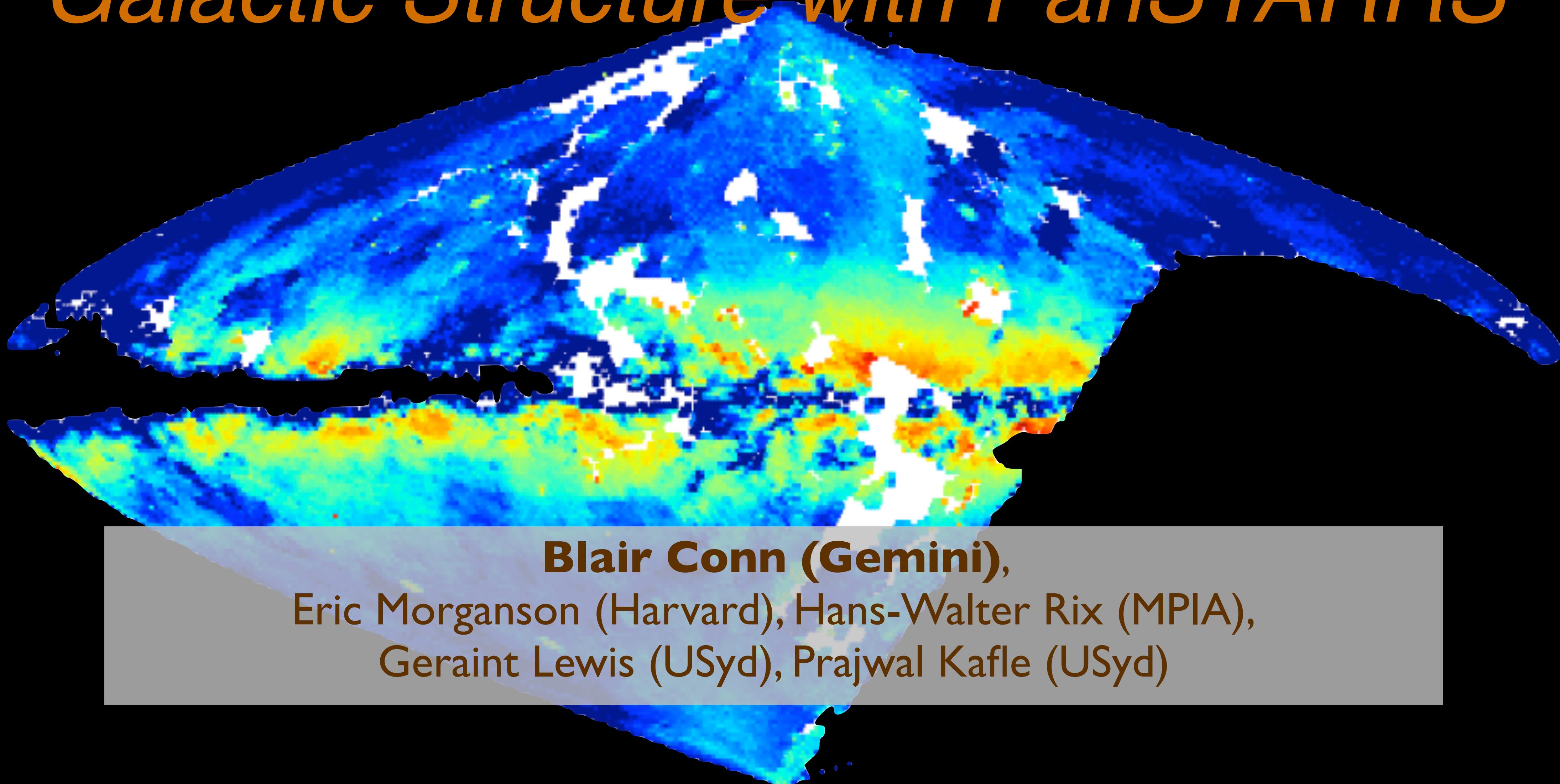


Galactic Structure with PanSTARRS



Blair Conn (Gemini),
Eric Morganson (Harvard), Hans-Walter Rix (MPIA),
Geraint Lewis (USyd), Prajwal Kafle (USyd)

Blair Conn - ESO Chile- November 2013

Overview

- Motivation
- Colour-Magnitude diagram fitting and its application
- The Galaxy: a vanilla model
- Quick Reminder of what is PanSTARRS
- ~~Show Results, Show Preliminary Results, Show data~~
- Conclusion

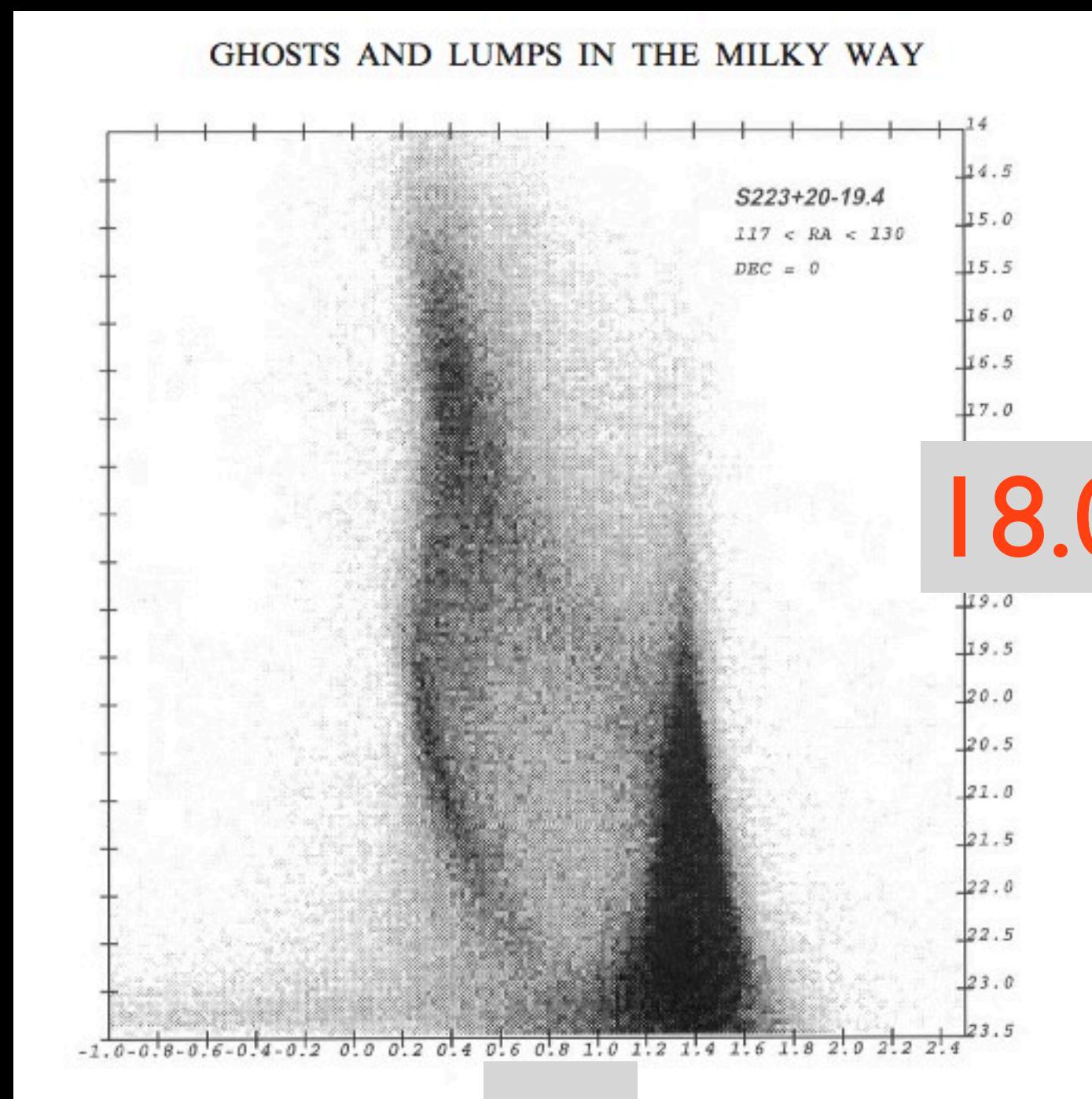
Overview

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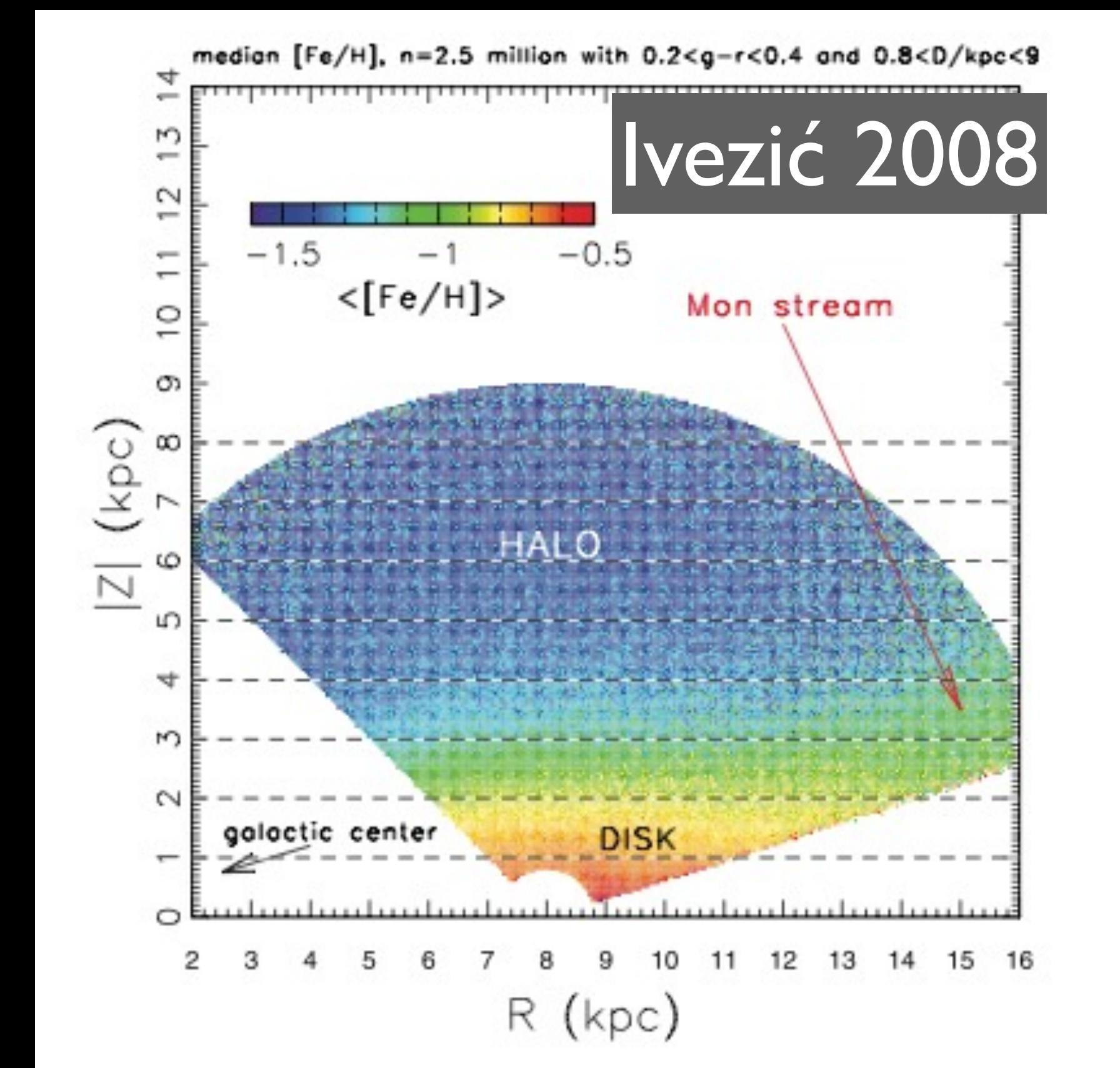
Motivation

Monoceros Overdensity and the Outer Disk

g

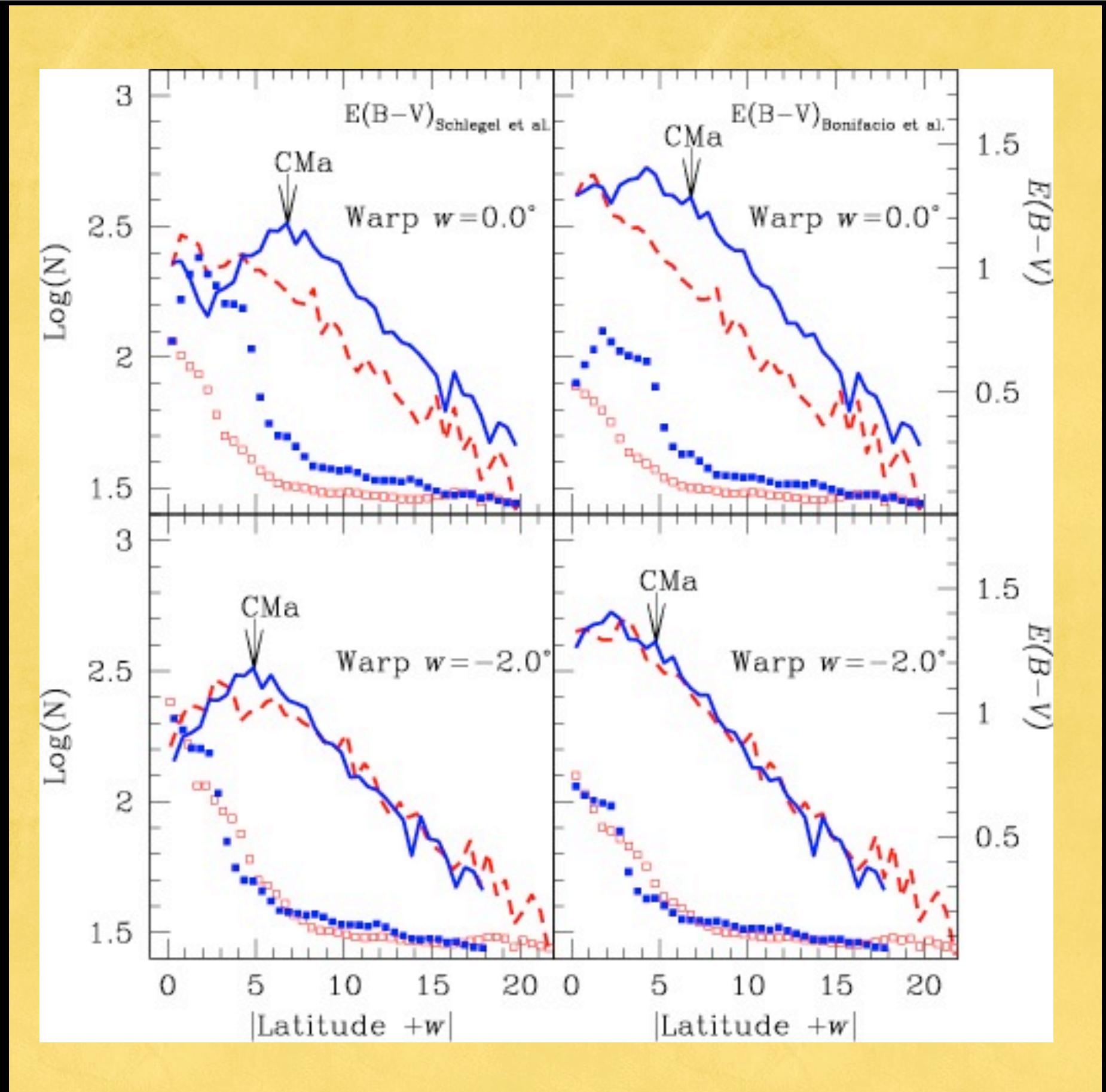


Newberg 2002



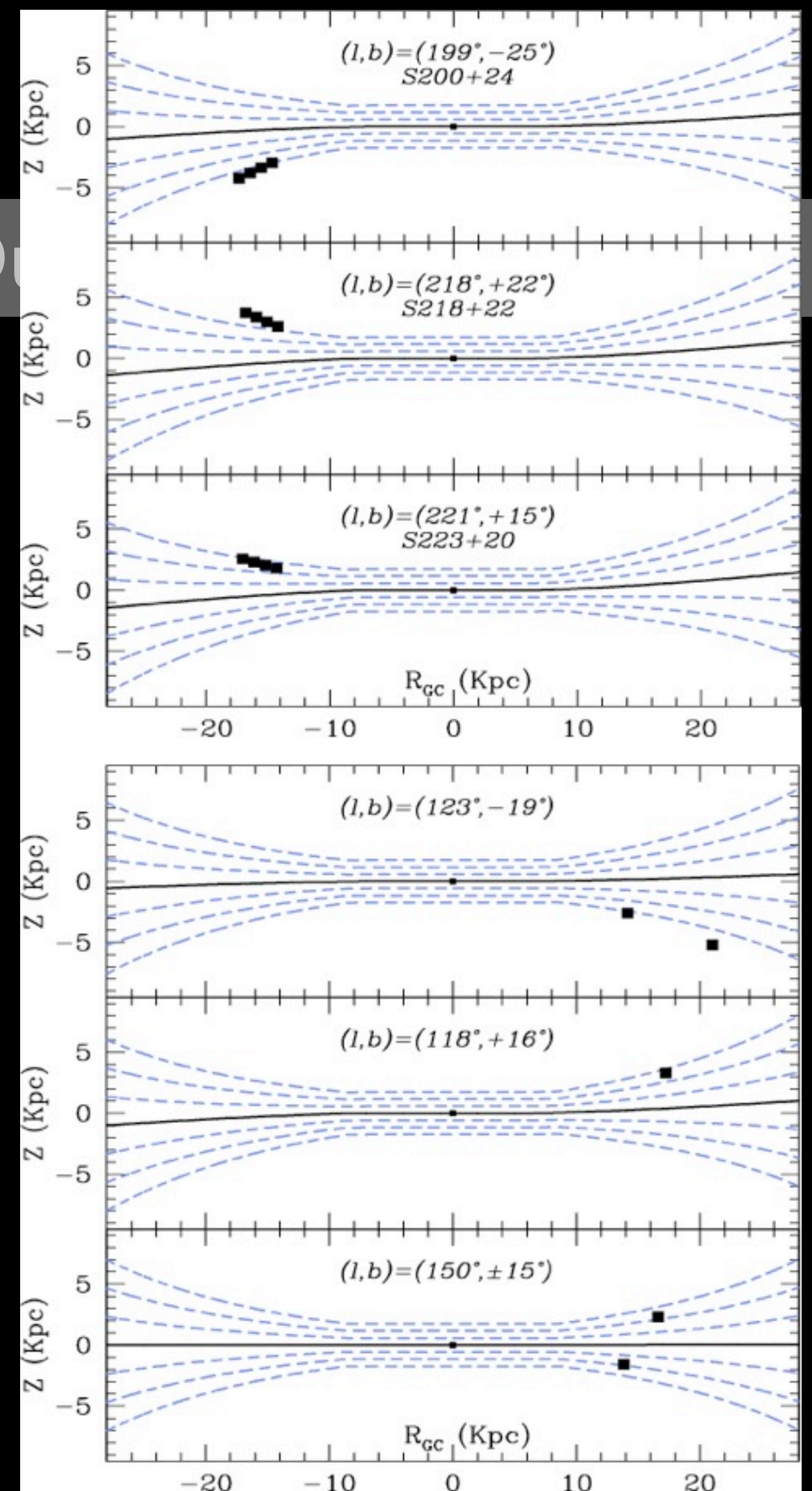
Motivation

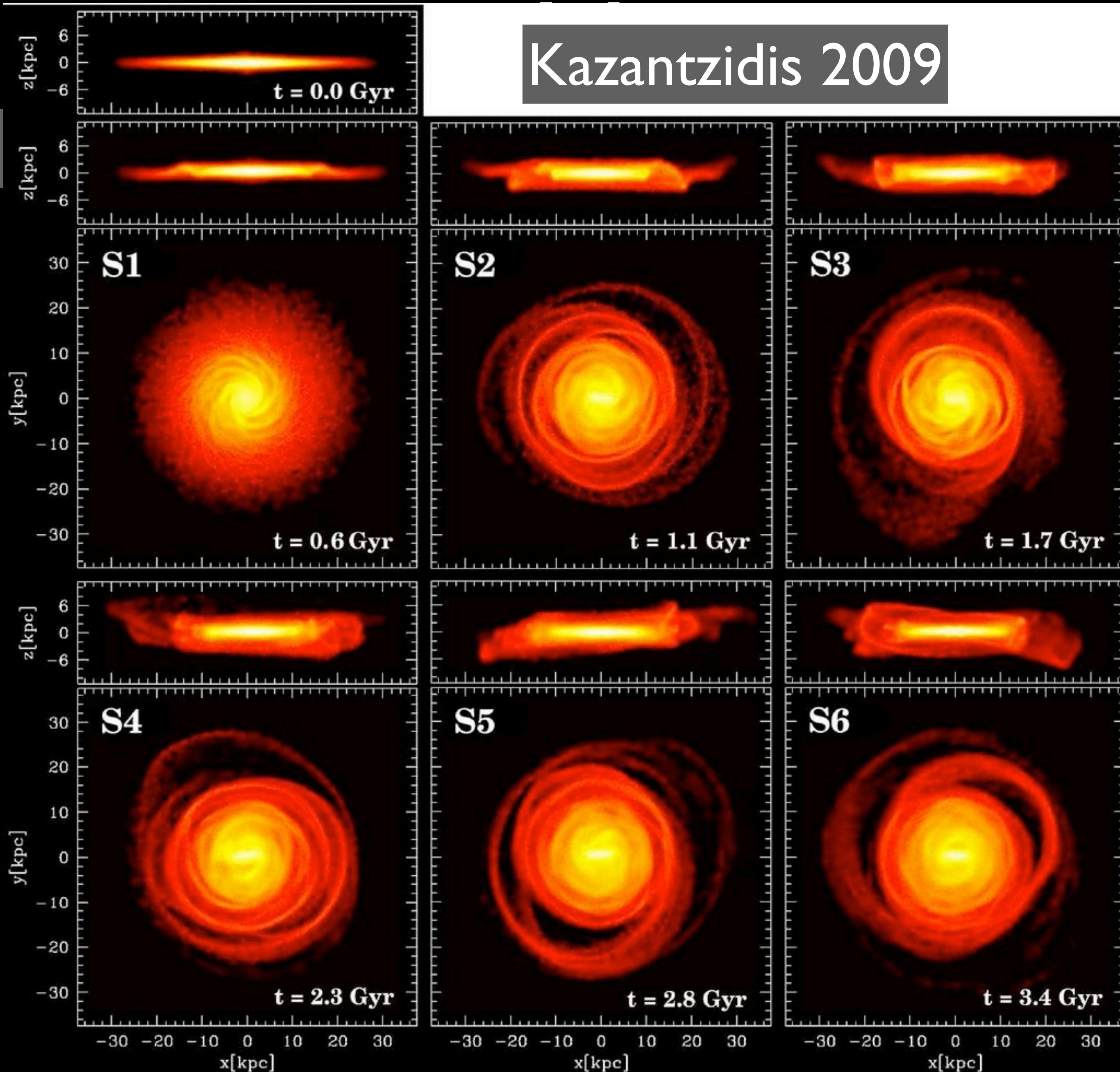
Monoceros Overdensity and the Outflow



Momany 2004

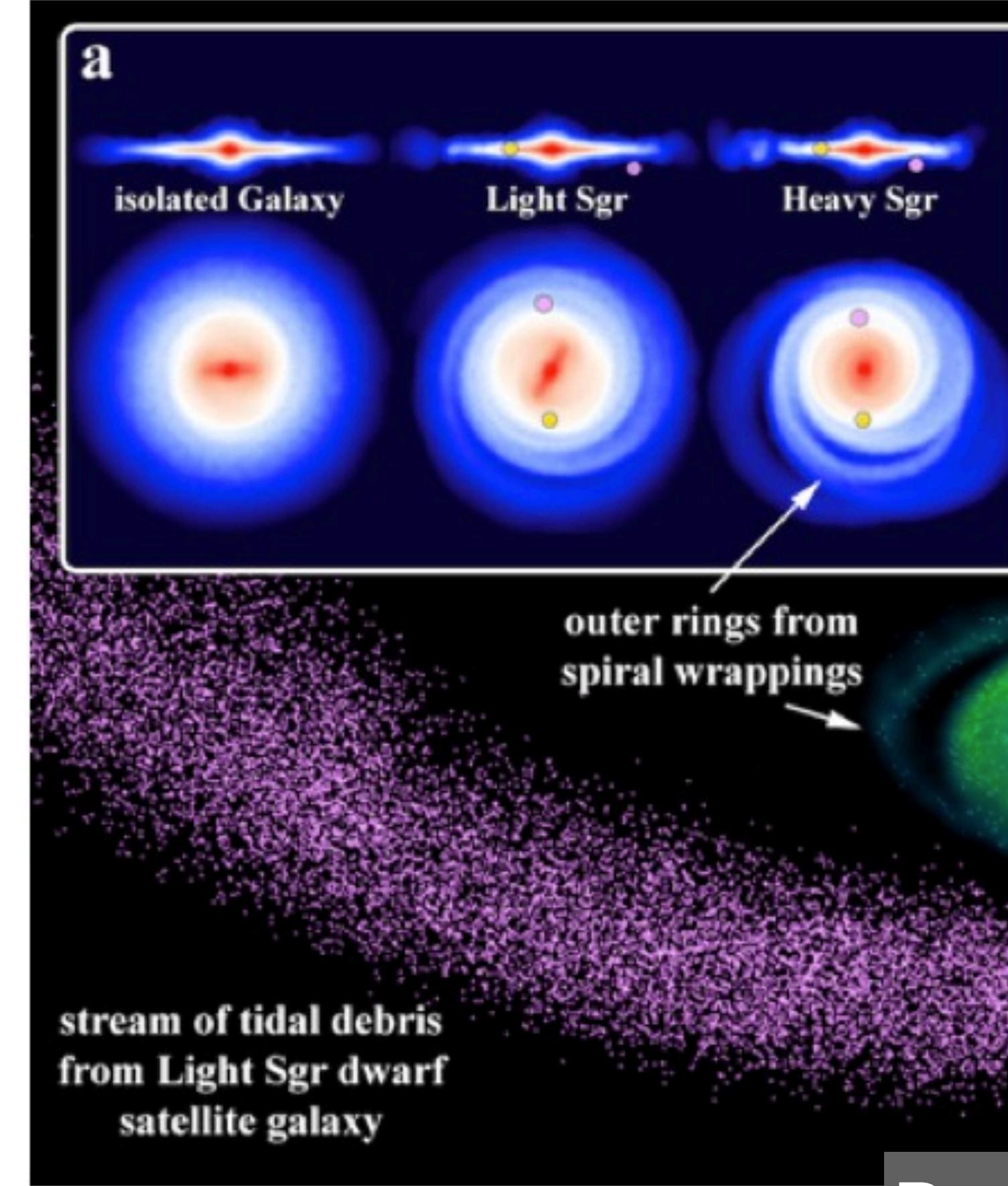
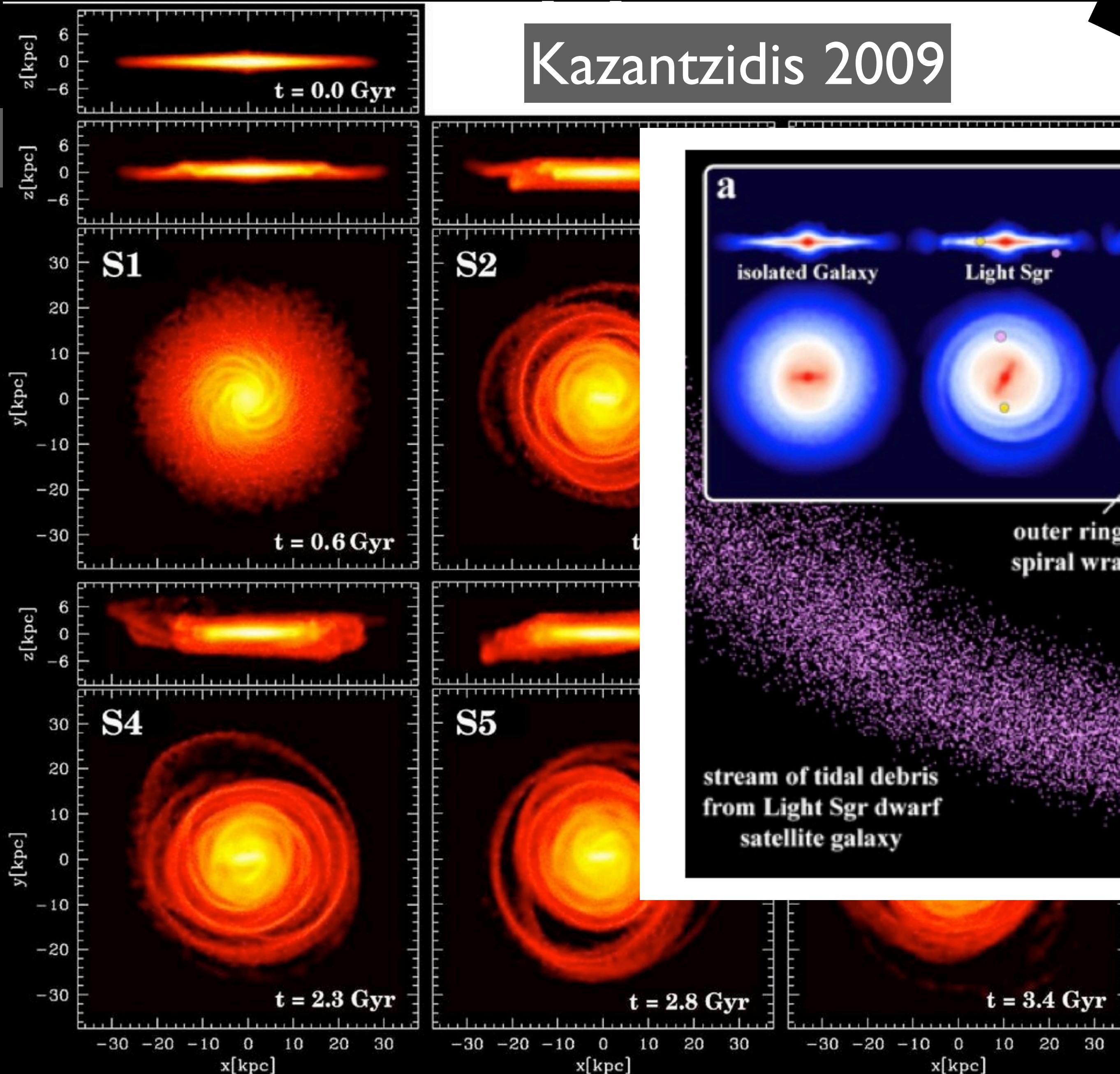
It's the Warp/Flare!!





It's a Perturbed Disc!!

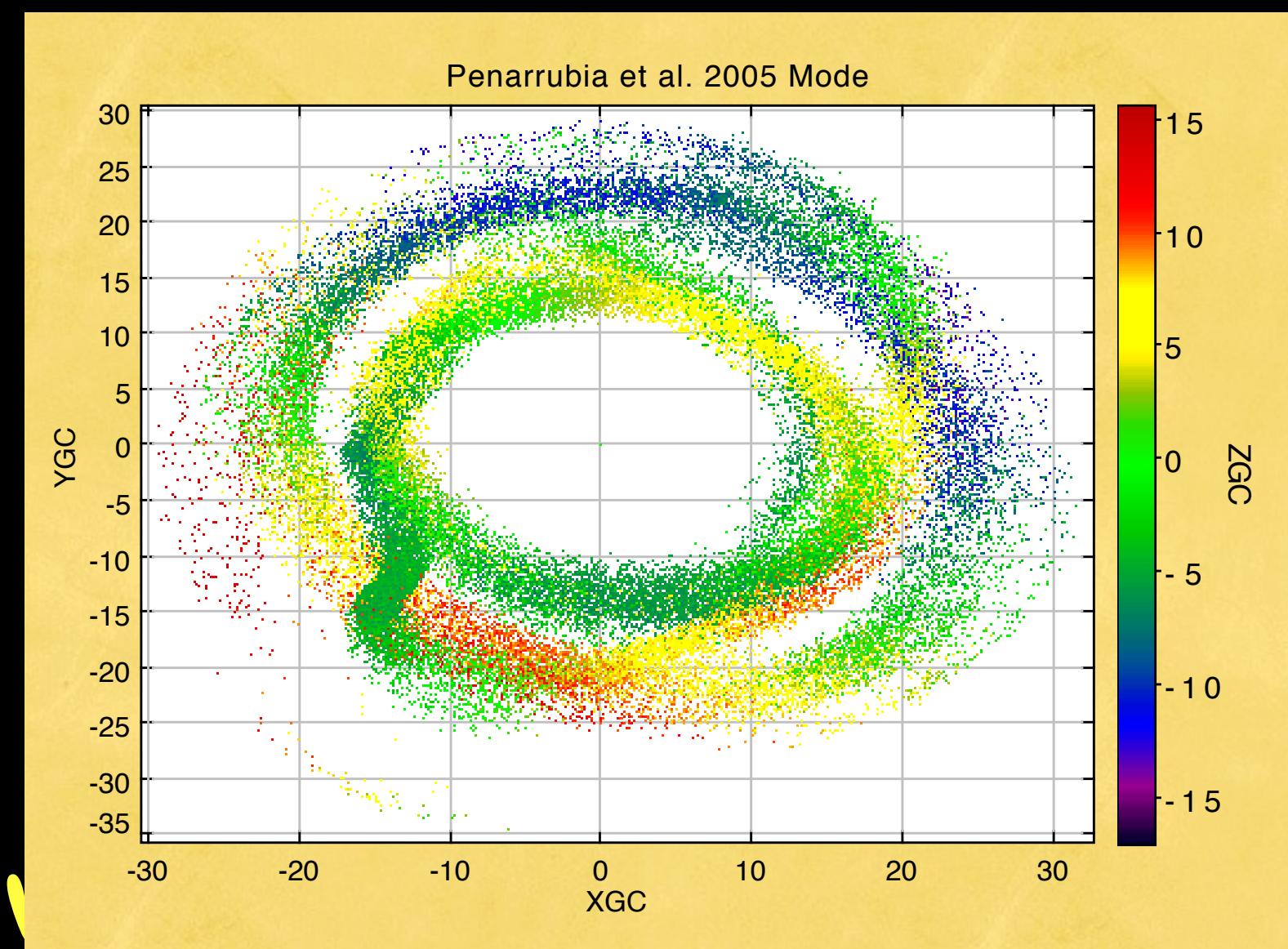
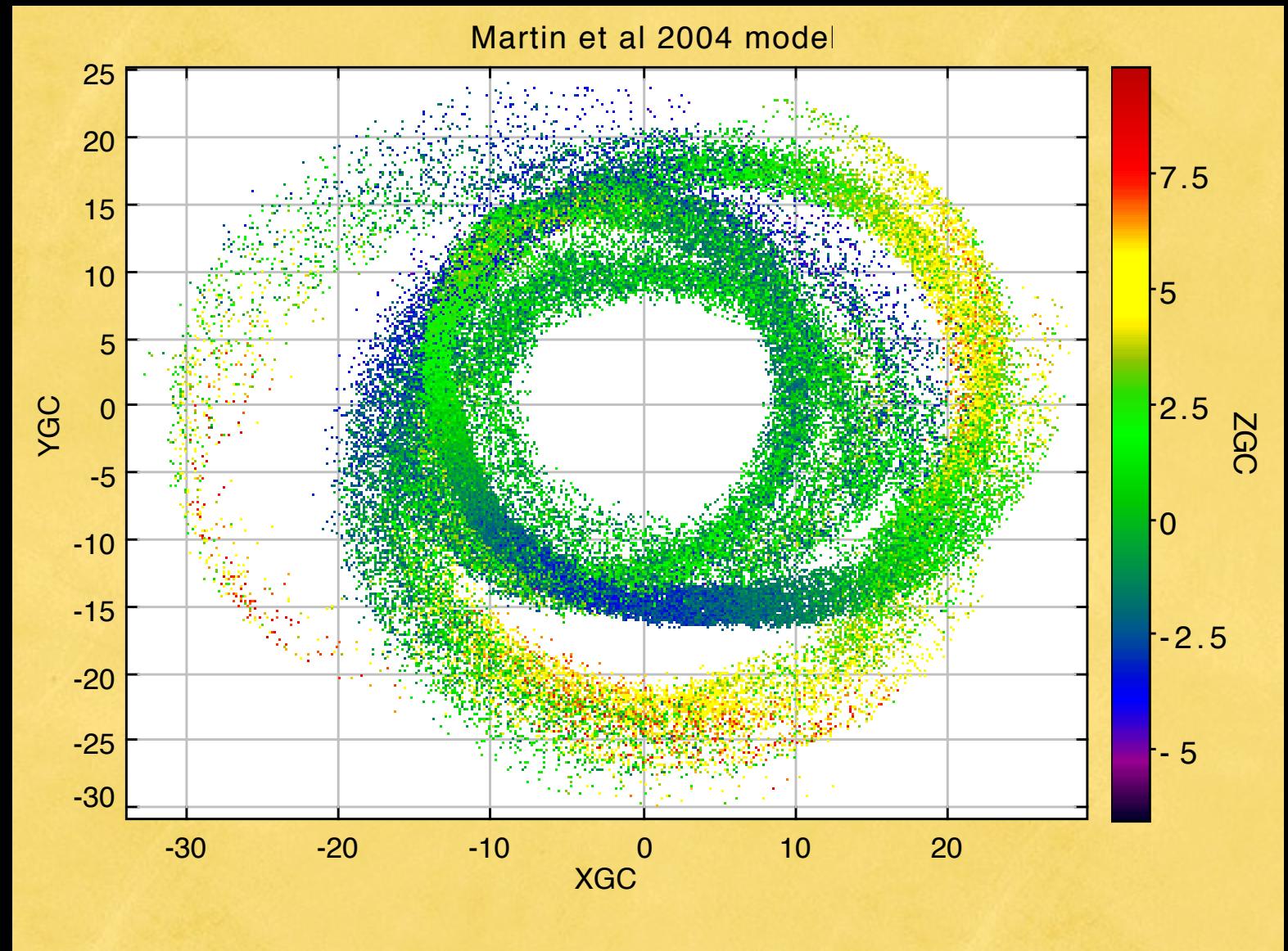
Outer Disc



Purcell 2011

Motivation

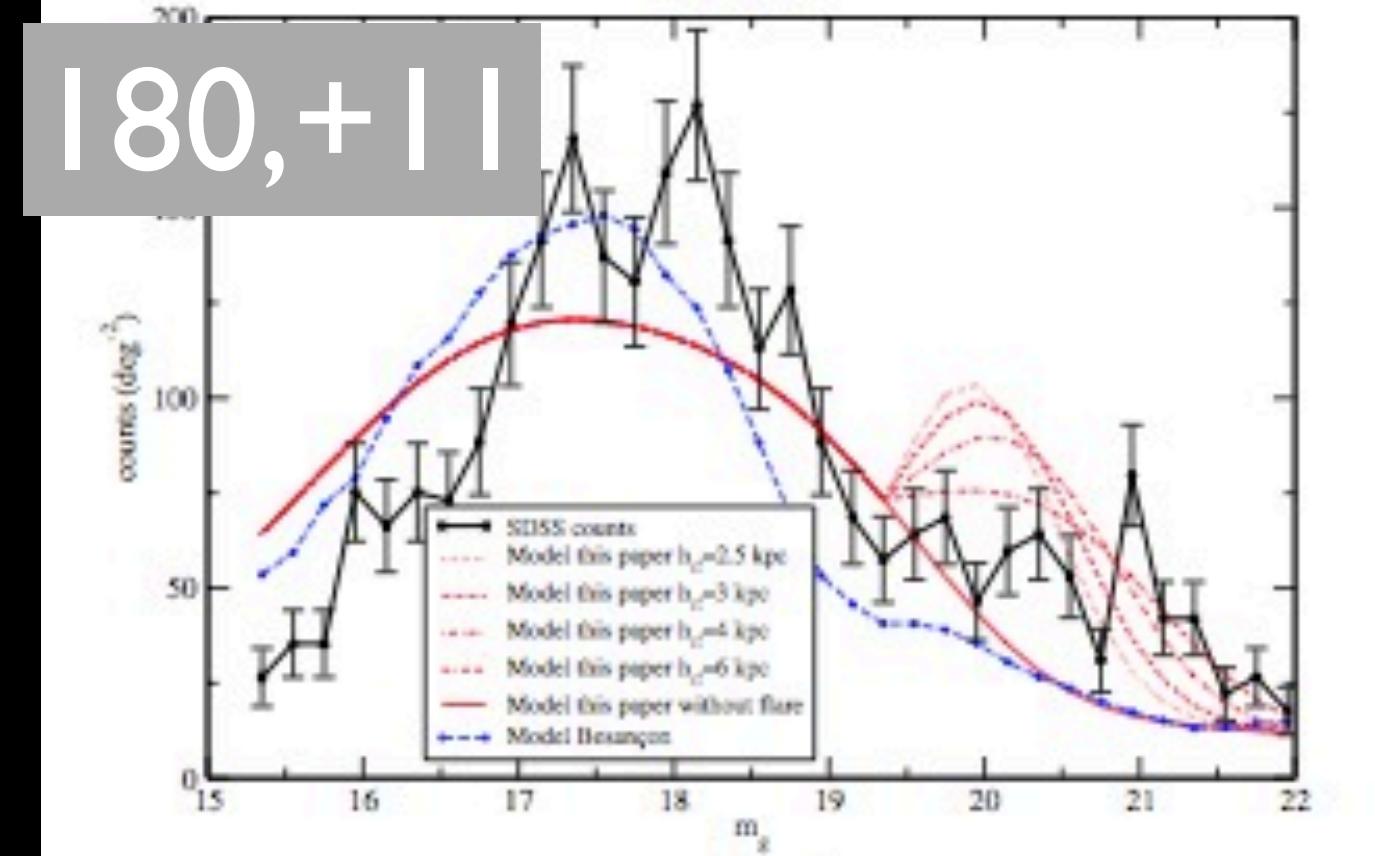
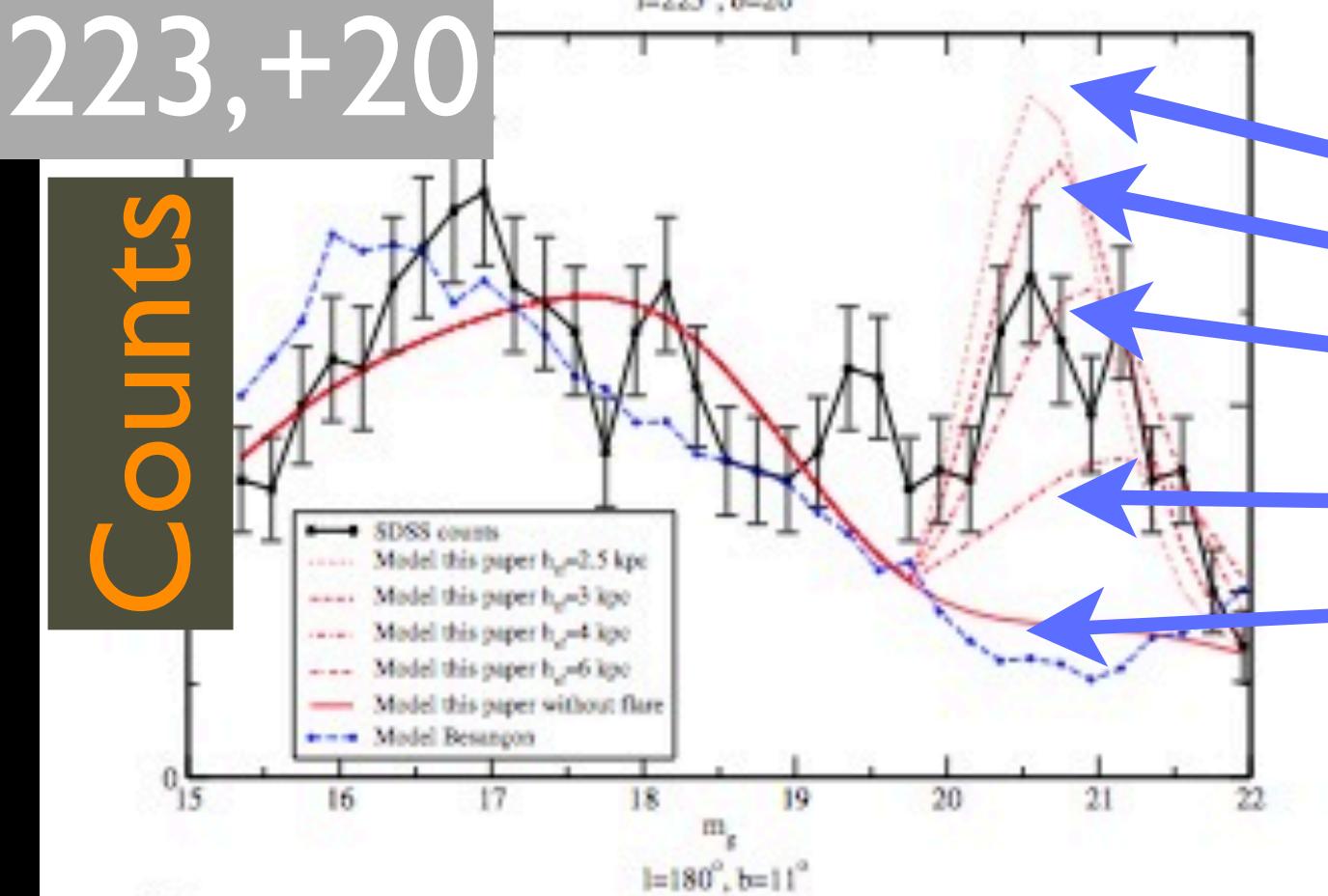
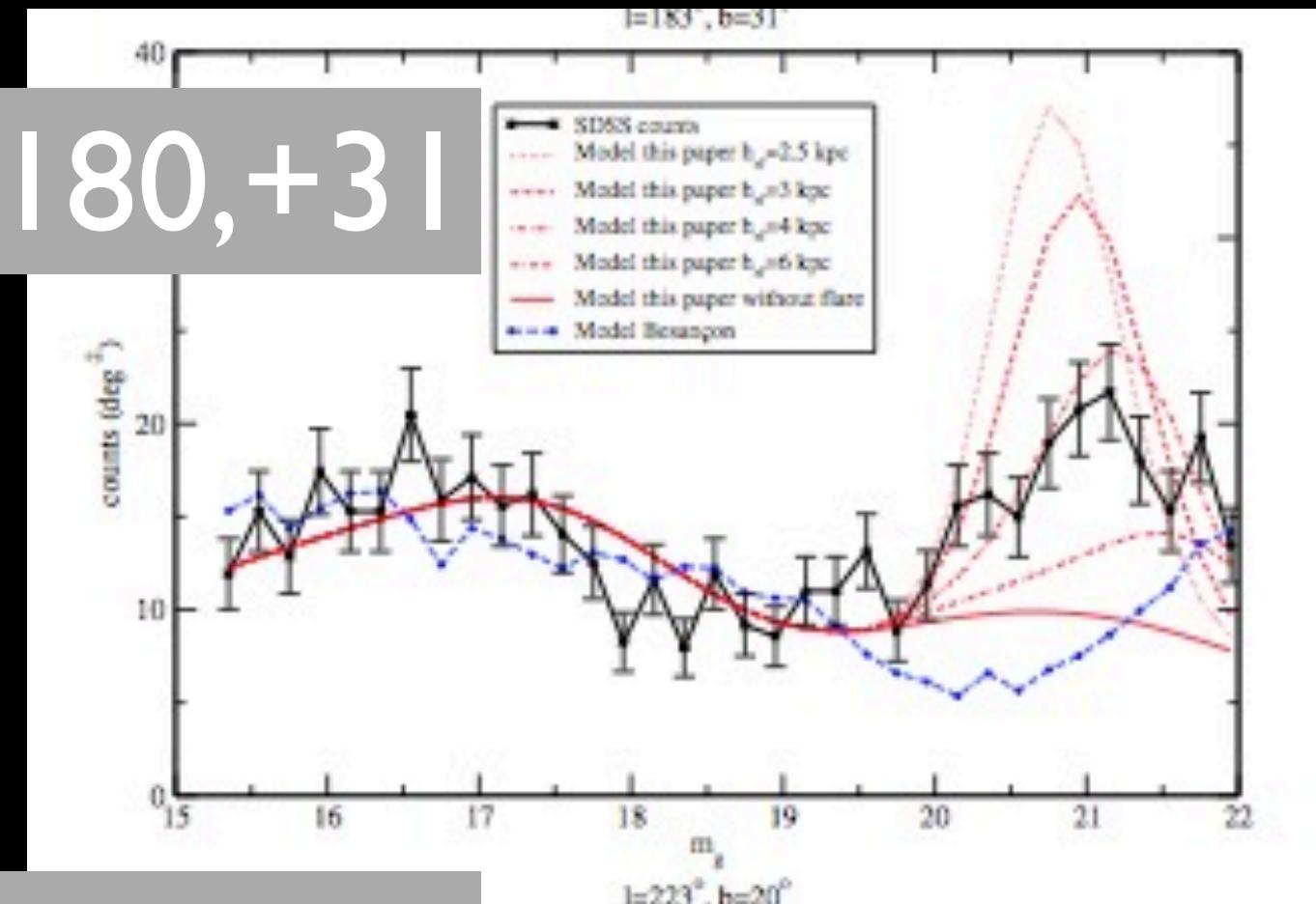
Monoceros Overdensity and the Outer Disk



Martin 2004

It's a Tidal Stream!

Peñarrubia 2005



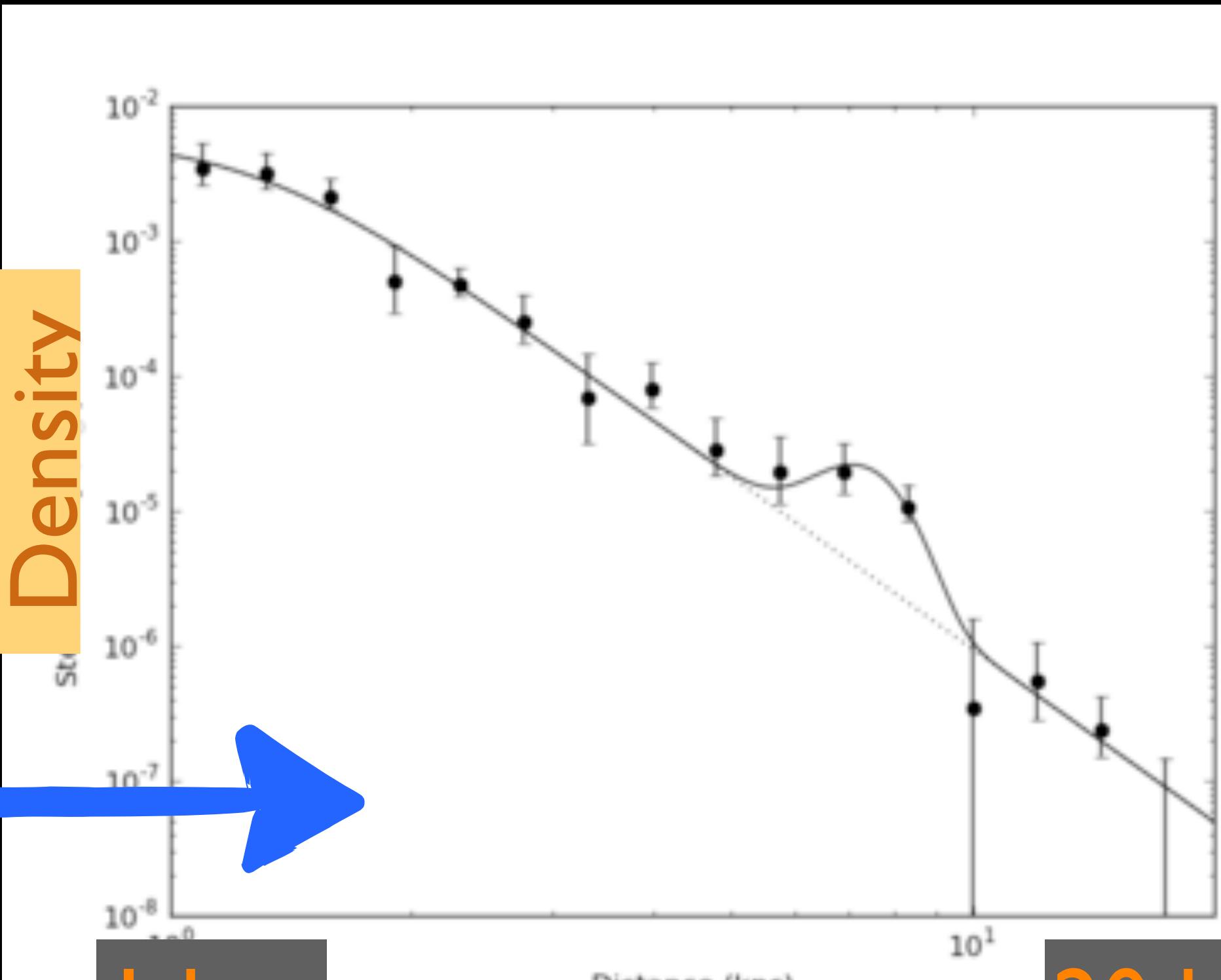
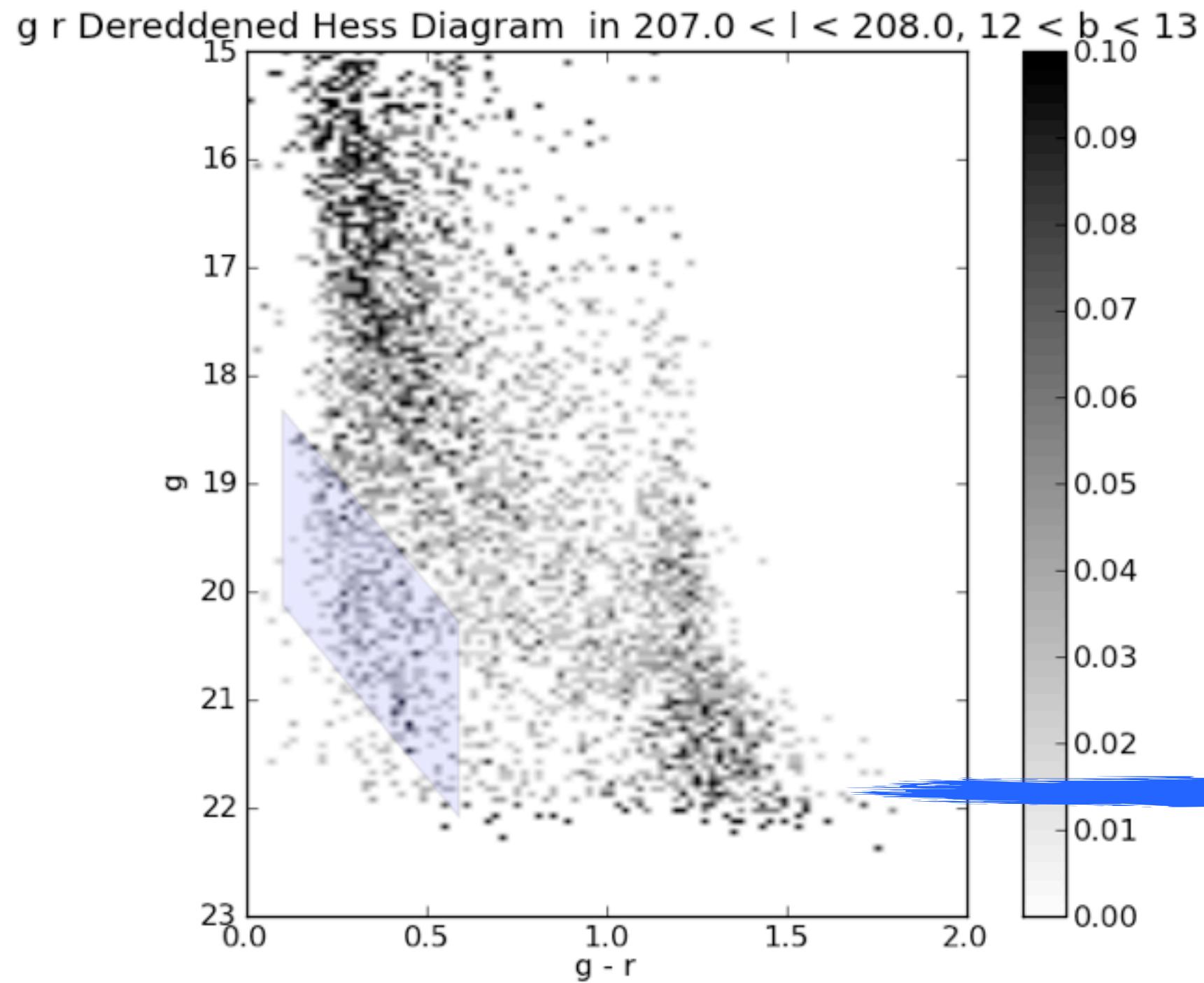
Counts

Different Models of
the Galactic Flare

Hammersley 2011

CMD Fitting

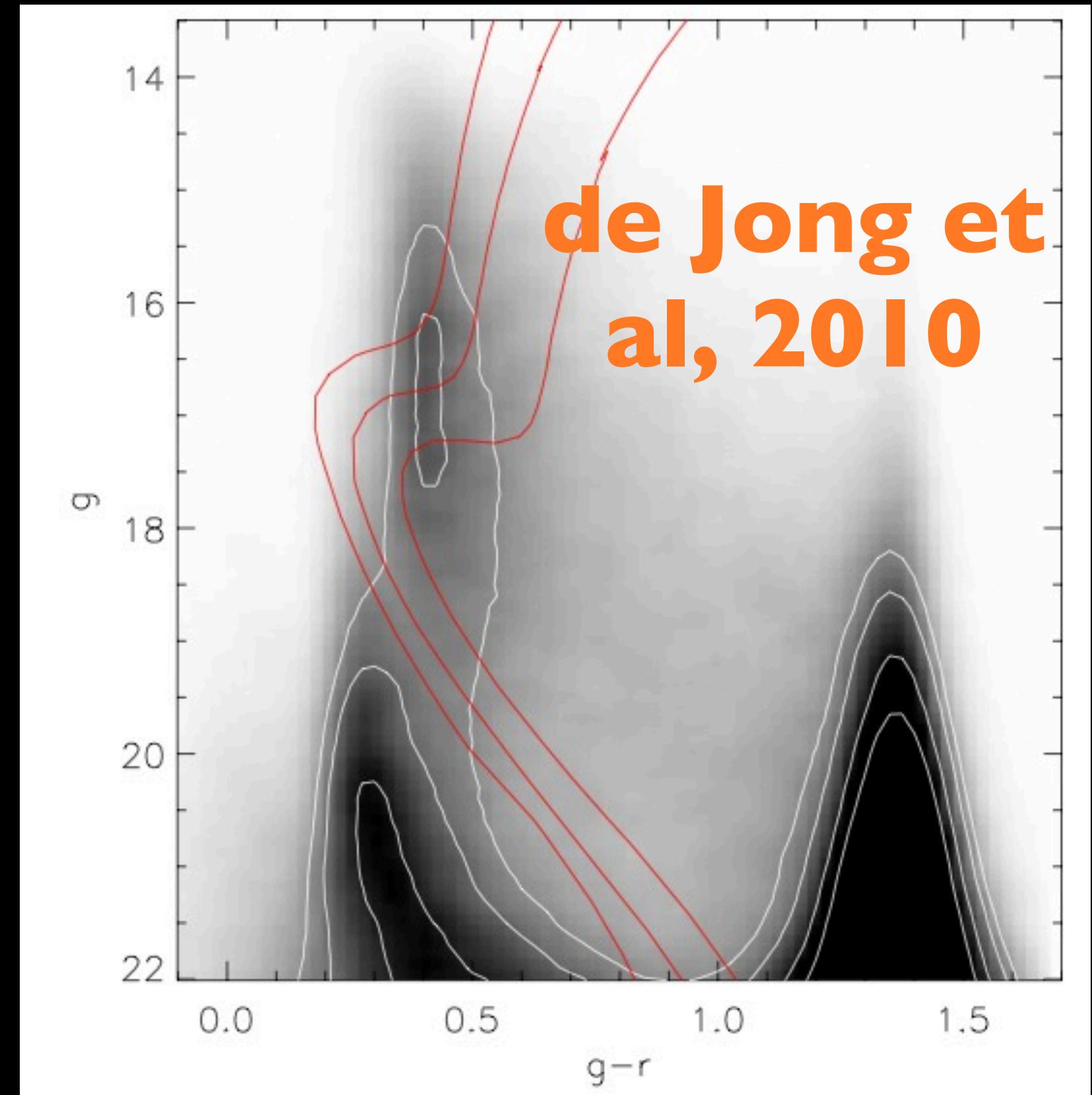
PanSTARRS



CMD Fitting

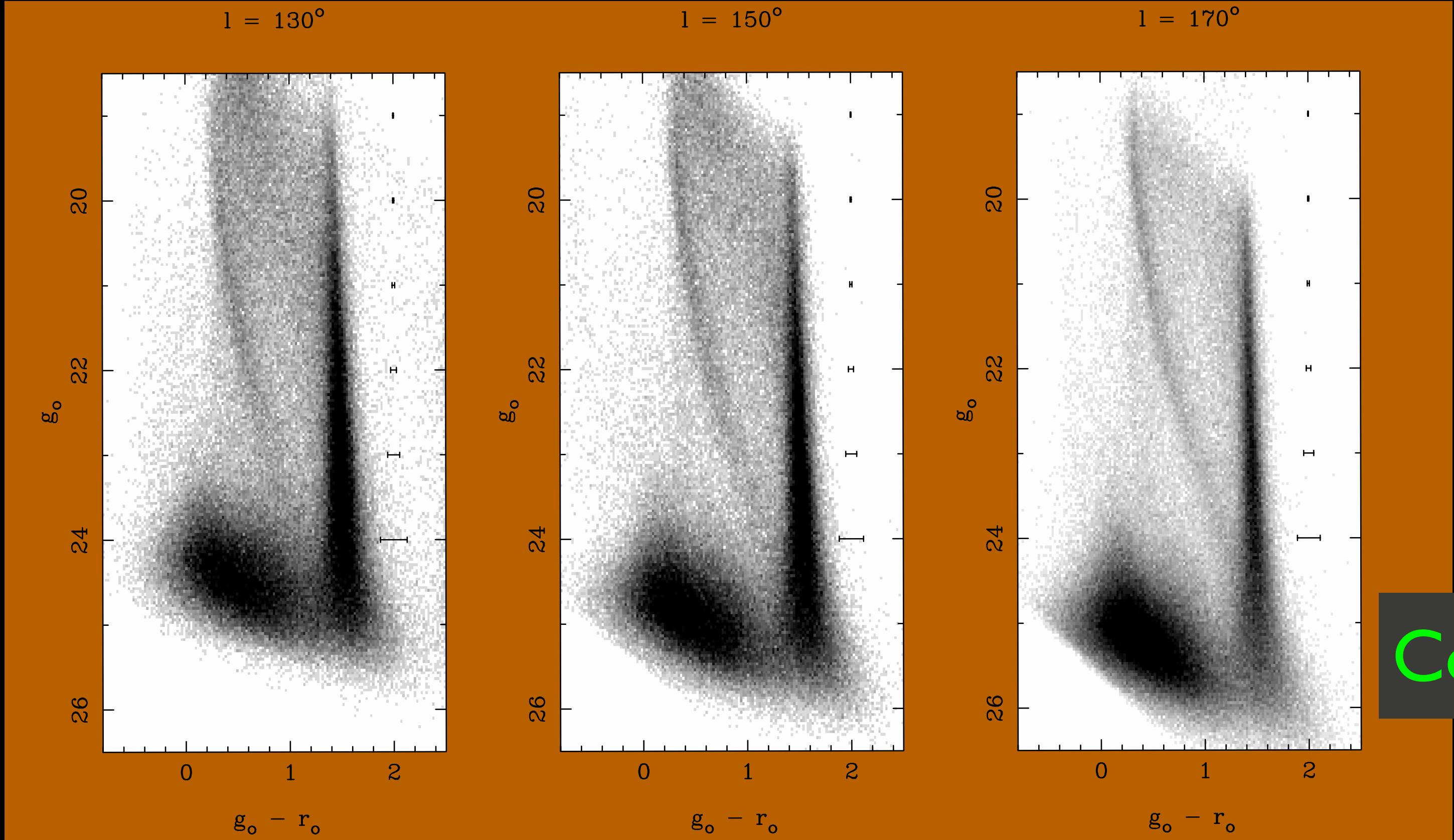
MATCH

**Using a
Star Formation History
Code
in Reverse**



CMD Fitting

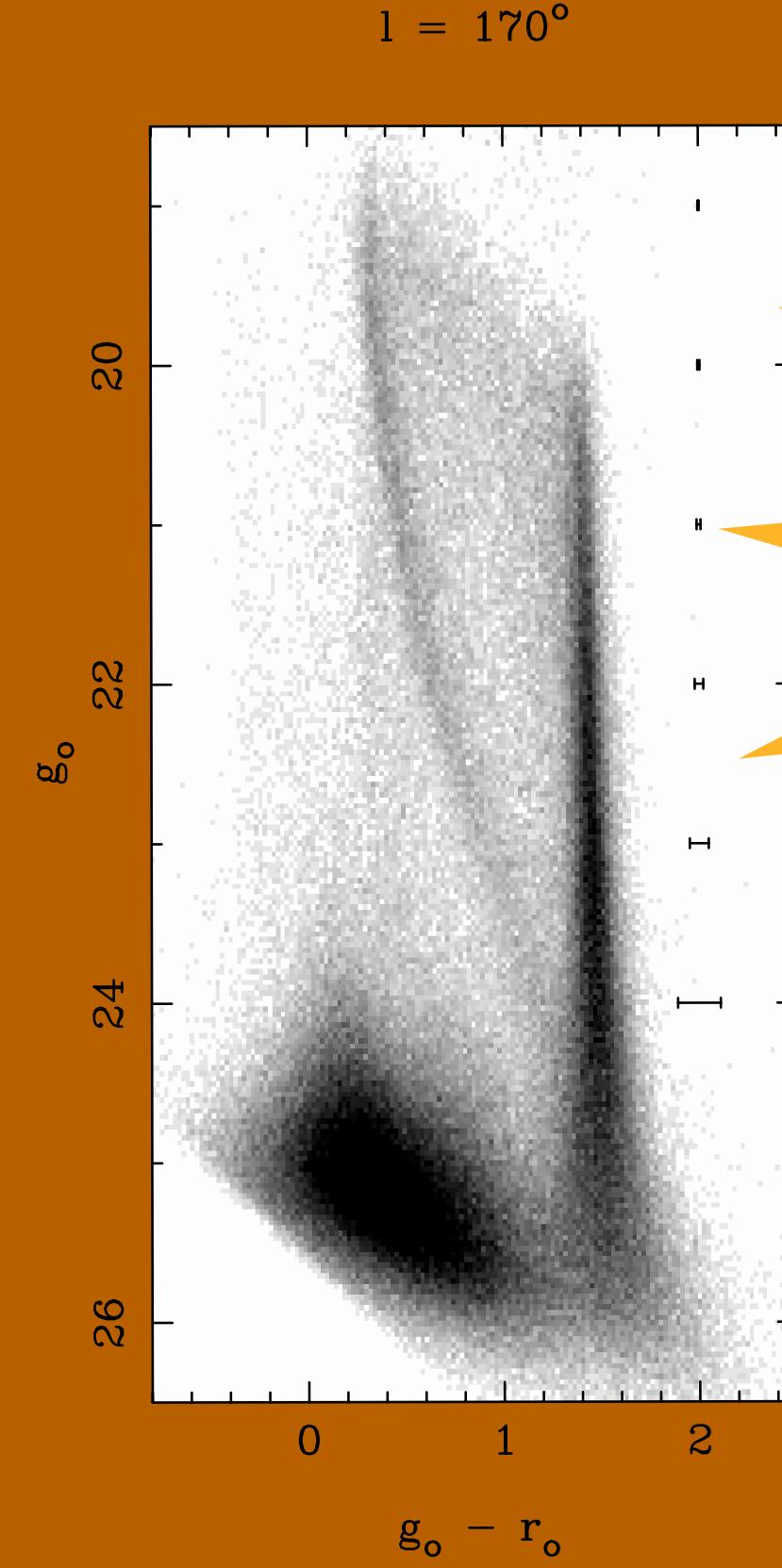
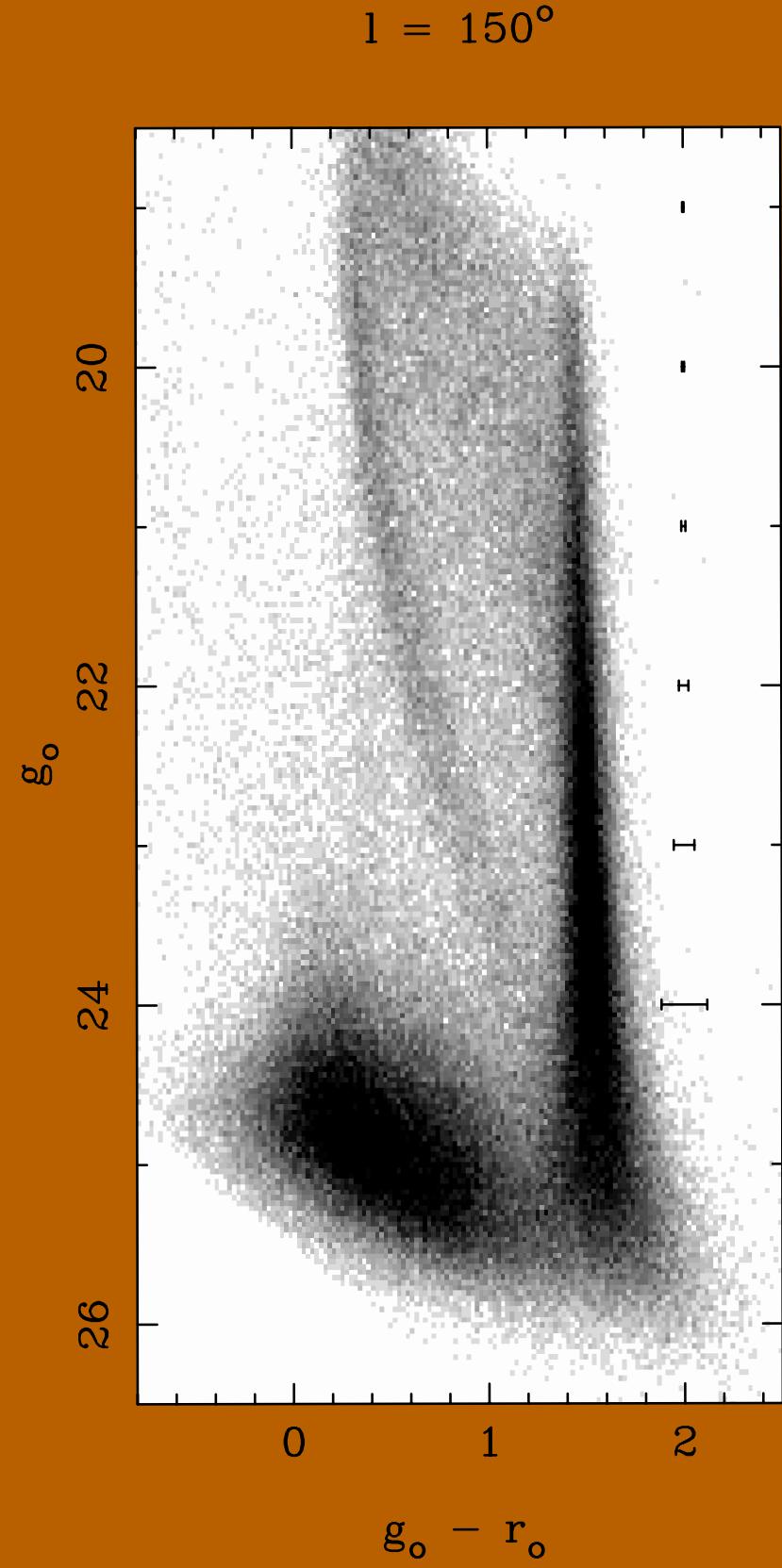
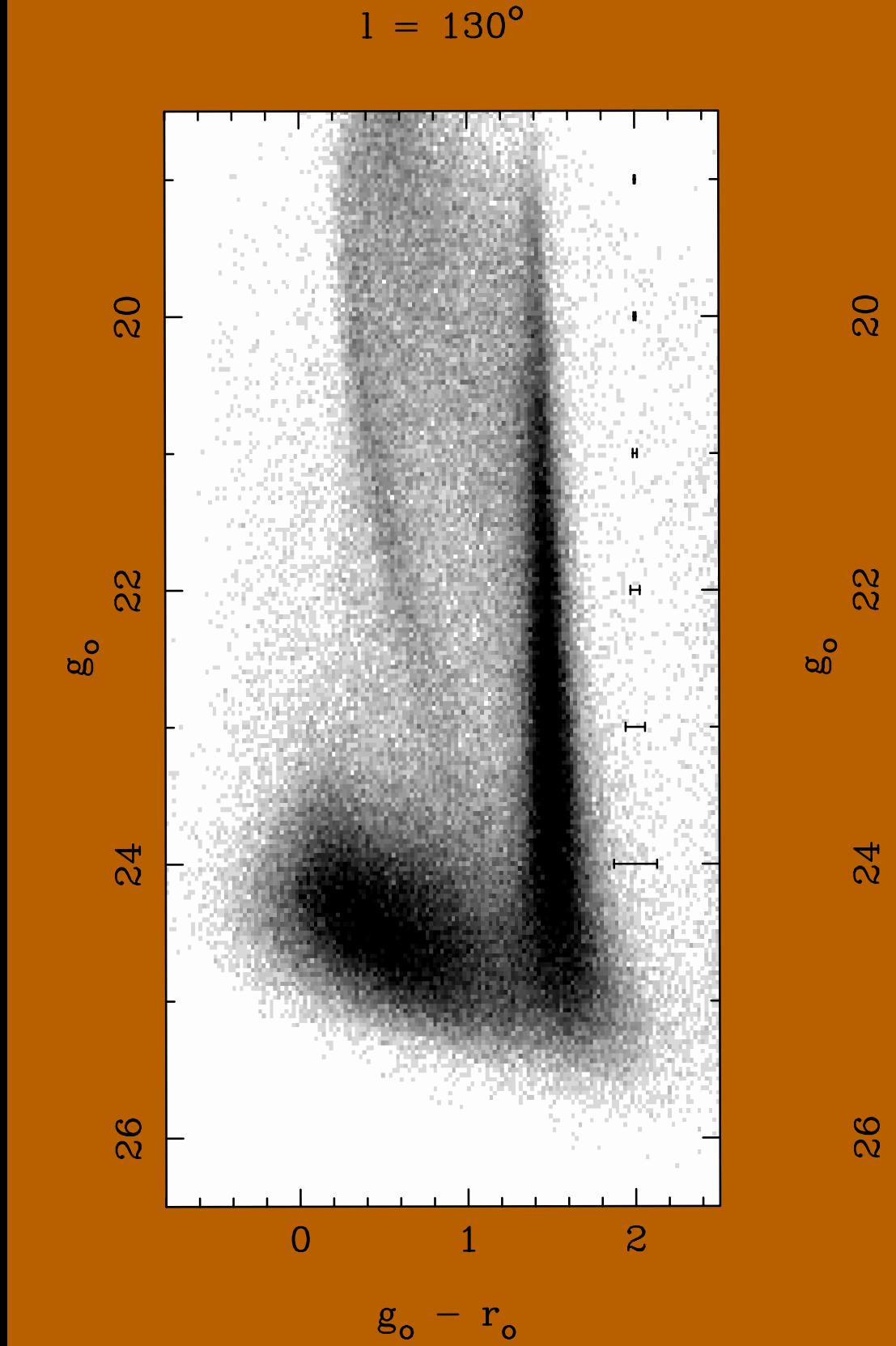
SUBARU



Conn et al, 2012

CMD Fitting

SUBARU

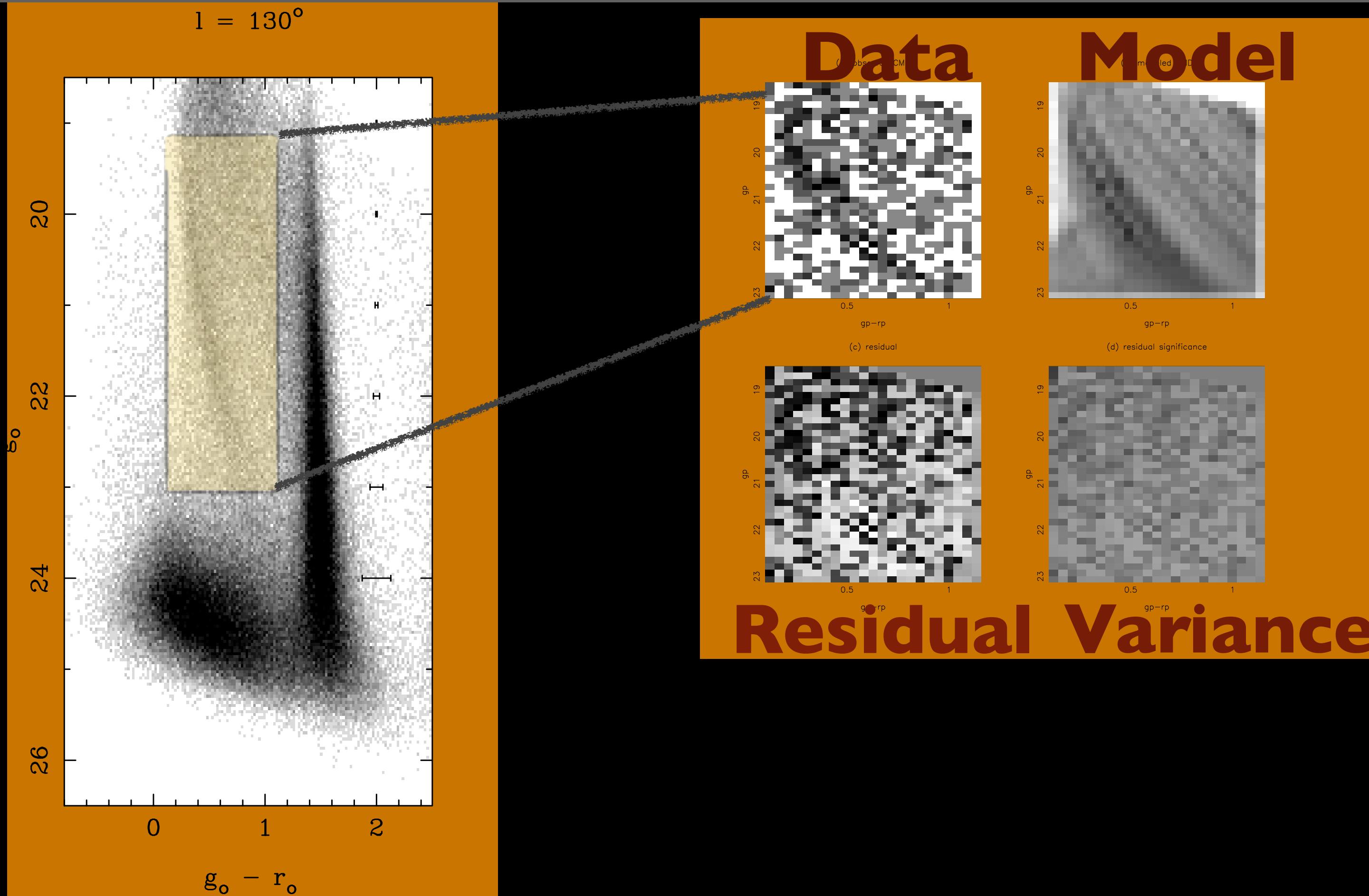


Blatant Self Reference

Free Collisional
Ring galaxy!!
Conn et al 2011

CMD Fitting

SUBARU



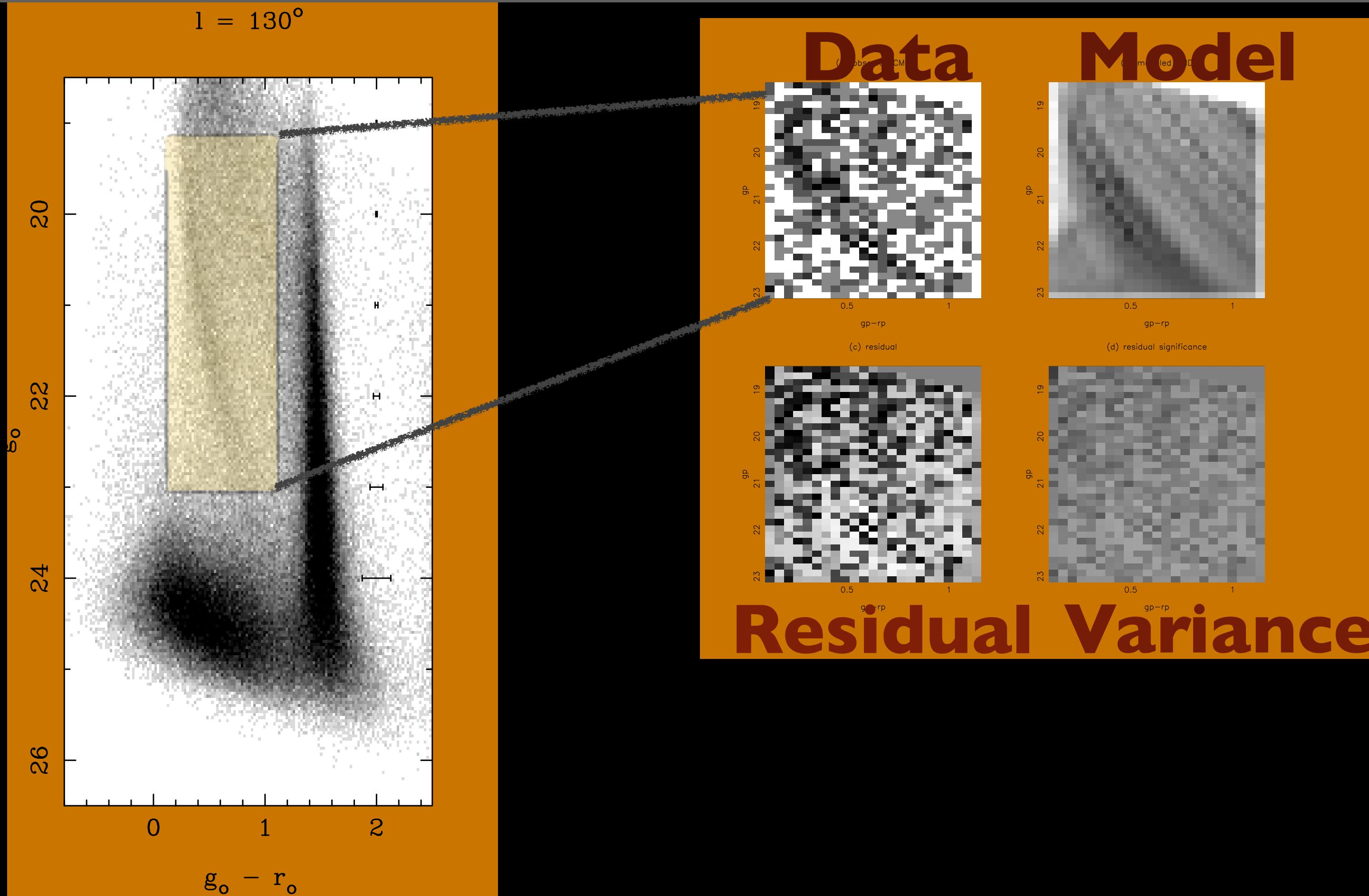
Inputs:

- Photometry + Errors
- Magnitude Completeness
- Extinction Estimate

Collisional Ring Galaxy modelling Smith et al, 2012

CMD Fitting

SUBARU



Inputs:

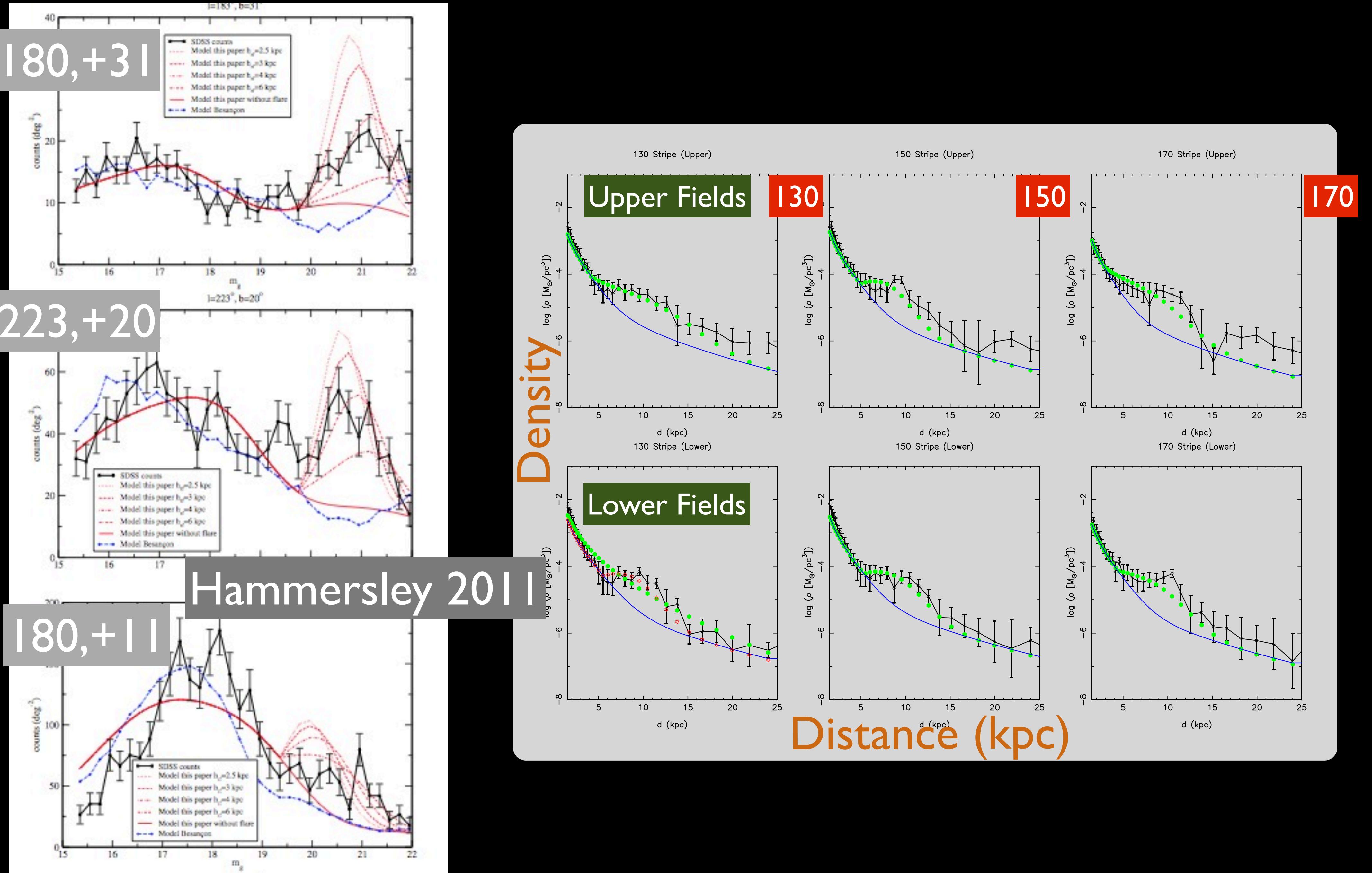
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Collisional Ring Galaxy modelling Smith et al, 2012

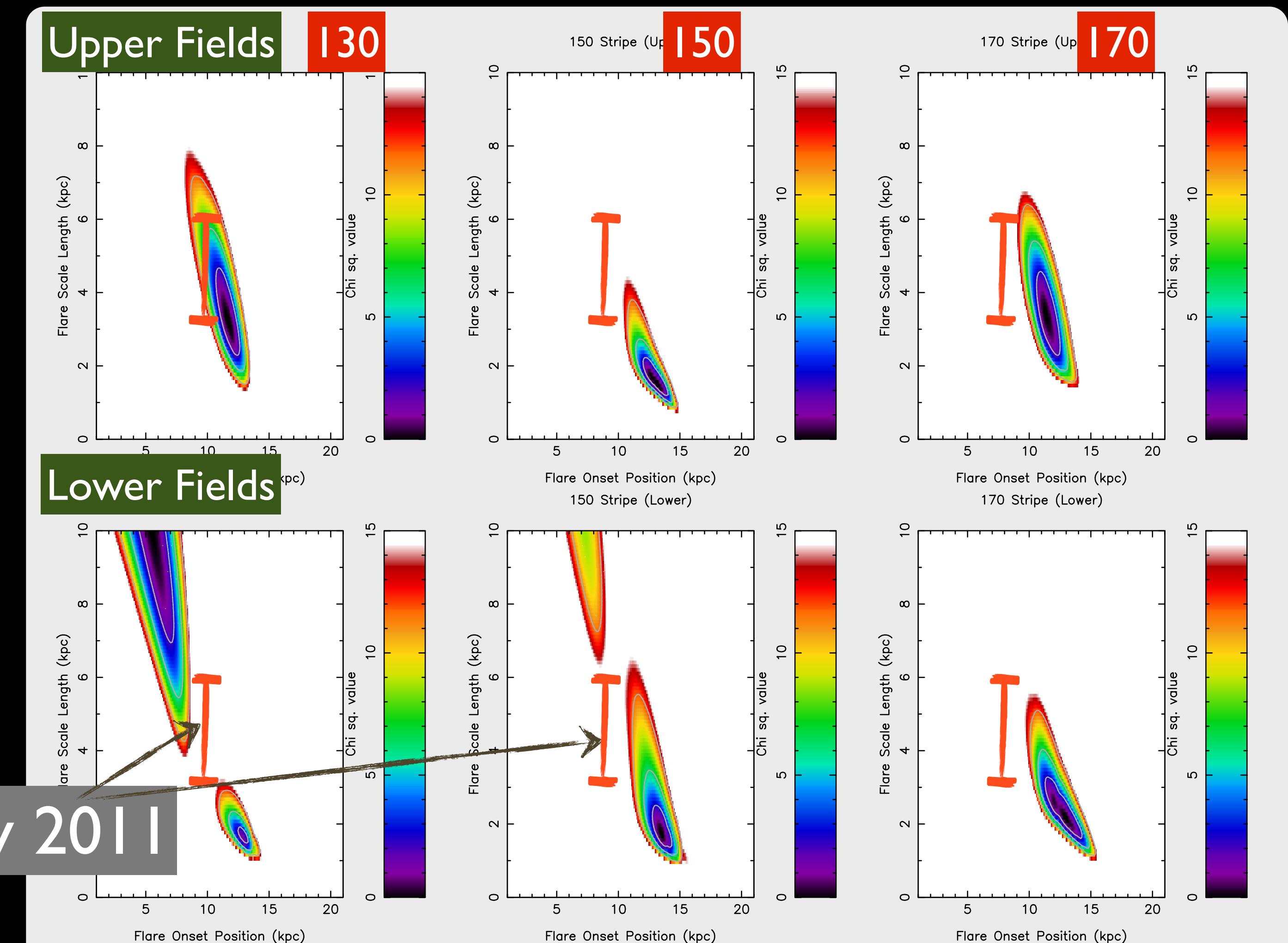
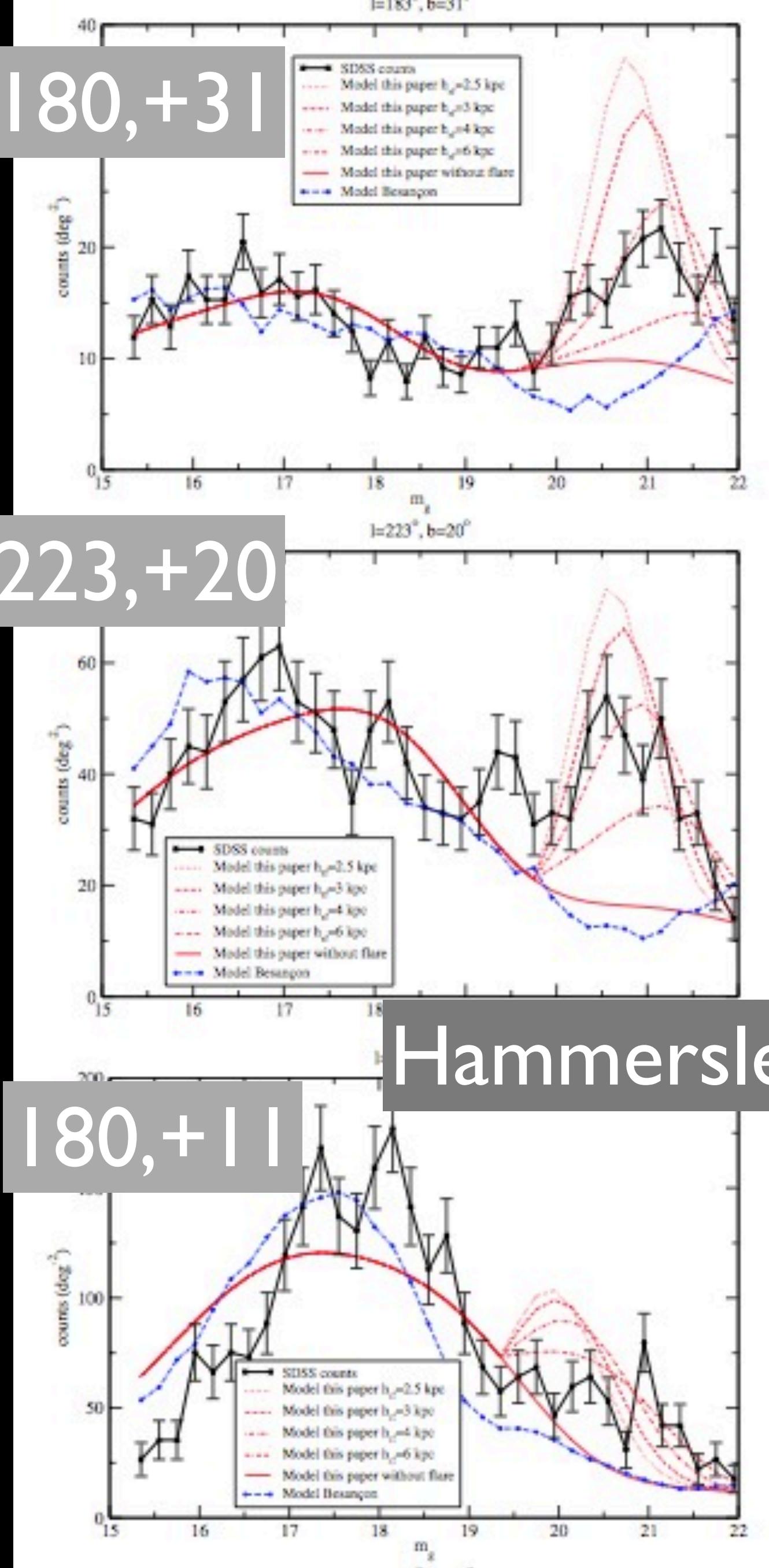
Galactic Models

Exponential Disks

$$\begin{aligned}\rho_{\text{total}} &= \rho_{\text{thin}} + \rho_{\text{thick}} + \rho_{\text{halo}} \\ \rho_{\text{thin}} &= A \left[\frac{h_{z,\text{thin},\odot}}{h_{z,\text{thin}}(R)} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{R - R_\odot}{h_{R,\text{thin}}} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{|z|}{h_{z,\text{thin}}(R)} \right] \\ \rho_{\text{thick}} &= 0.09A \left[\frac{h_{z,\text{thick},\odot}}{h_{z,\text{thick}}(R)} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{R - R_\odot}{h_{R,\text{thick}}} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{|z|}{h_{z,\text{thick}}(R)} \right] \\ \rho_{\text{halo}} &= 1.4 \times 10^{-3} A \frac{\exp \left[10.093 \left(1 - \left(\frac{R_{sp}}{R_\odot} \right)^{1/4} \right) \right]}{(R_{sp}/R_\odot)^{7/8}} \\ h_{z,\text{thin/thick}}(R) &= \begin{cases} h_{z,\text{thin/thick},\odot}, & R \leq R_i \\ h_{z,\text{thin/thick},\odot} \exp \left(\frac{R - R_i}{h_{rj}} \right), & R > R_i \end{cases} \\ R_{sp} &= \sqrt{R^2 + 2.52z^2}. \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$



Flare Scale Length

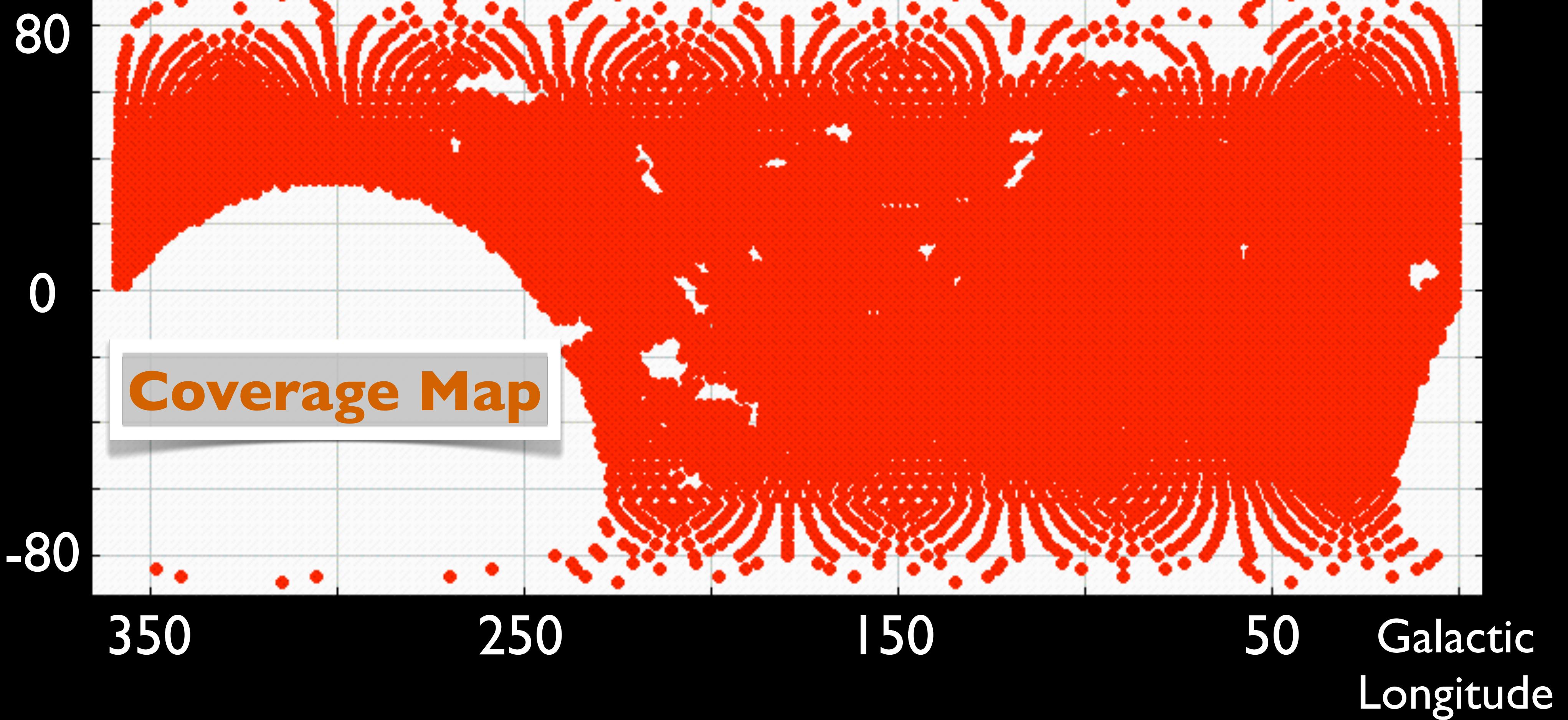


Flare Onset

PanSTARRS

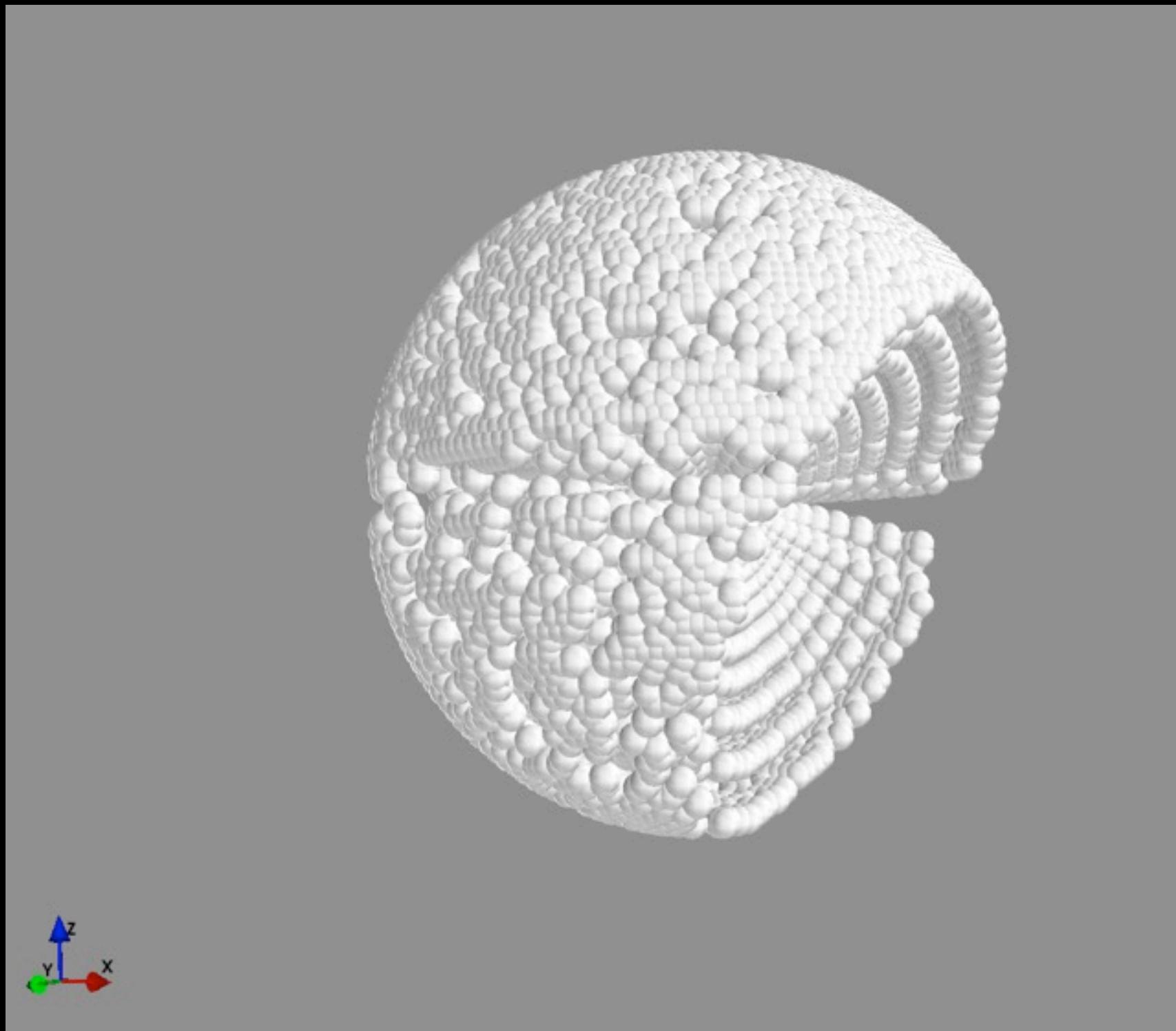
Survey Footprint

Galactic
Latitude

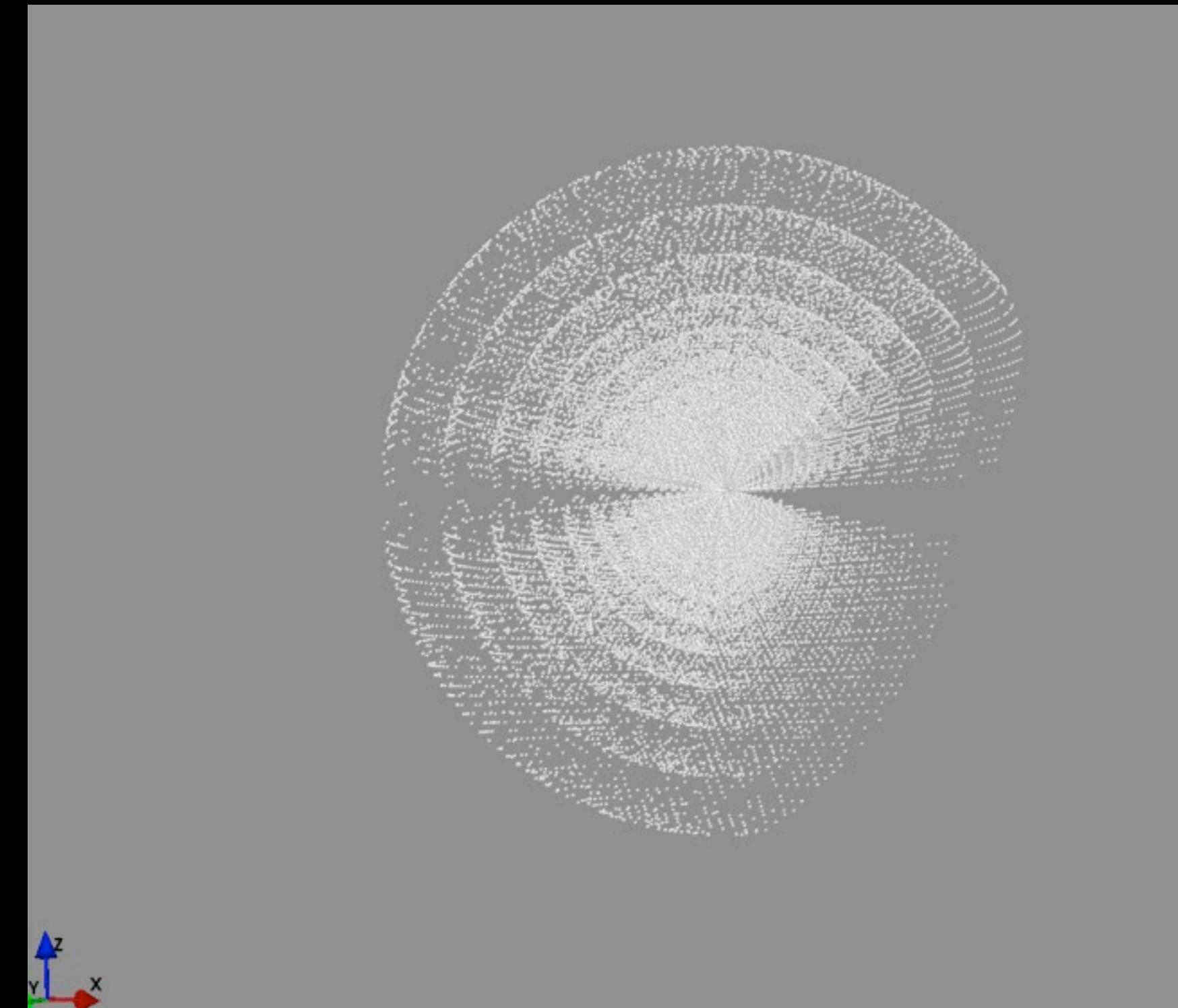


PanSTARRS

Survey Footprint



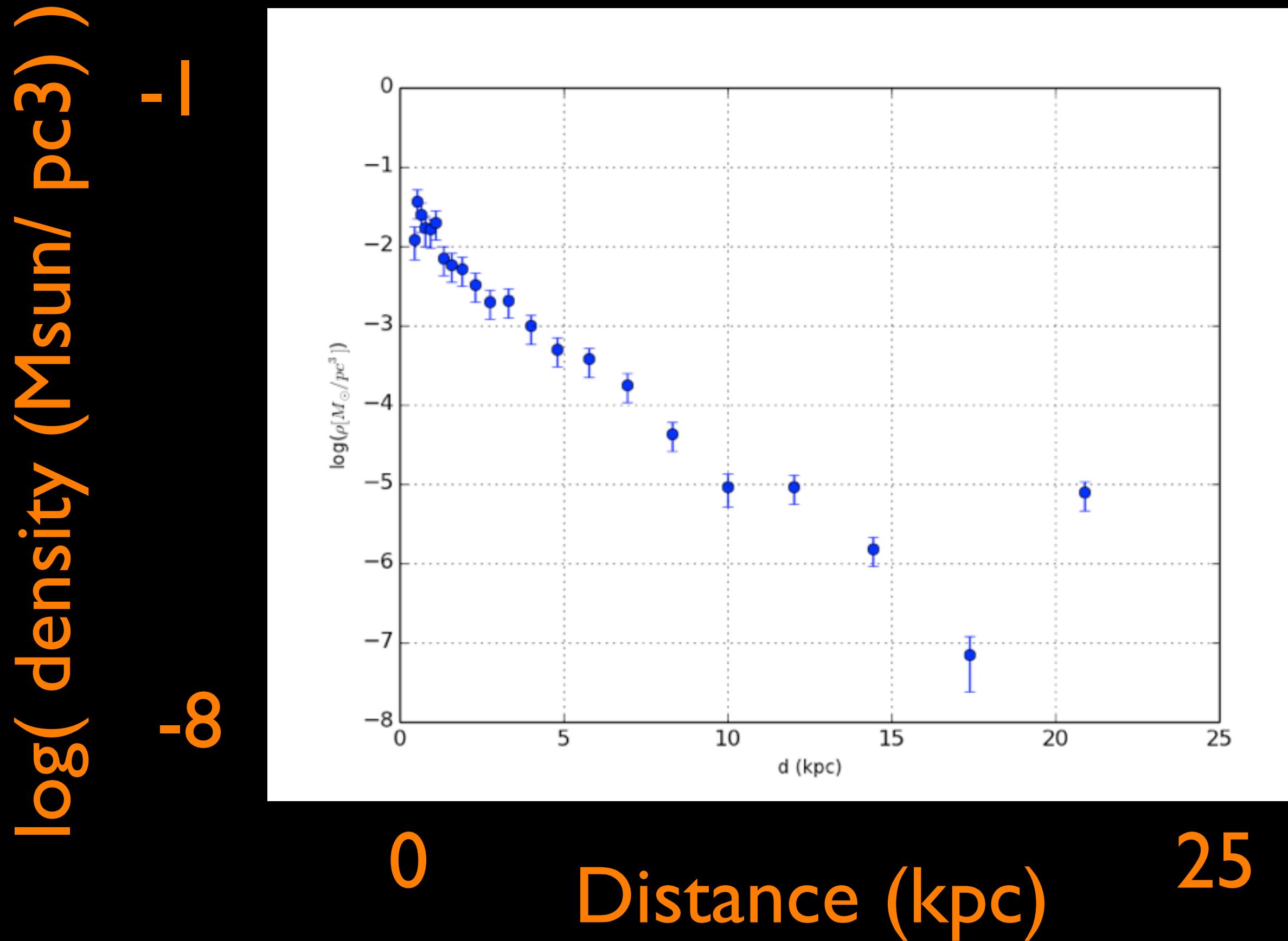
← →
40 kpc



← →
40 kpc

PanSTARRS

Density profiles

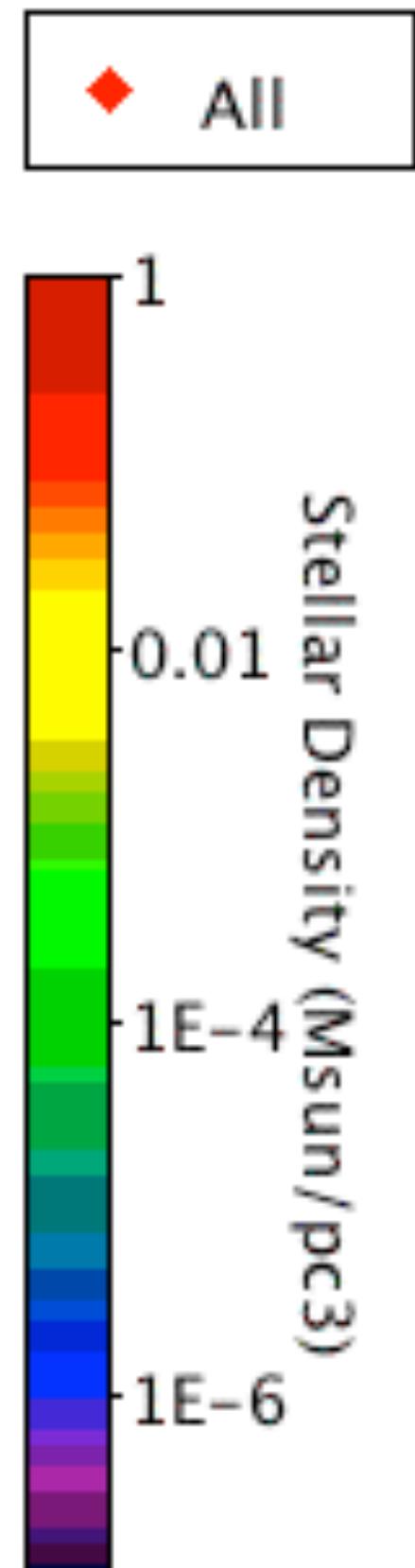
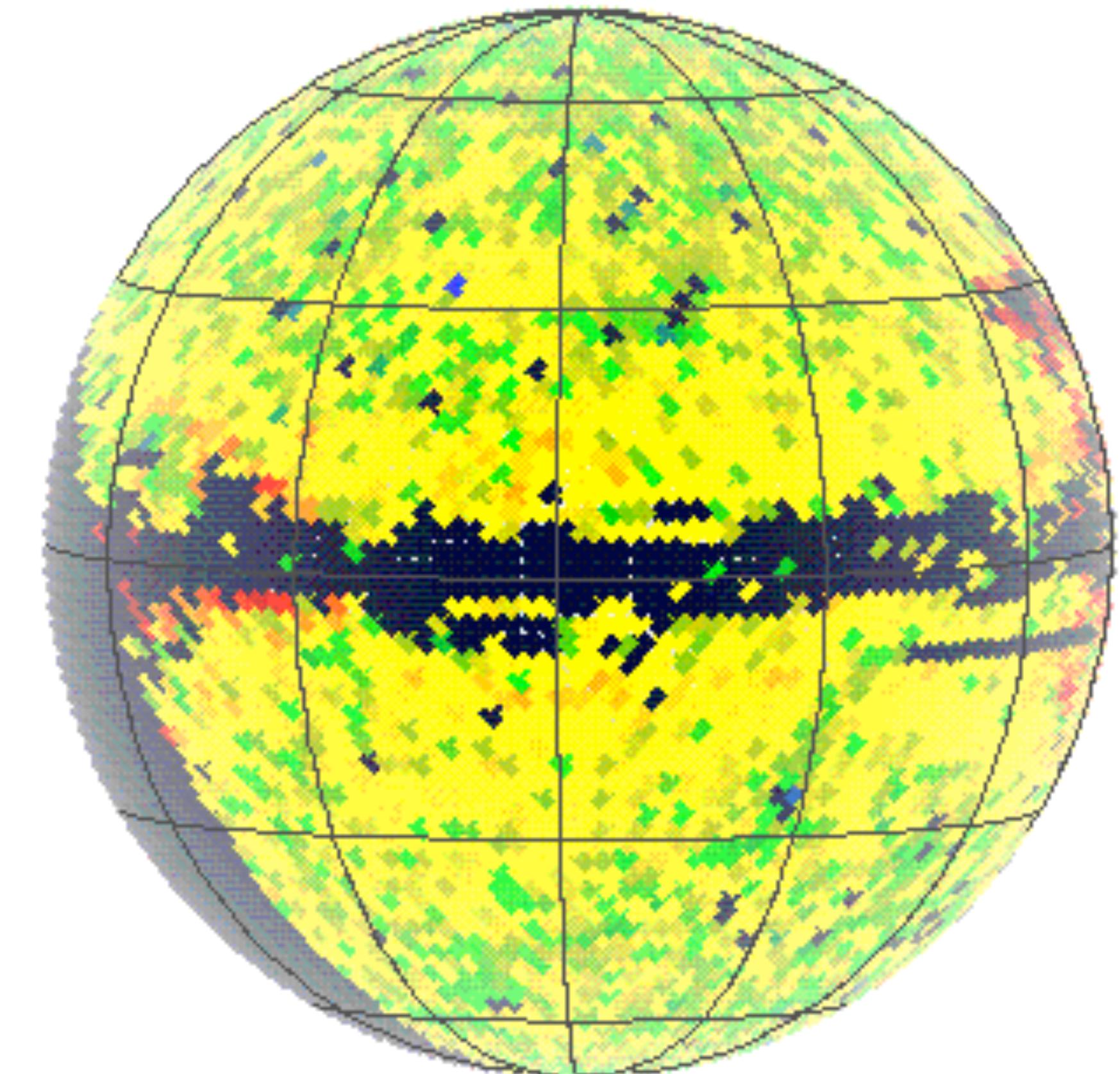


~7500 lines of sight
~160,000 density measurements

PanSTARRS

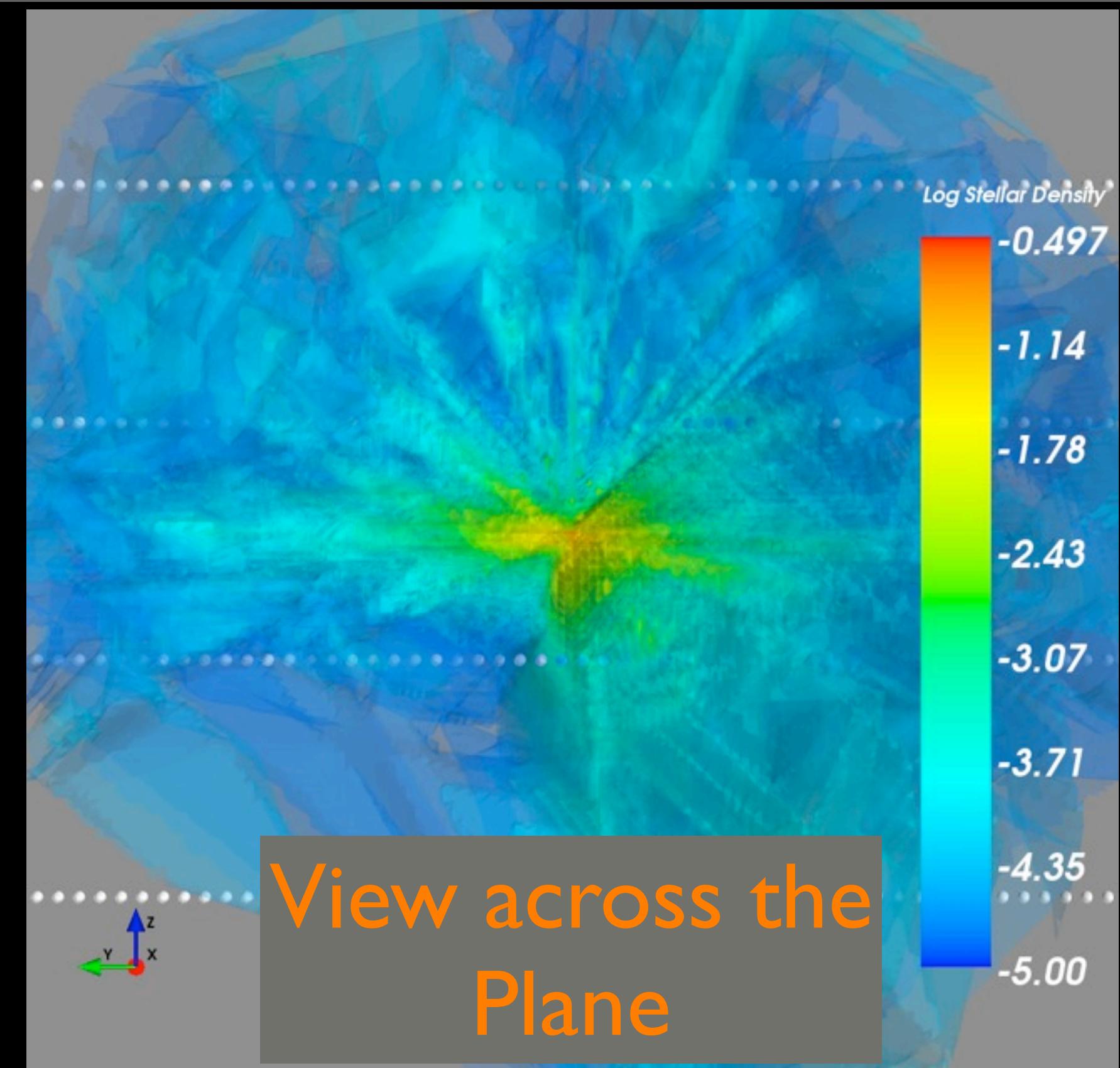
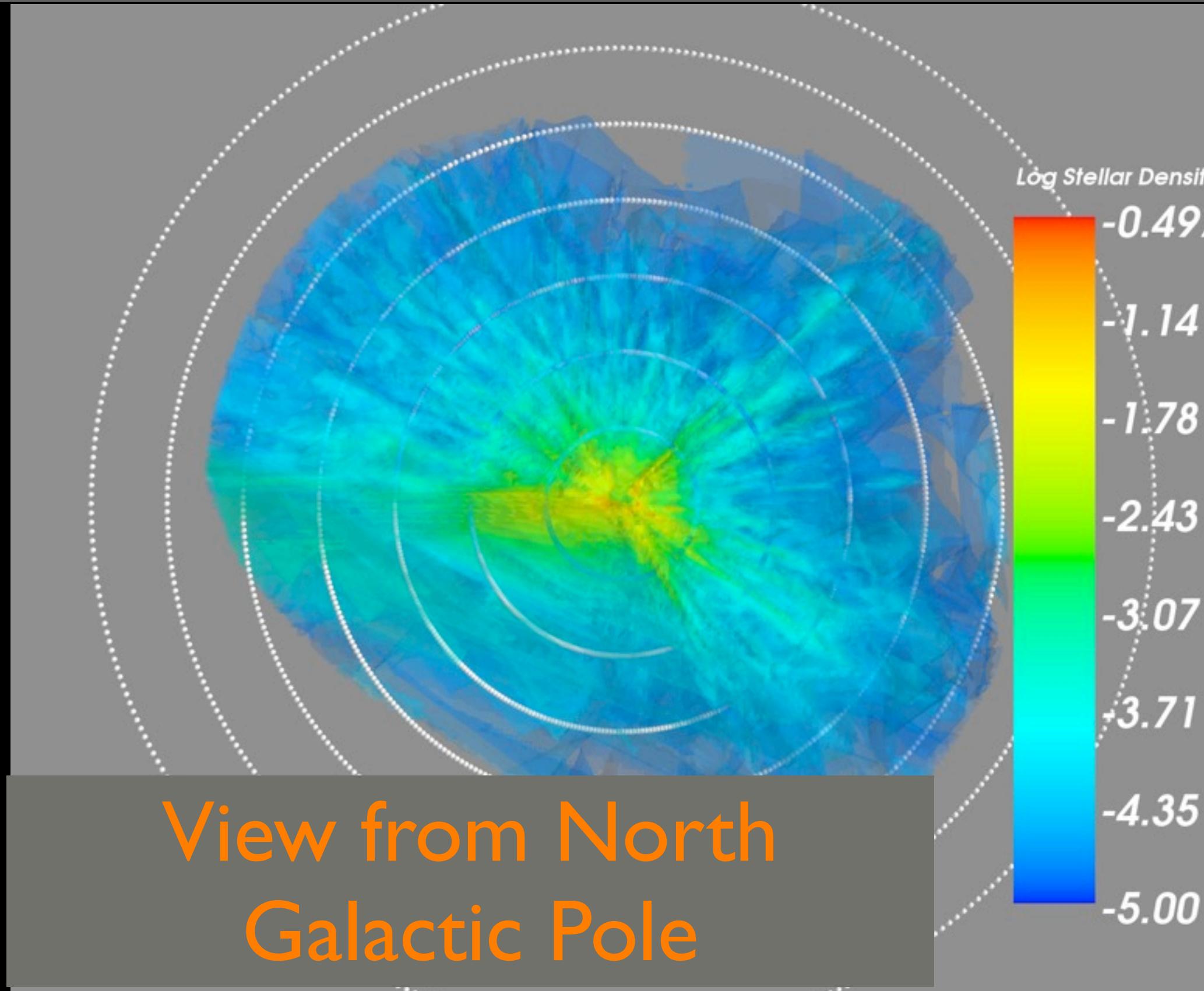
Density profiles

436 pc



PanSTARRS

Density profiles



Conclusion

- CMD fitting allows stellar density profiles of the Milky Way to be generated
- PanSTARRS with its enormous coverage including going so close to the Plane is the best opportunity to study the Disk and Halo
- A new density model of the MW has been generated with 160,000 measurements
- New insights into the outer disk and halo will be uncovered, ... watch this space.