

The impact of bars on disk breaks as probed by S⁴G

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Kartik Sheth, Armando Gil de Paz, Sharon Meidt
+ the S⁴G team

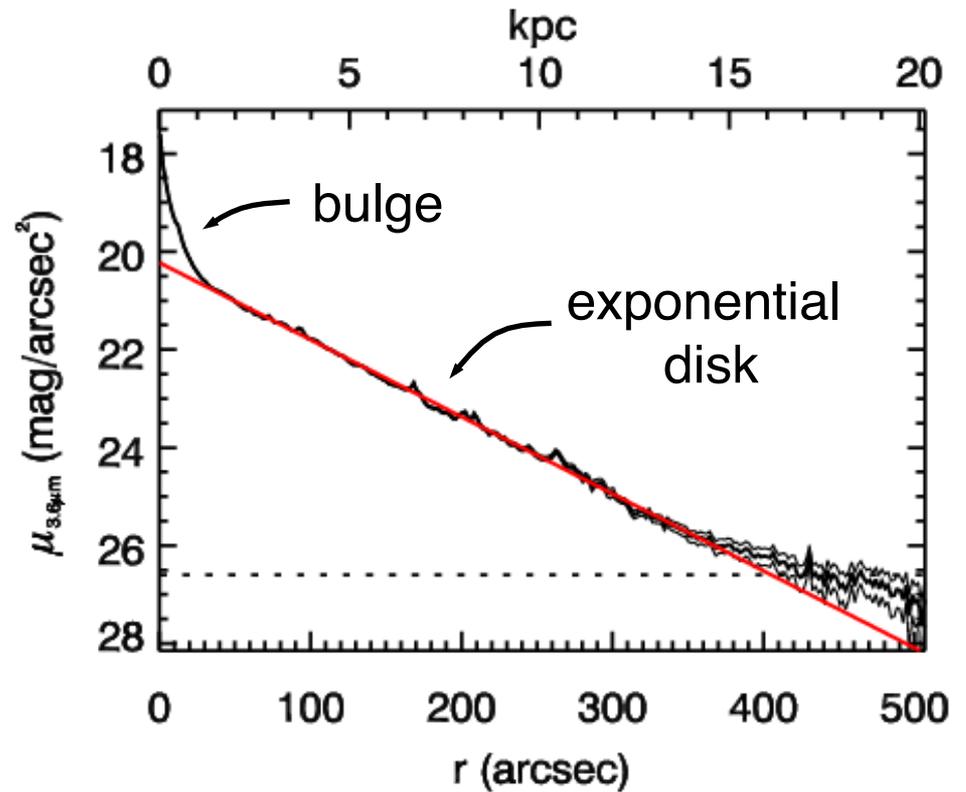
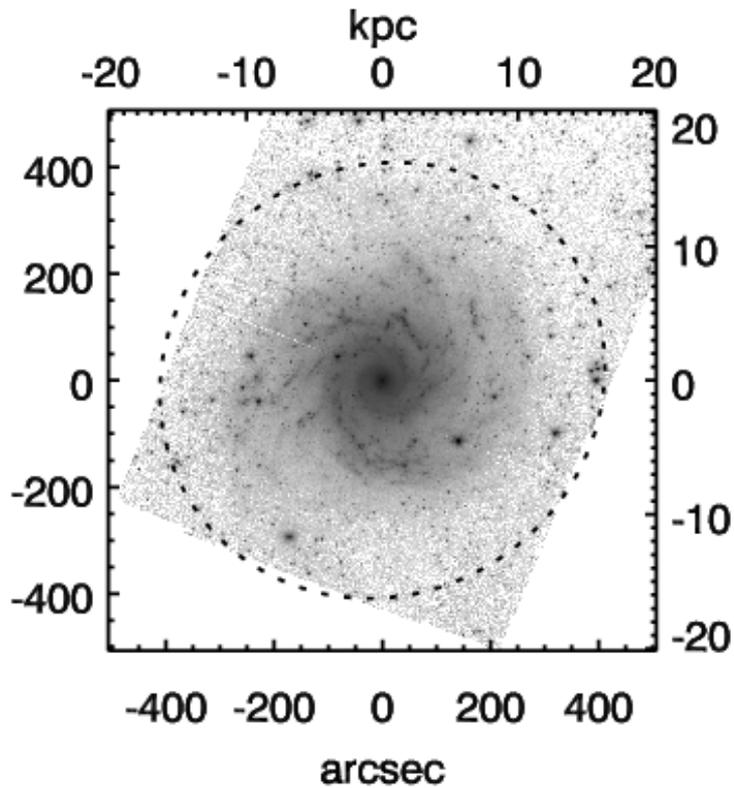


Deconstructing galaxies

Nov 18-22 2013

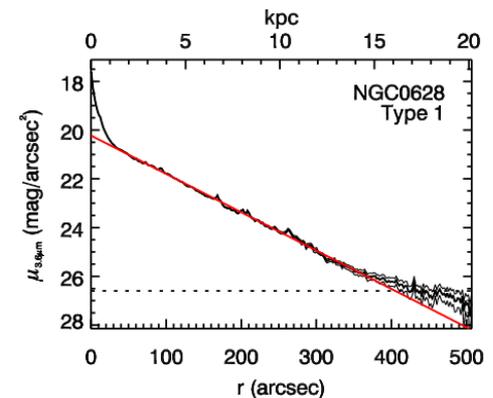
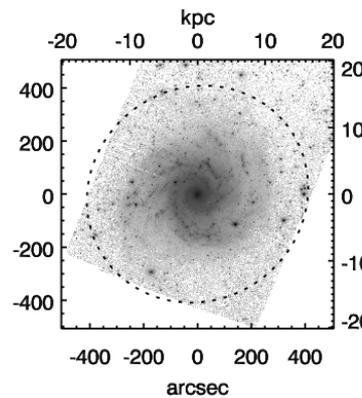
Santiago de Chile

Galactic disks are exponential...

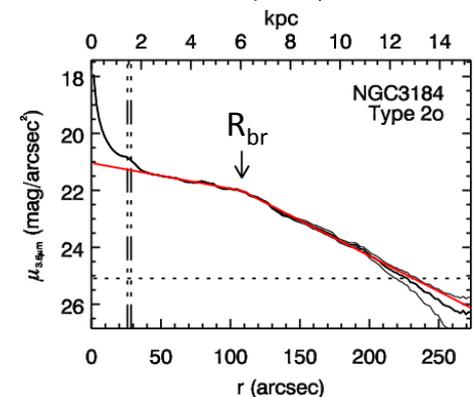
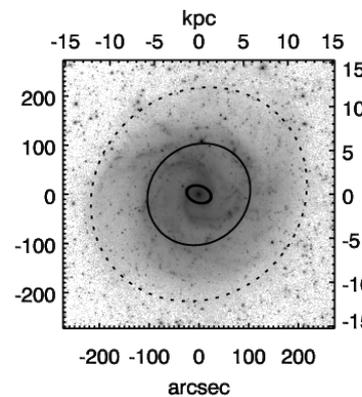


...or are they?

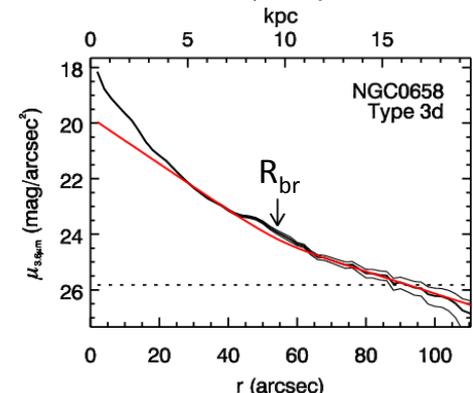
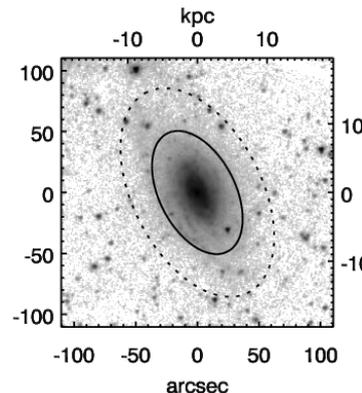
❖ Type I (10%)
Single exponential



❖ Type II (60%)
Downbending exponential



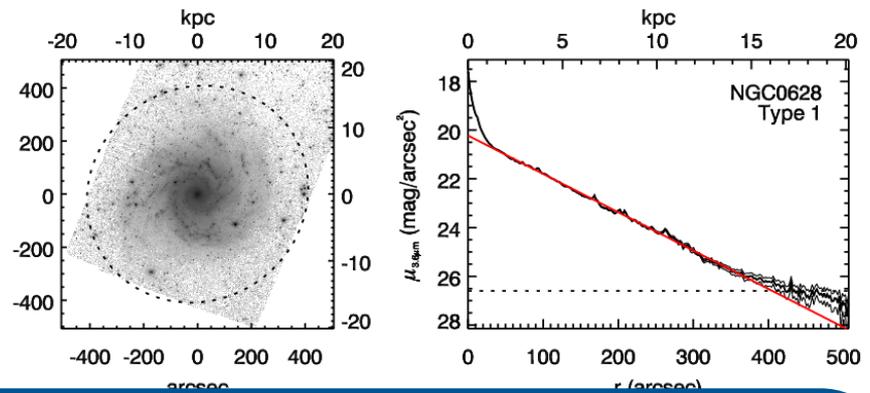
❖ Type III (30%)
Upbending exponential



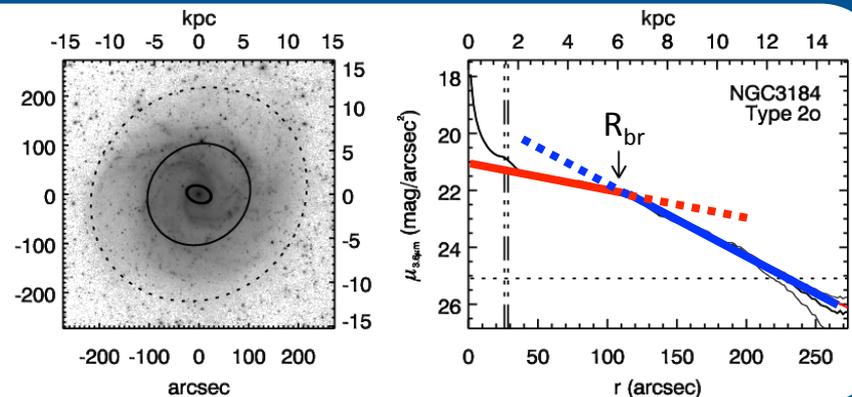
See Pohlen & Trujillo (2006);
Erwin et al. (2008)

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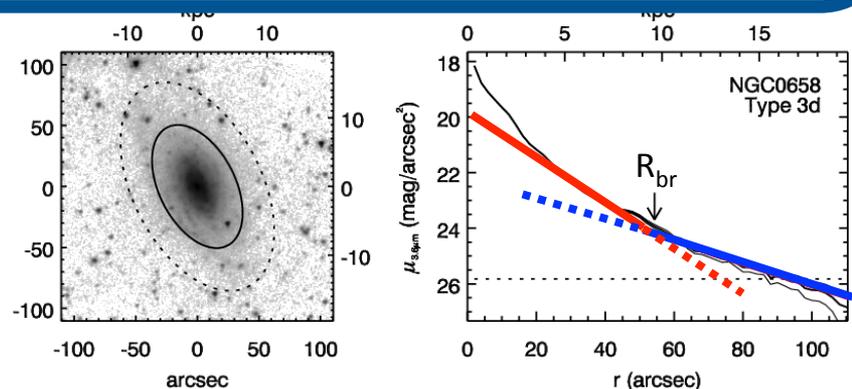
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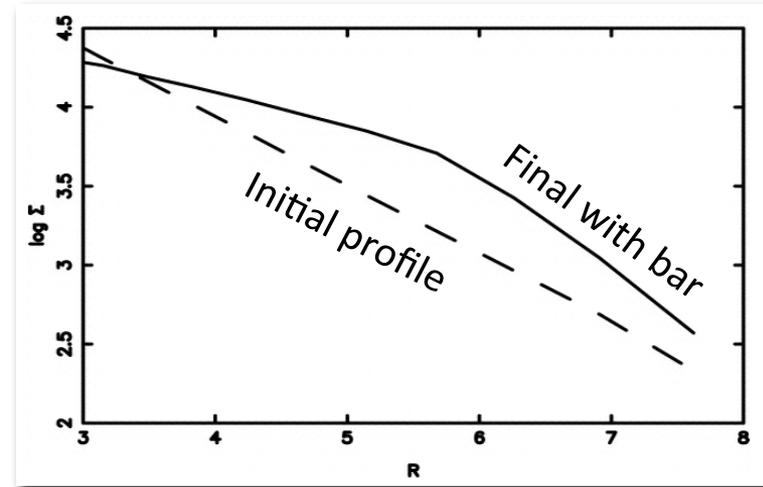
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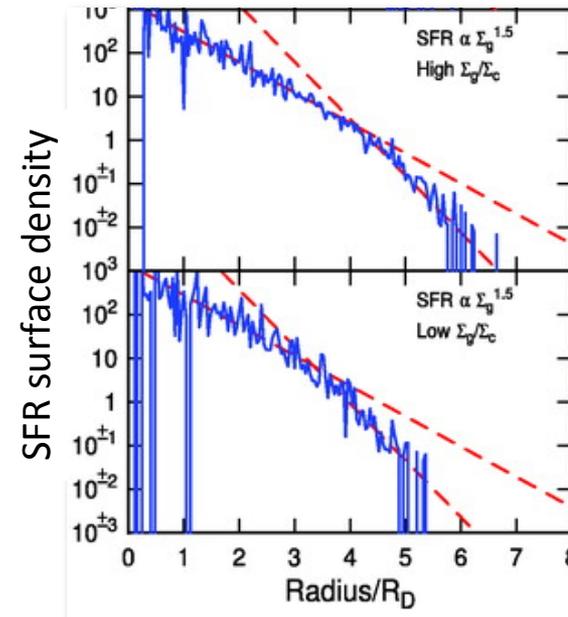
See Pohlen & Trujillo (2006);
Erwin et al. (2008)

Explanations for disk breaks come in two flavors

- ❖ Redistribution of angular momentum by bars and/or spirals.
- ❖ Star formation related mechanisms.

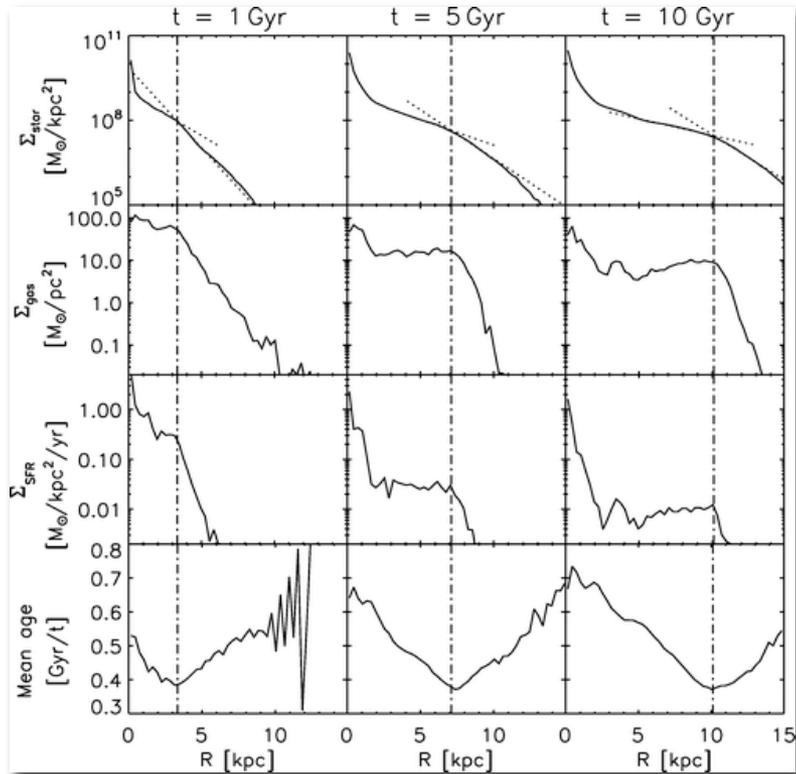


Debatista et al. (2006)

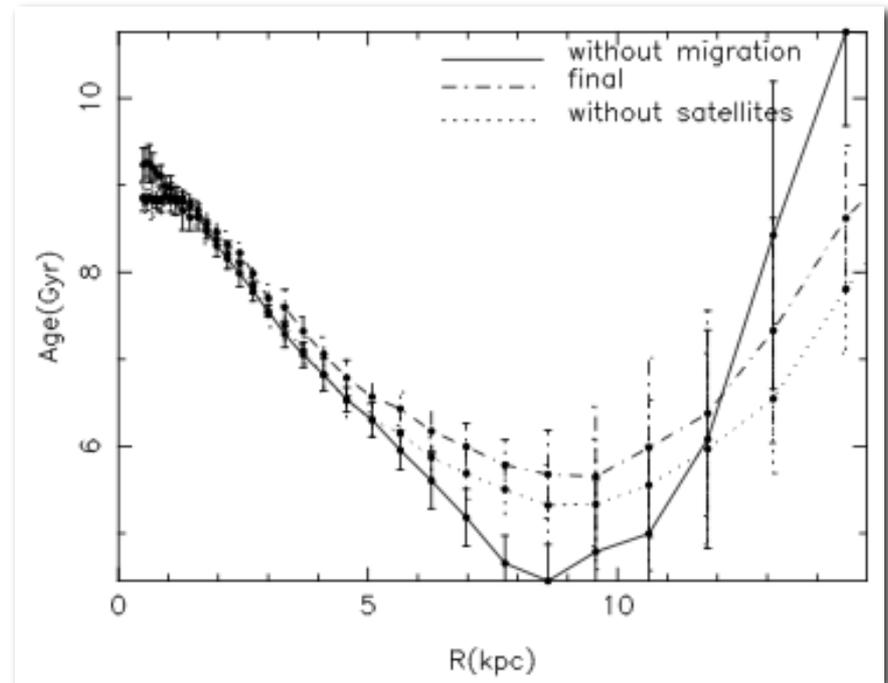


Elmegreen & Hunter (2006)

Lots of old stars beyond the break!



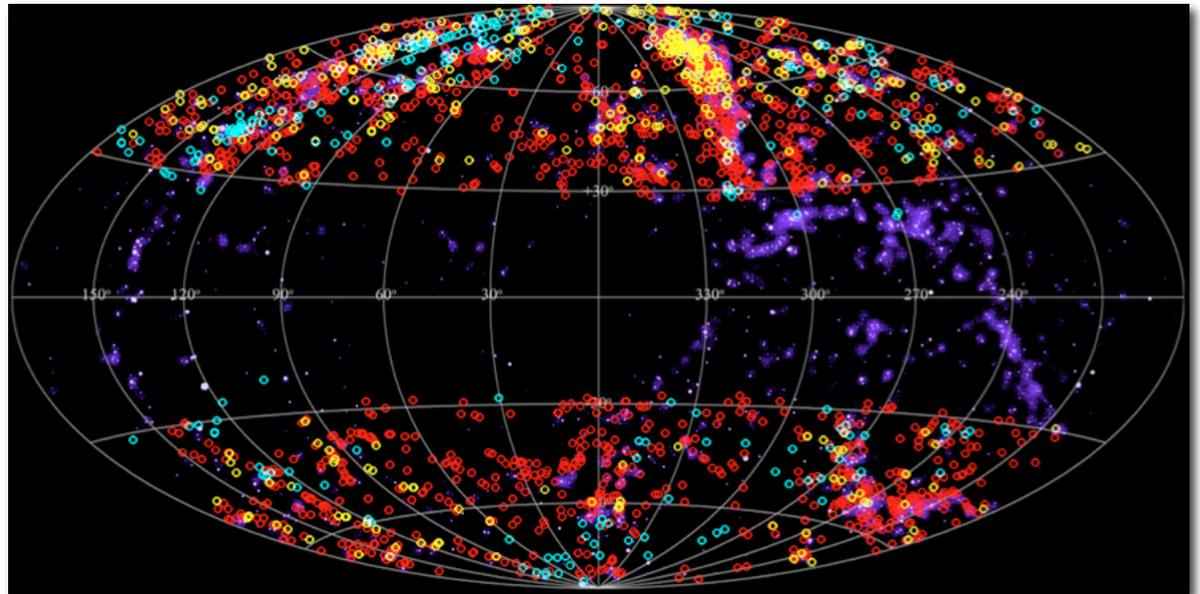
Roskar et al. (2008)
Idealized disk



Sánchez-Blázquez et al. (2009)
Full cosmological simulation

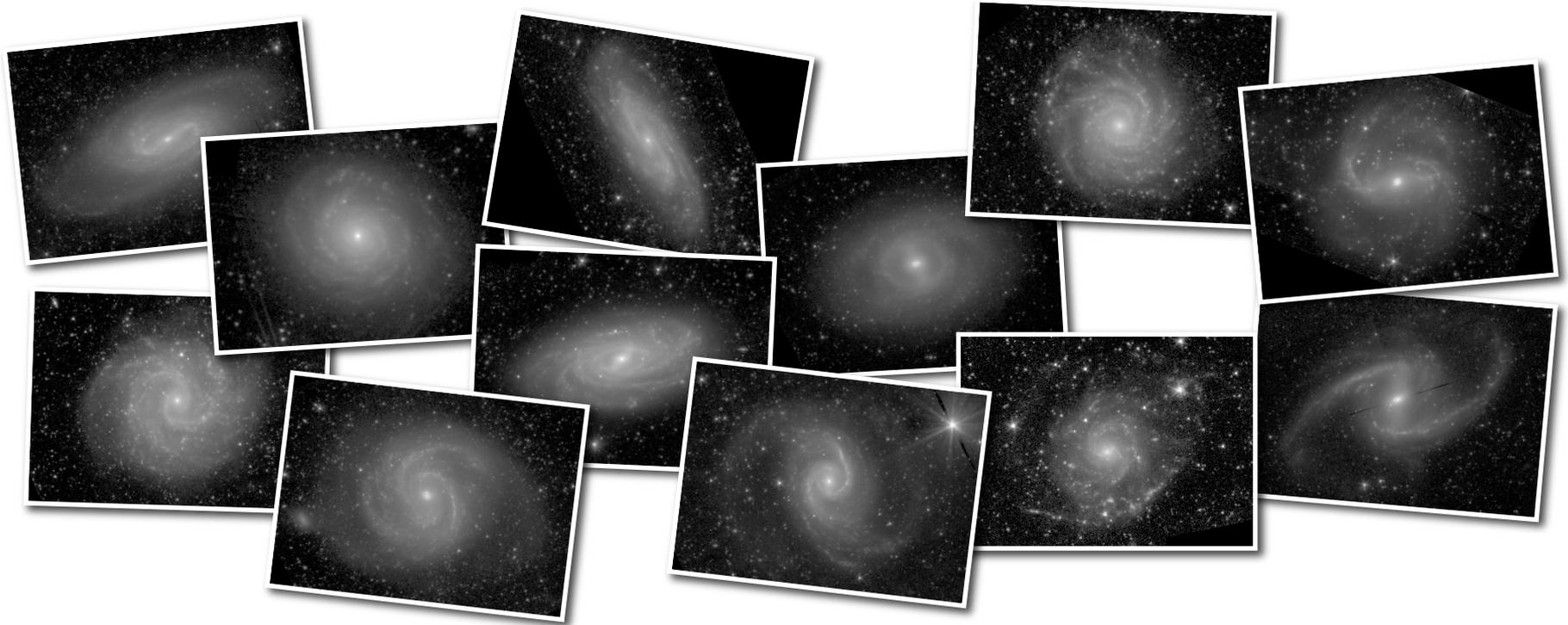
The S⁴G survey

- ❖ Spitzer Survey of Stellar Structure in Galaxies (Sheth et al. 2010).
 - Legacy Science Exploration Program.
 - 637.2 hrs
 - 4 min/pixel
 - $\mu_{3.6\mu\text{m}} \sim 27 \text{ ABmags/arcsec}^2$ ($\sim 1 M_{\odot}/\text{pc}^2$)
- ❖ Over 2300 nearby galaxies observed at 3.6 and 4.5 μm .
 - $D < 40 \text{ Mpc}$
 - $|b| > 30^{\circ}$
 - $m_{\text{Bcorr}} < 15.5$
 - $D_{25} > 1'$



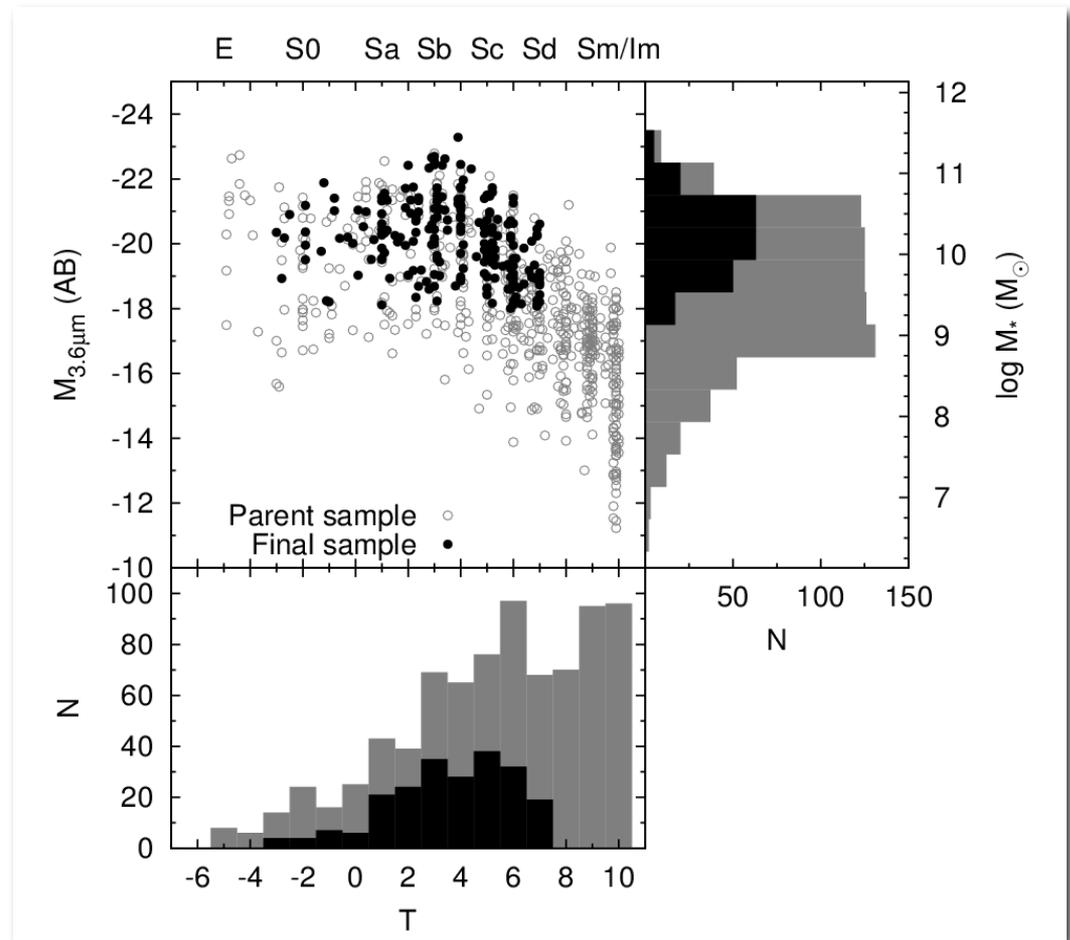
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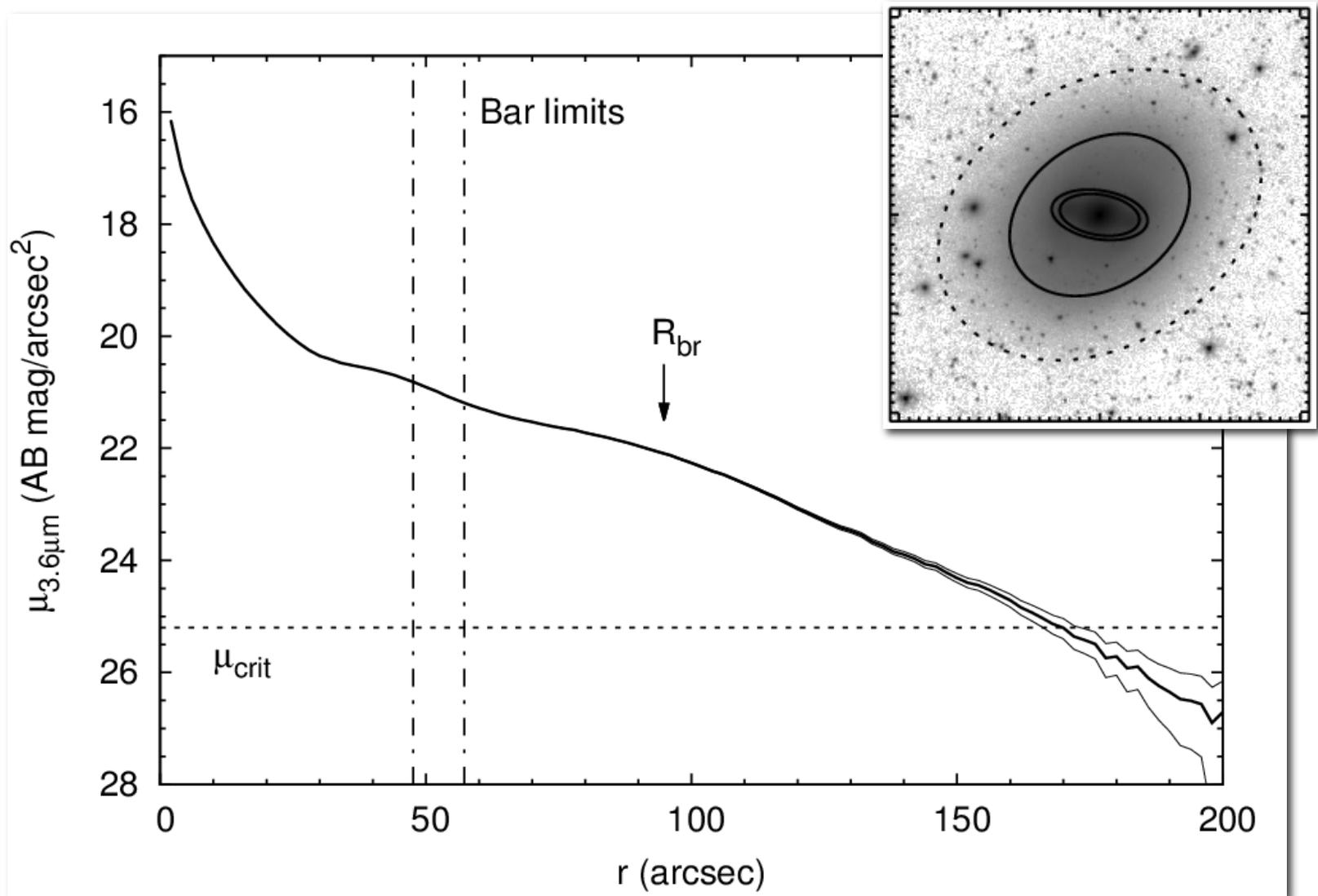
Our working sample

- ❖ Parent sample of +800 disk galaxies.
- ❖ Selection criteria:
 - Face-on ($i < 60^\circ$)
 - Disks (S0 to Sd)
 - $M_* > 2 \times 10^9 M_\odot$
 - No bright stars nor artifacts
- ❖ Final sample of 218 disks.

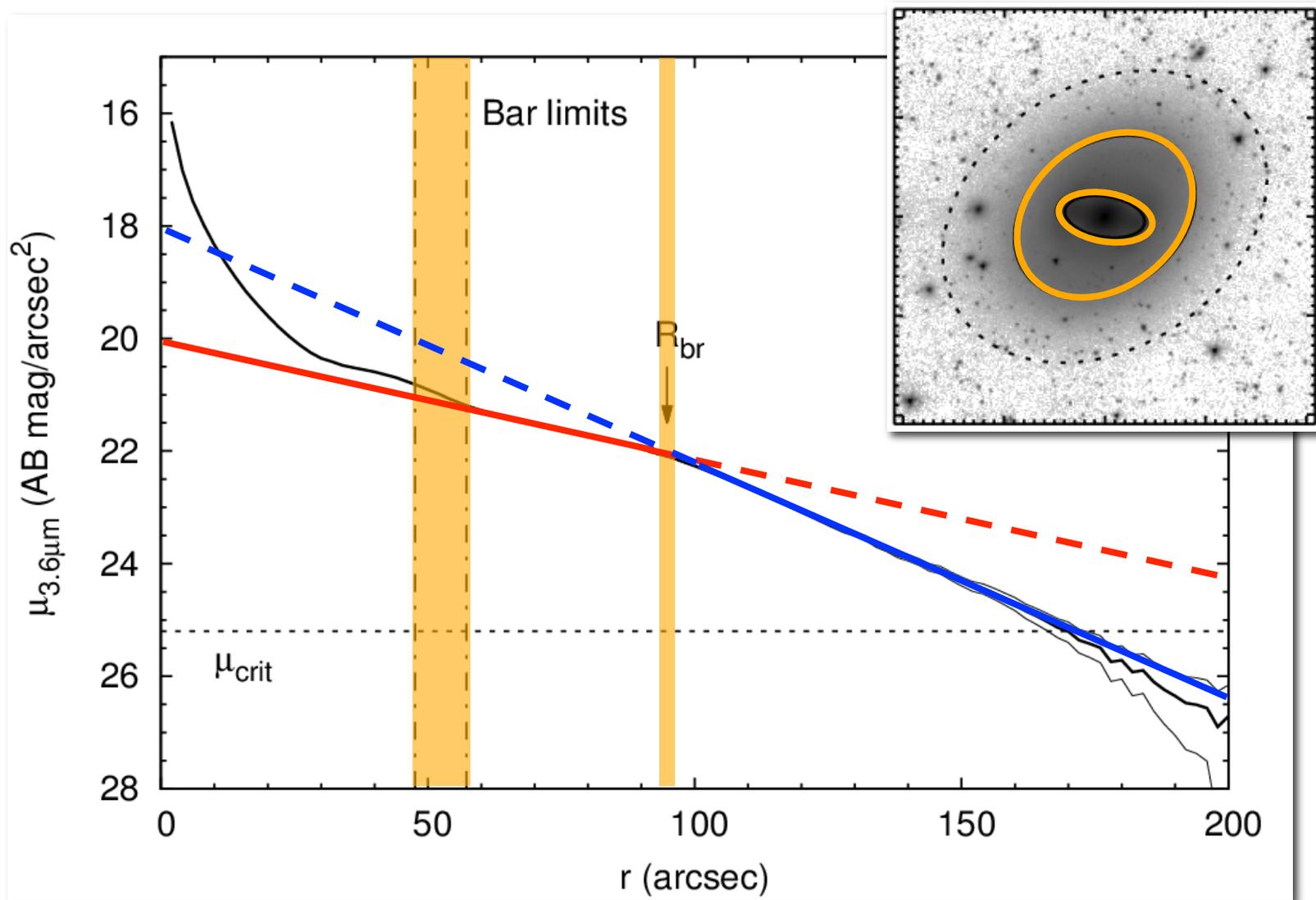


Muñoz-Mateos et al. (2013)

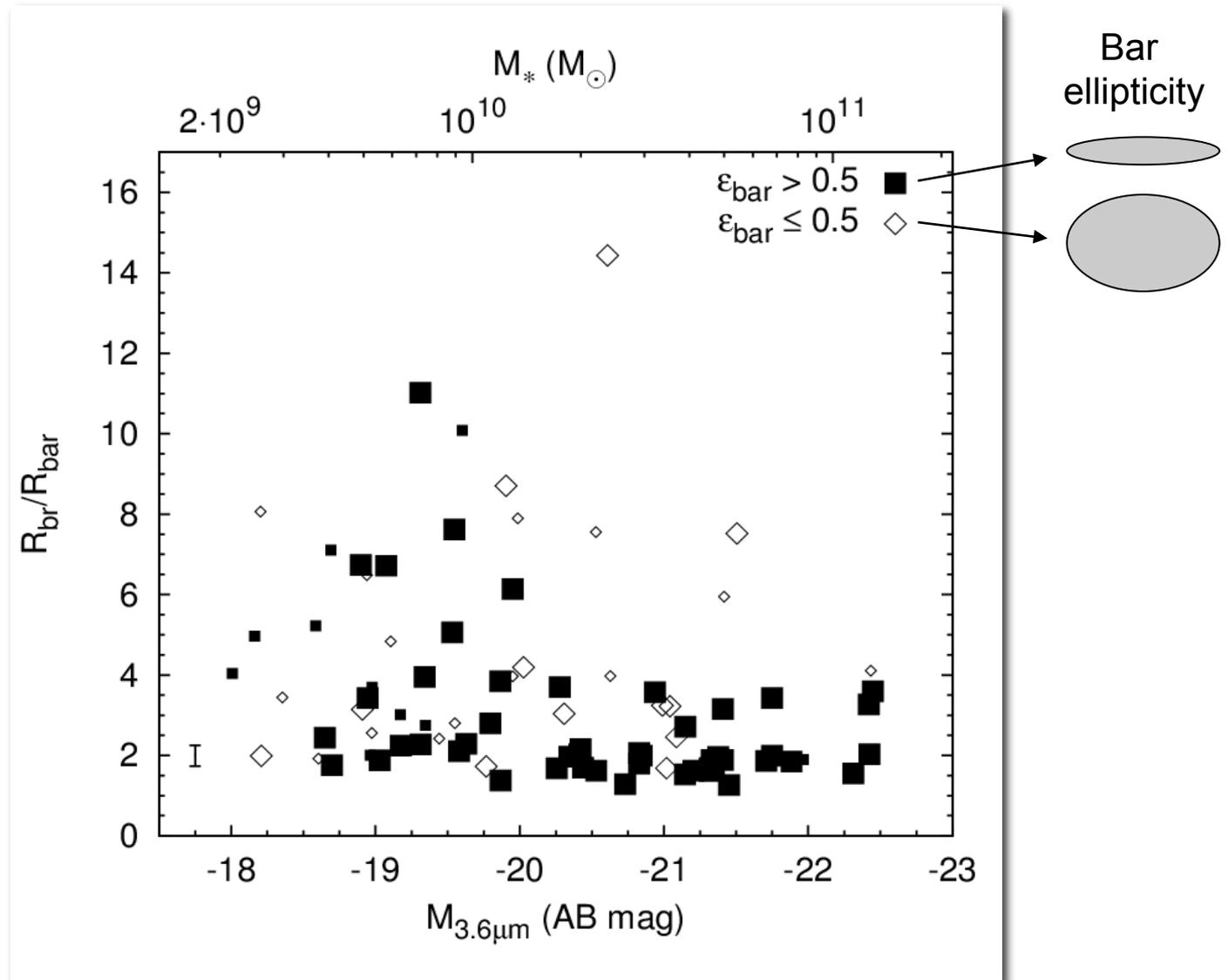
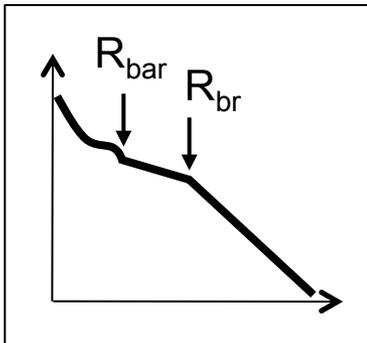
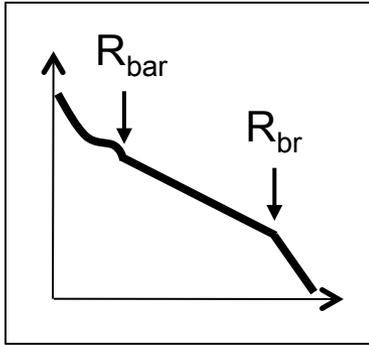
Measuring breaks and bars



Measuring breaks and bars



The break/bar ratio depends on mass



Muñoz-Mateos et al. (2013)

Many breaks lie at the bar OLR

❖ For a flat rotation curve:

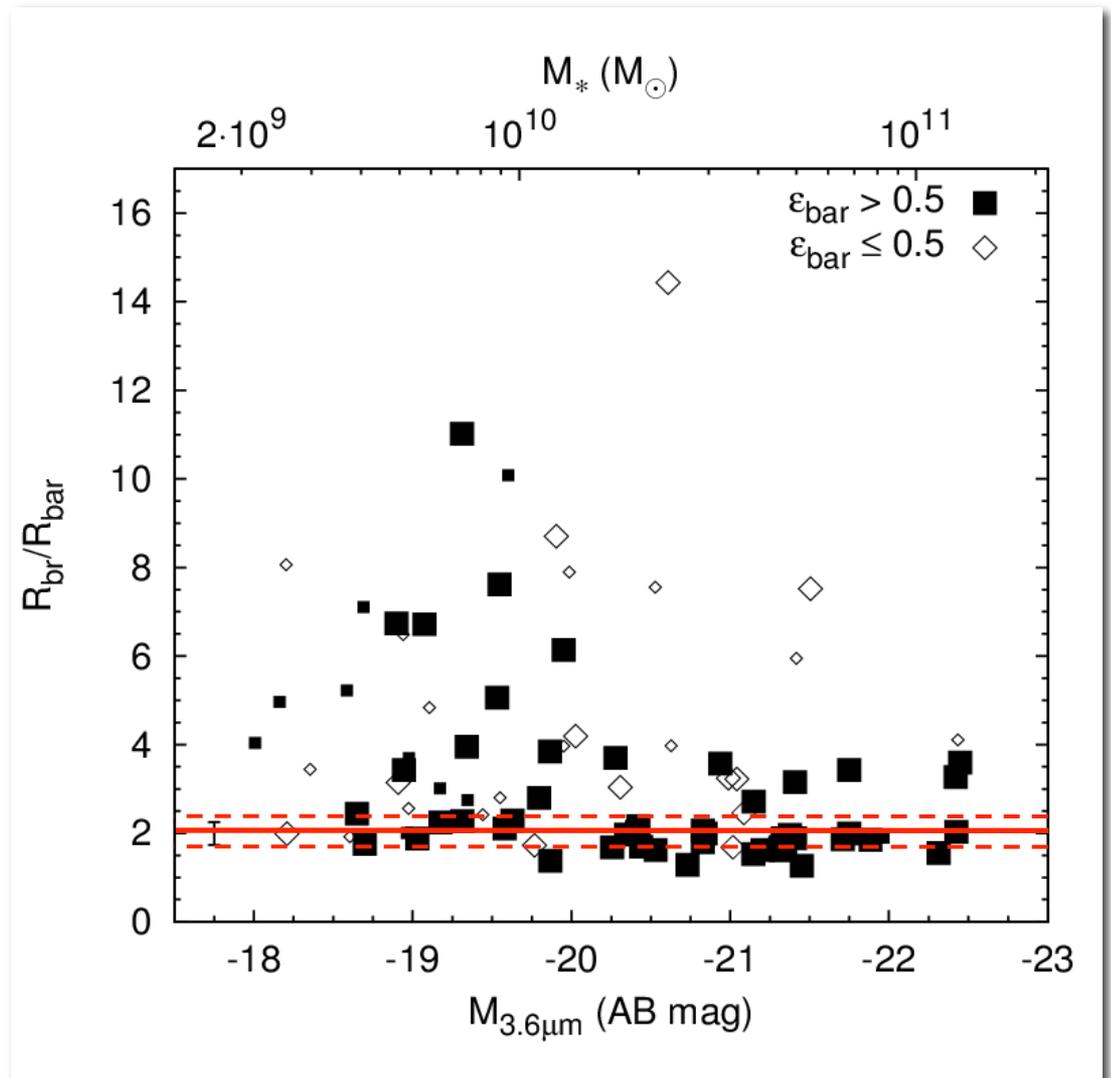
- $V = \text{constant}$
- $\Omega \propto 1/r$
- $R_{\text{OLR}} \sim 1.7 R_{\text{CR}}$

❖ In general:

- $R_{\text{CR}} \sim 1.2 R_{\text{bar}}$
(e.g. Elmegreen et al. 1996)

❖ Therefore:

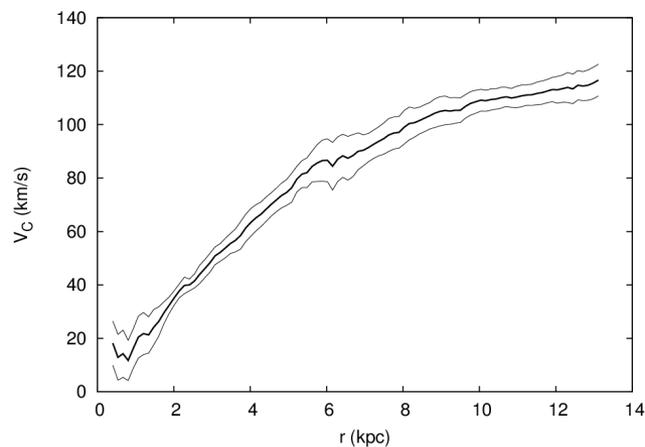
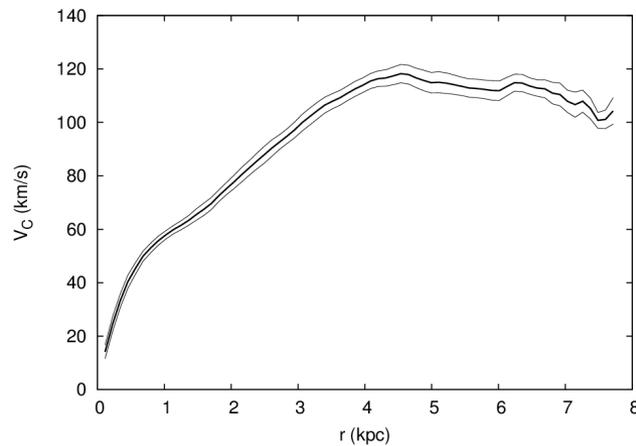
- $R_{\text{OLR}} \sim 2 R_{\text{bar}}$



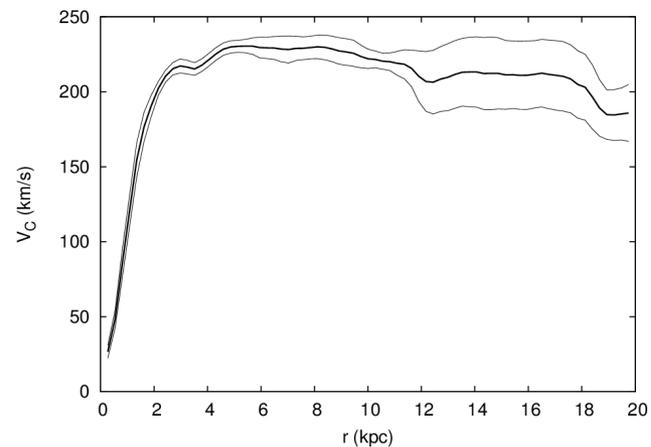
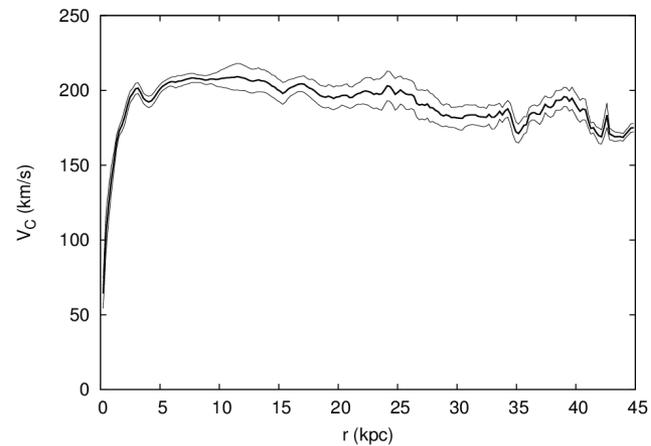
Muñoz-Mateos et al. (2013)

Rotation curves are not always flat

Low mass

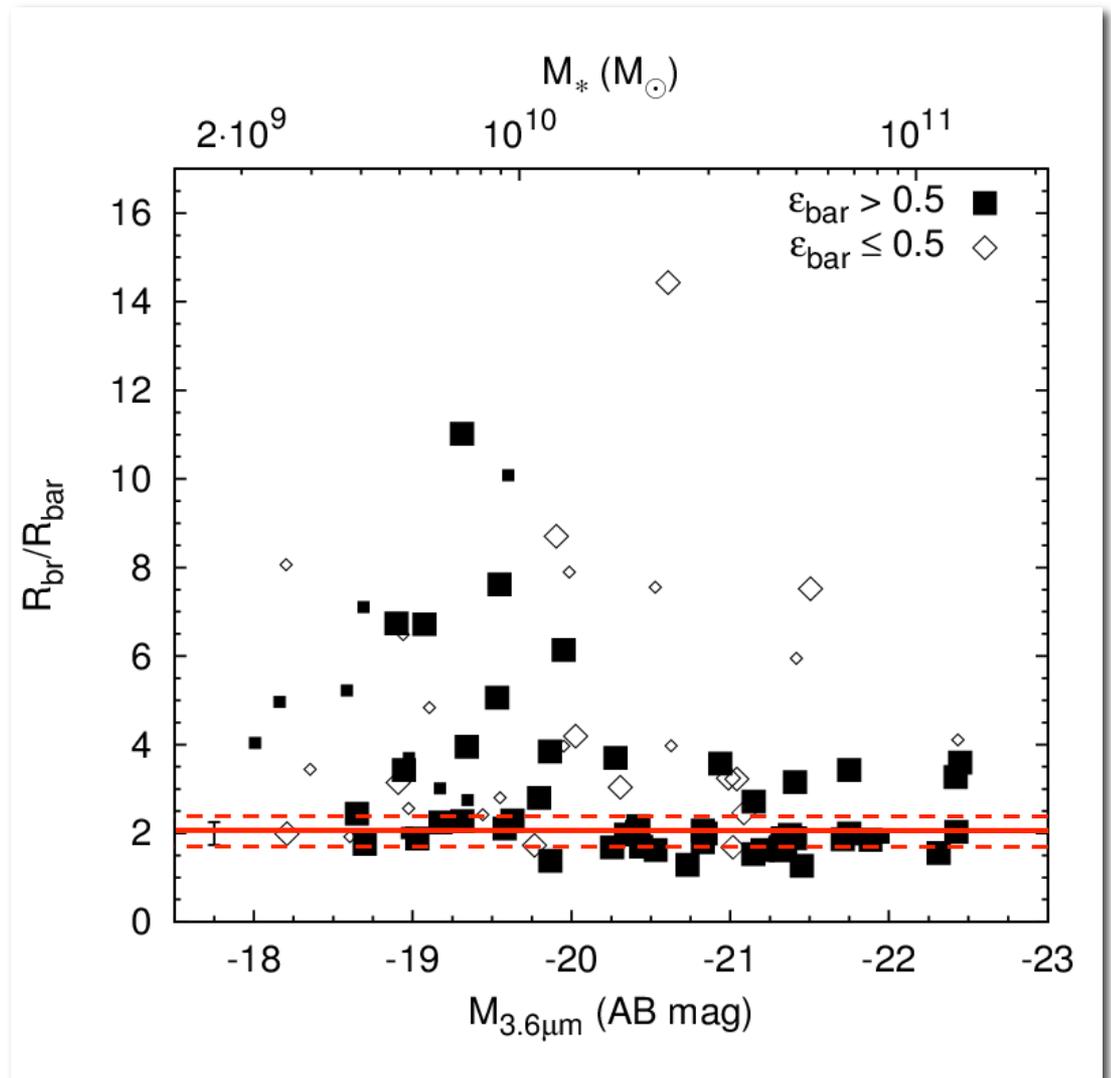


High mass



de Blok et al. (2008)

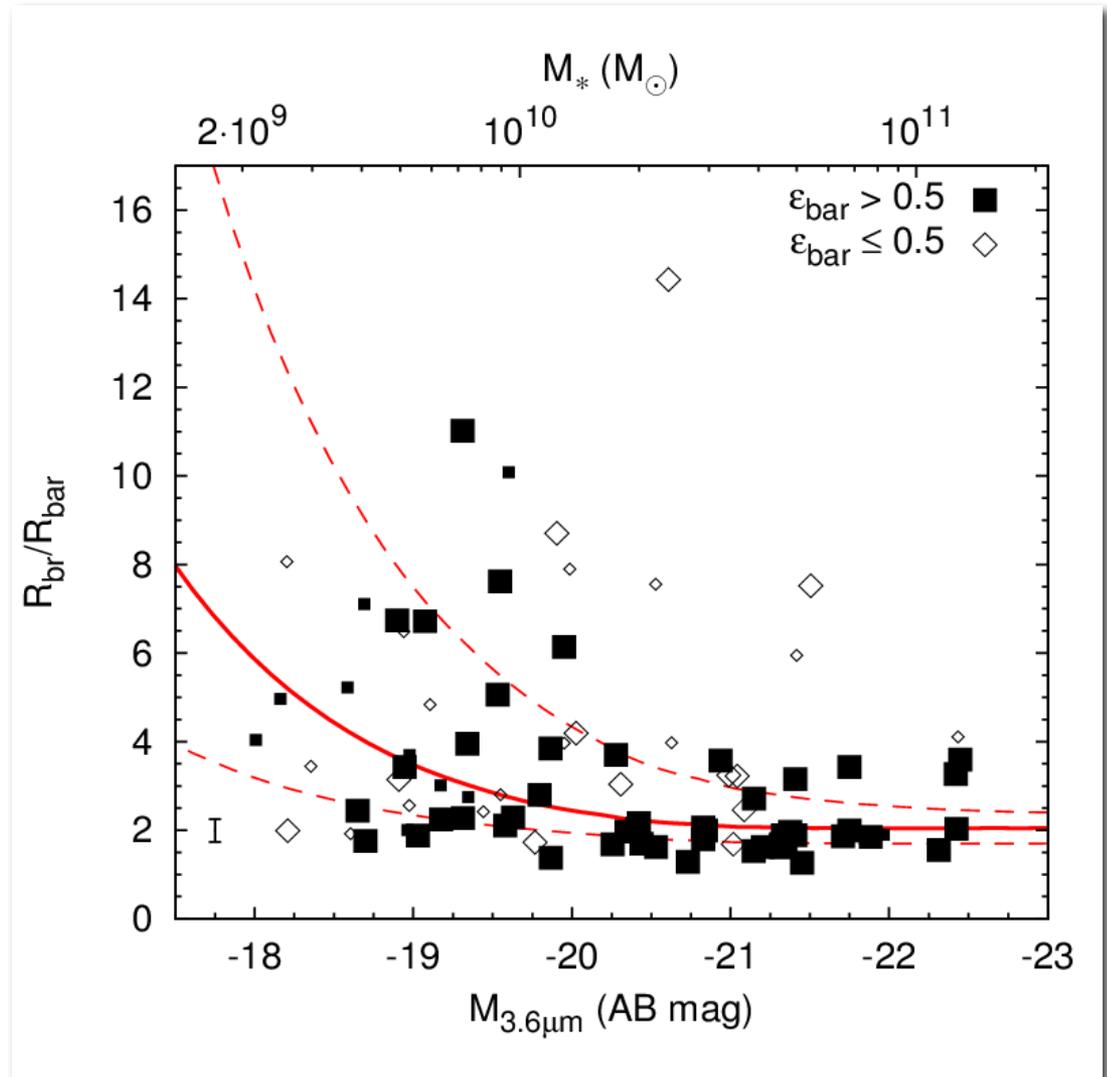
Rising rotation curves push the OLR further out



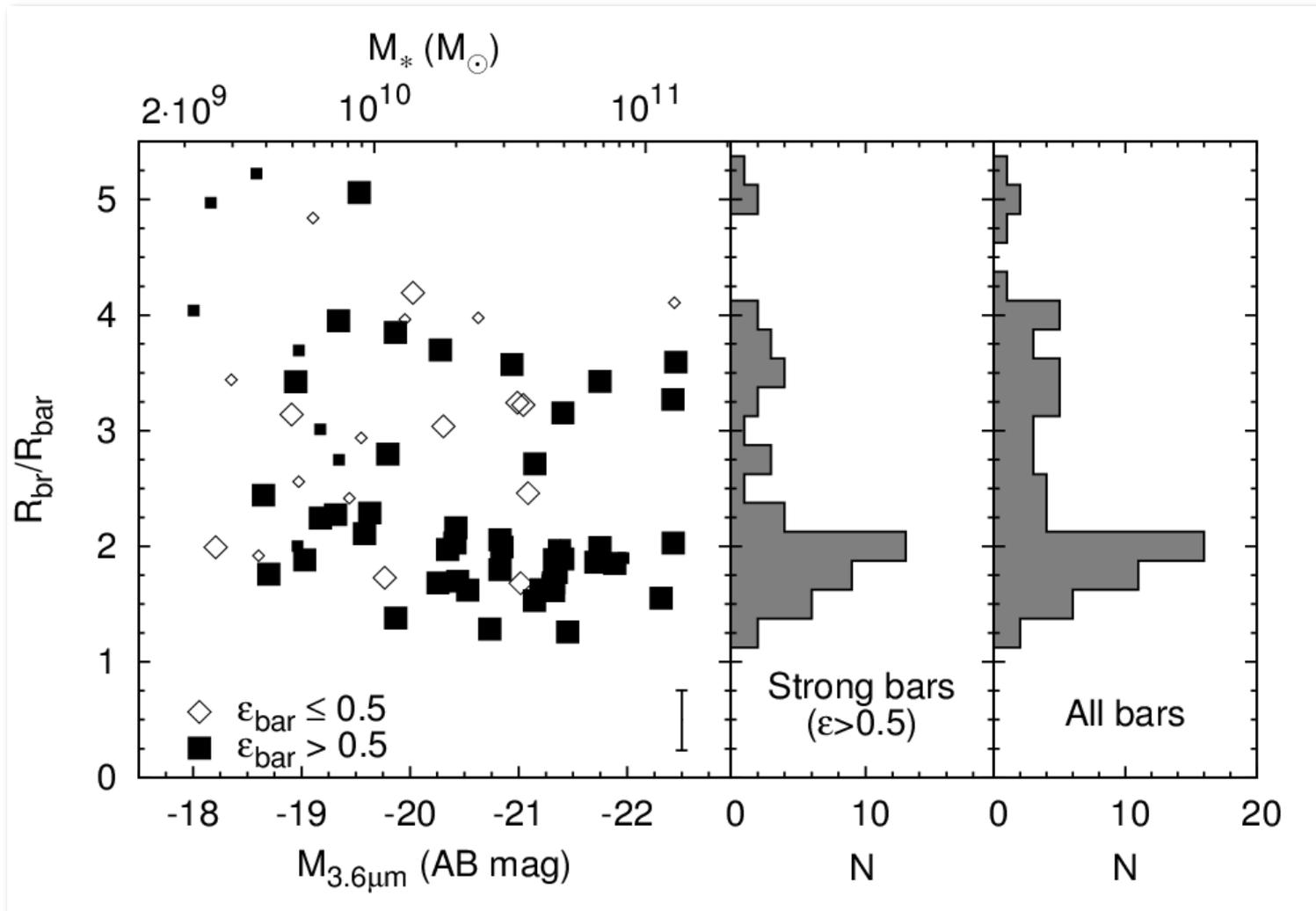
Muñoz-Mateos et al. (2013)

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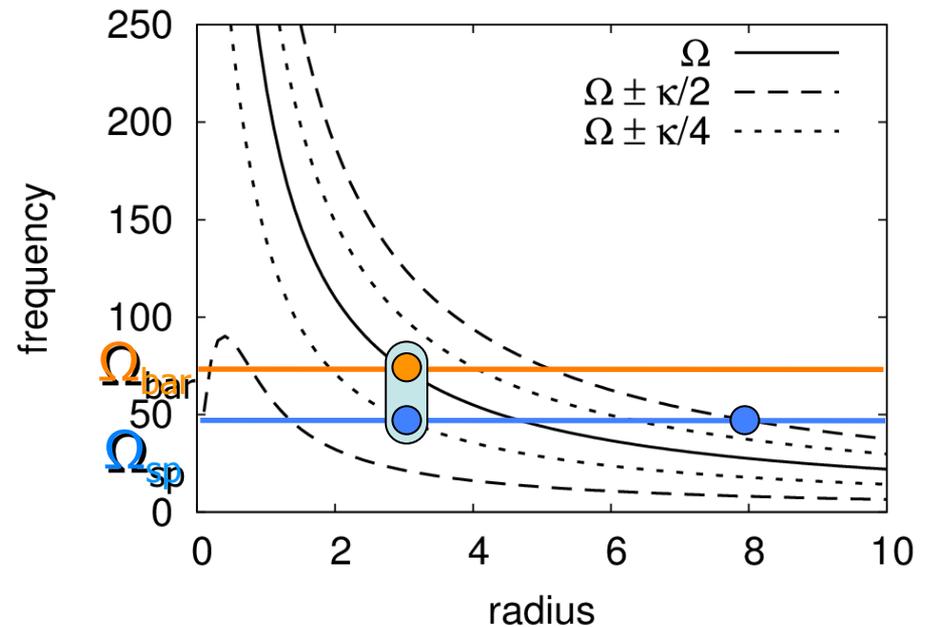
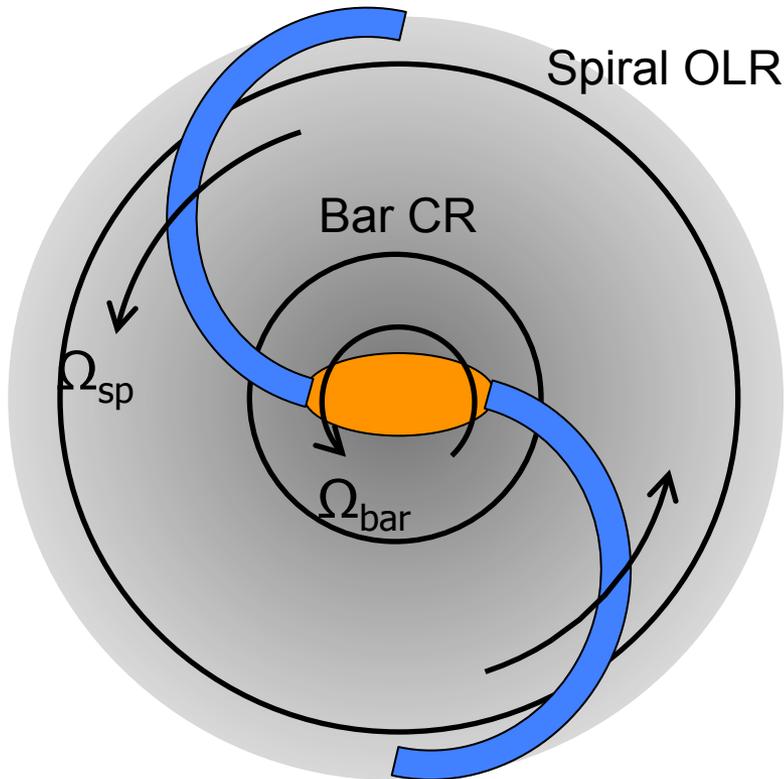
- ❖ Breaks at large radii in low-mass disks could still have a dynamical origin!



A second family of breaks at $3-4 R_{\text{bar}}$



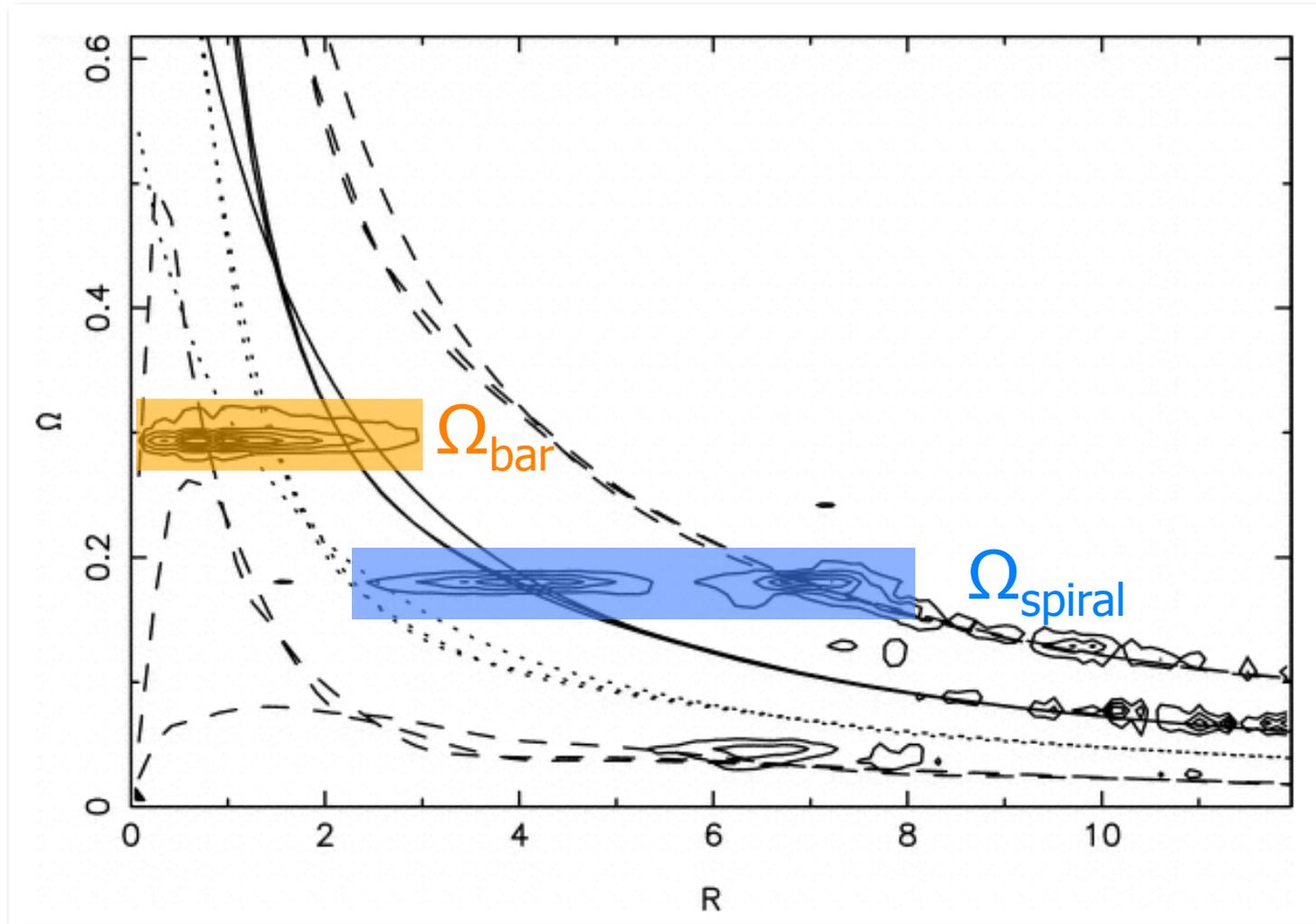
Bars and spiral arms can couple



❖ The bar and spiral pattern speeds can be different.

❖ If resonances overlap, angular momentum is carried much further out!

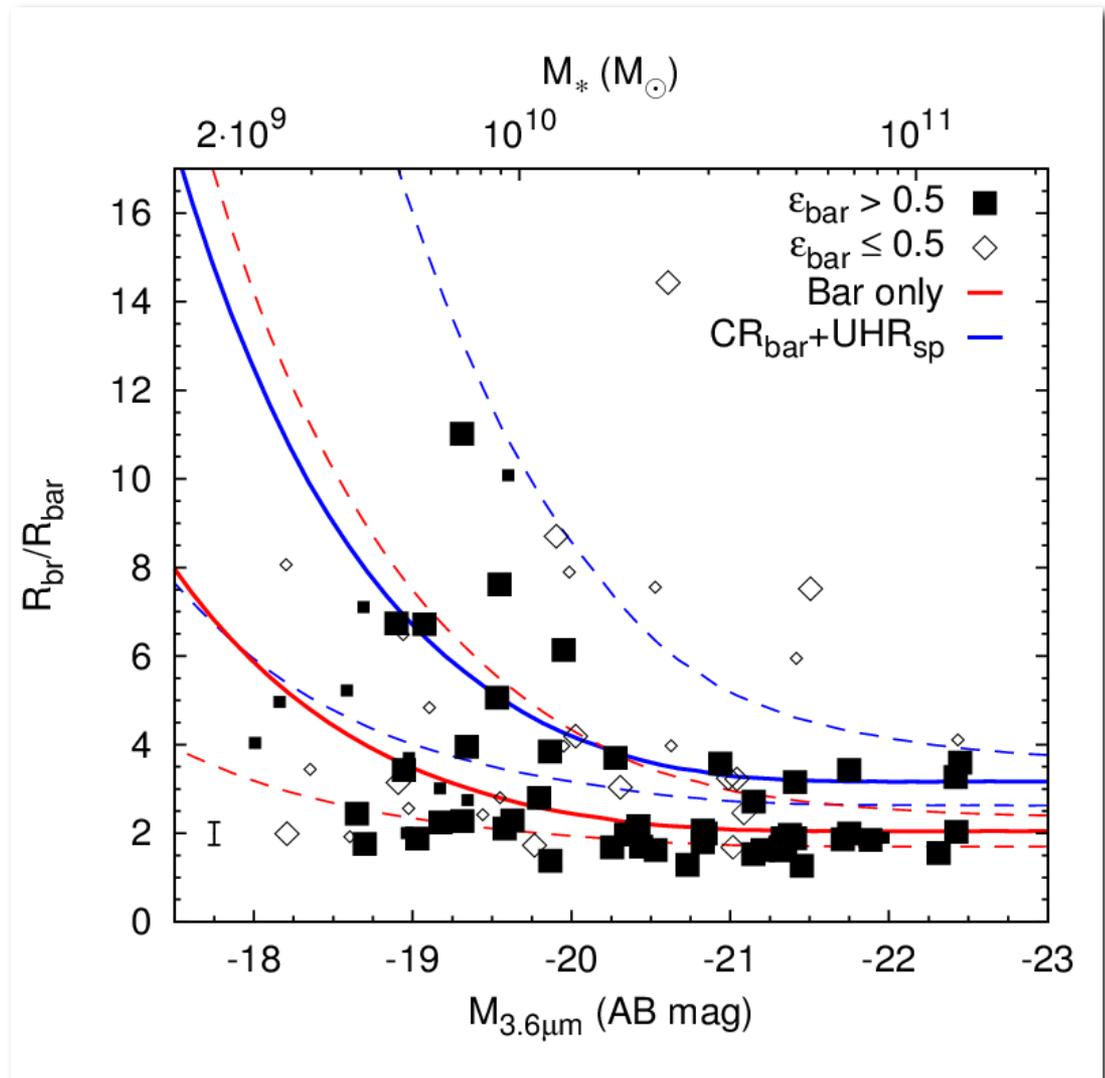
Bars and spiral arms can couple



Debattista et al. (2006)

Bar/spiral coupling can yield breaks at large radius

- ❖ More efficient than a single pattern.
- ❖ Radial mixing in only ~ 3 Gyrs!
(Minchev et al. 2010).

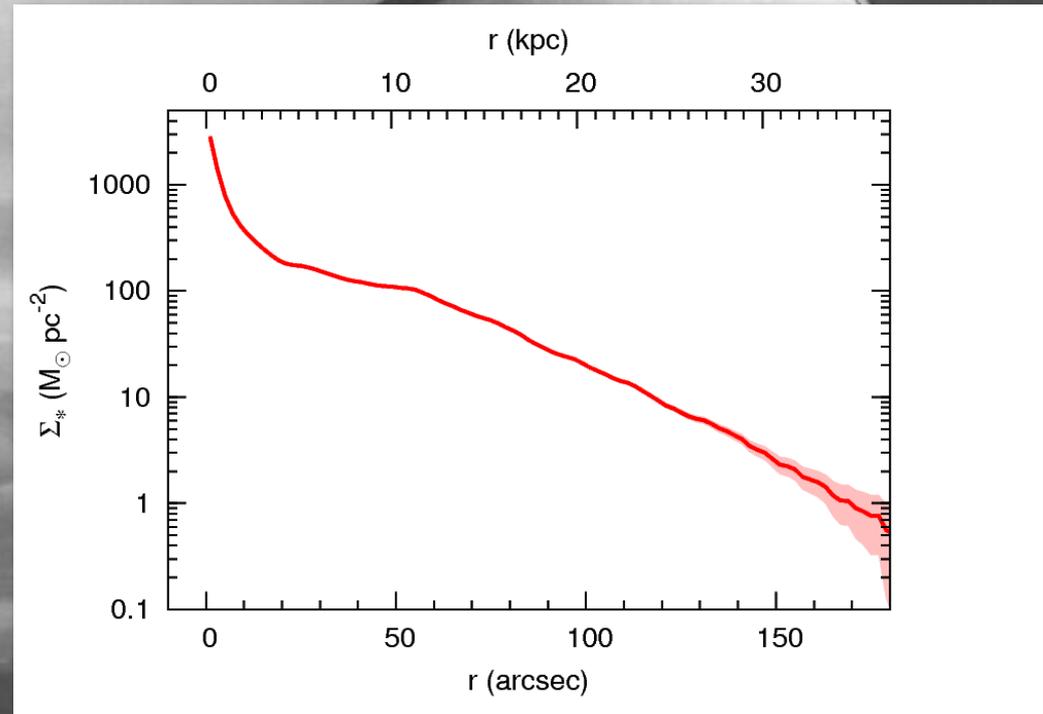
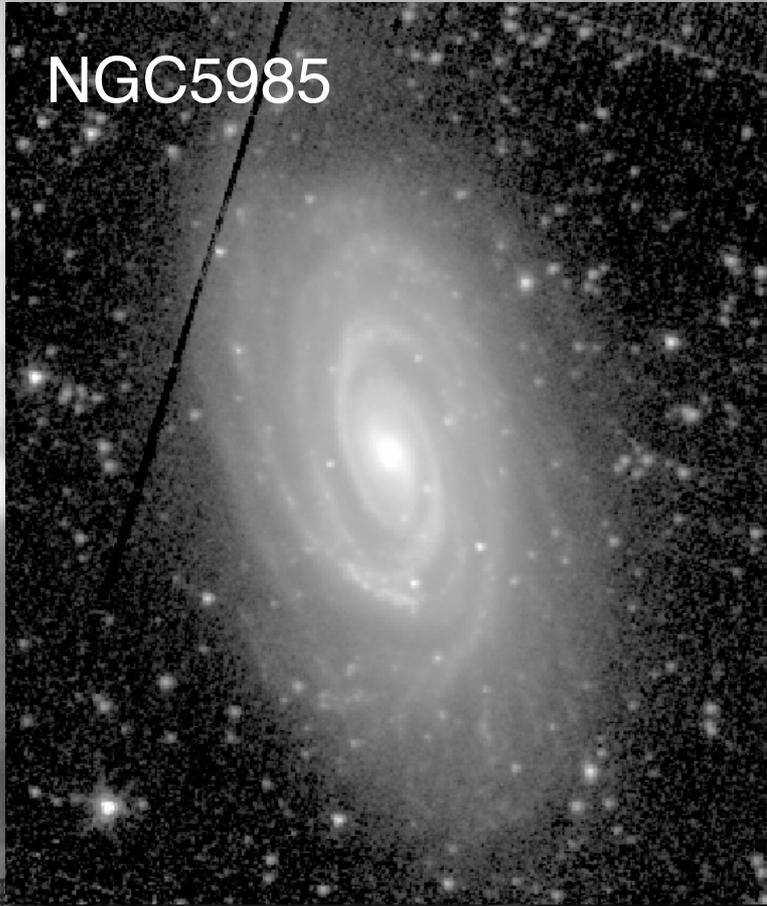


Muñoz-Mateos et al. (2013)

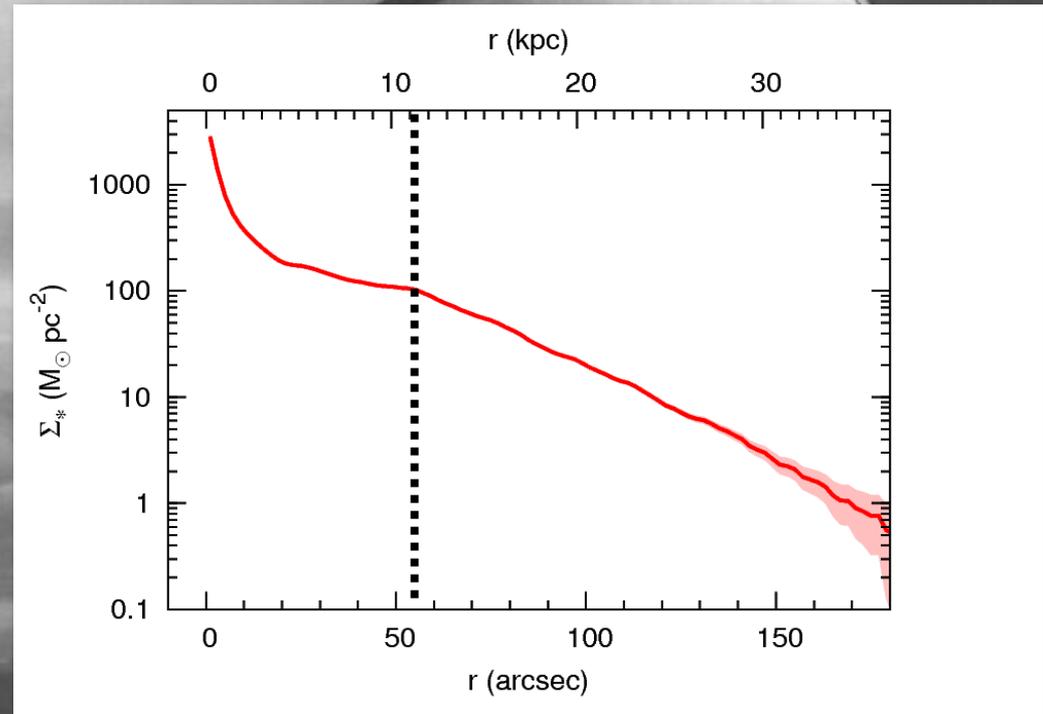
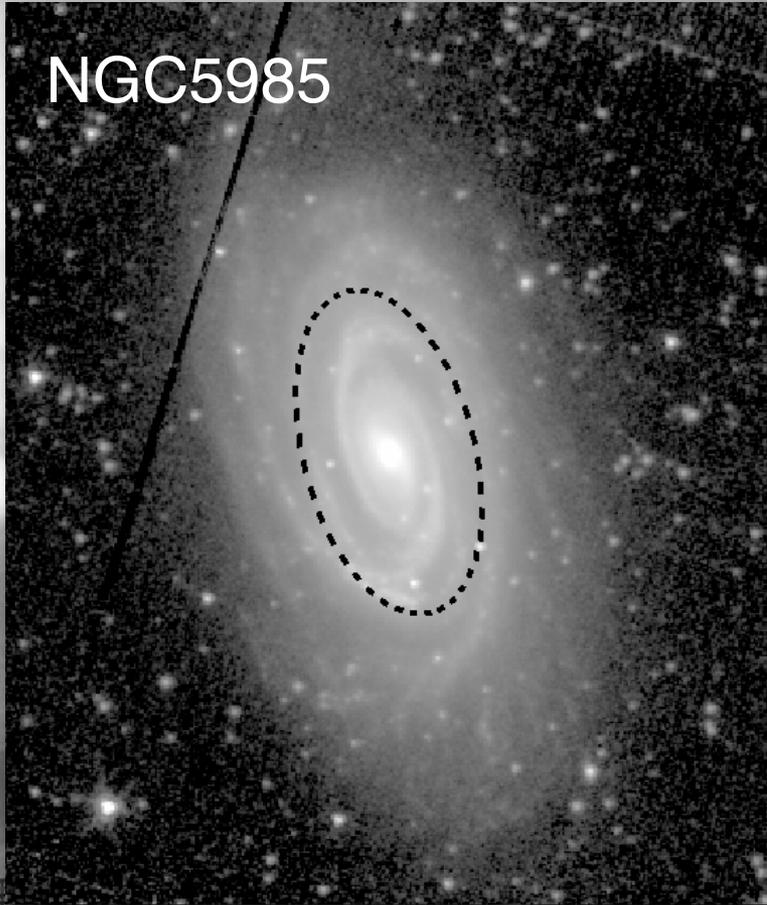
Is the H₂ profile broken too?



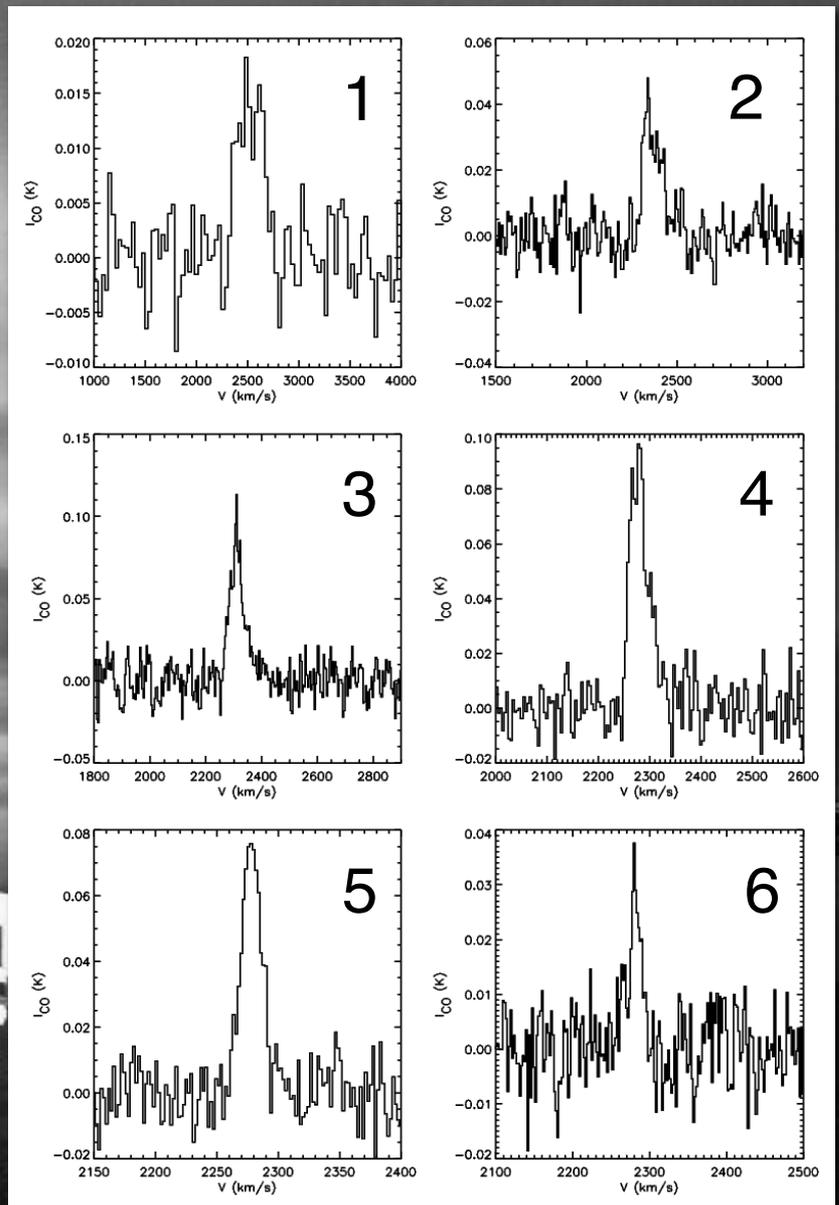
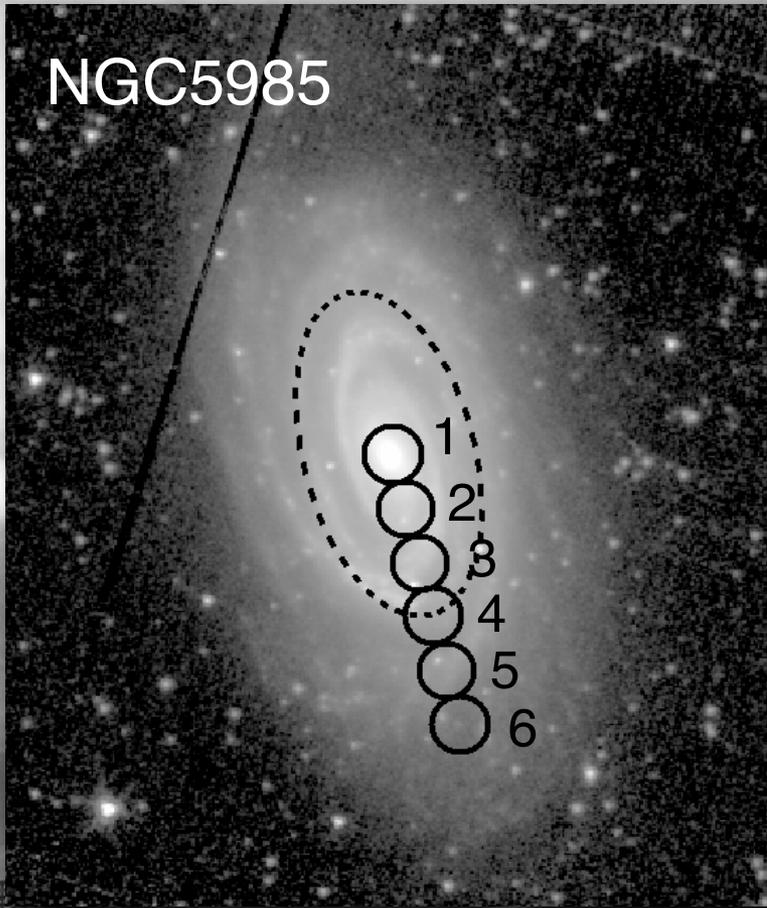
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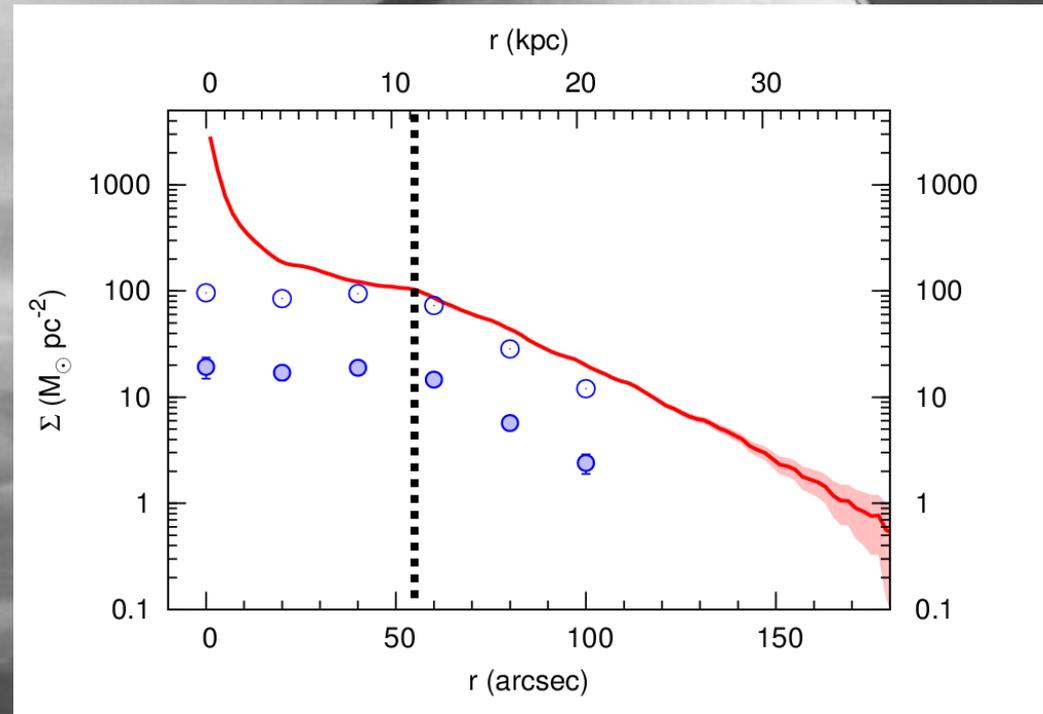
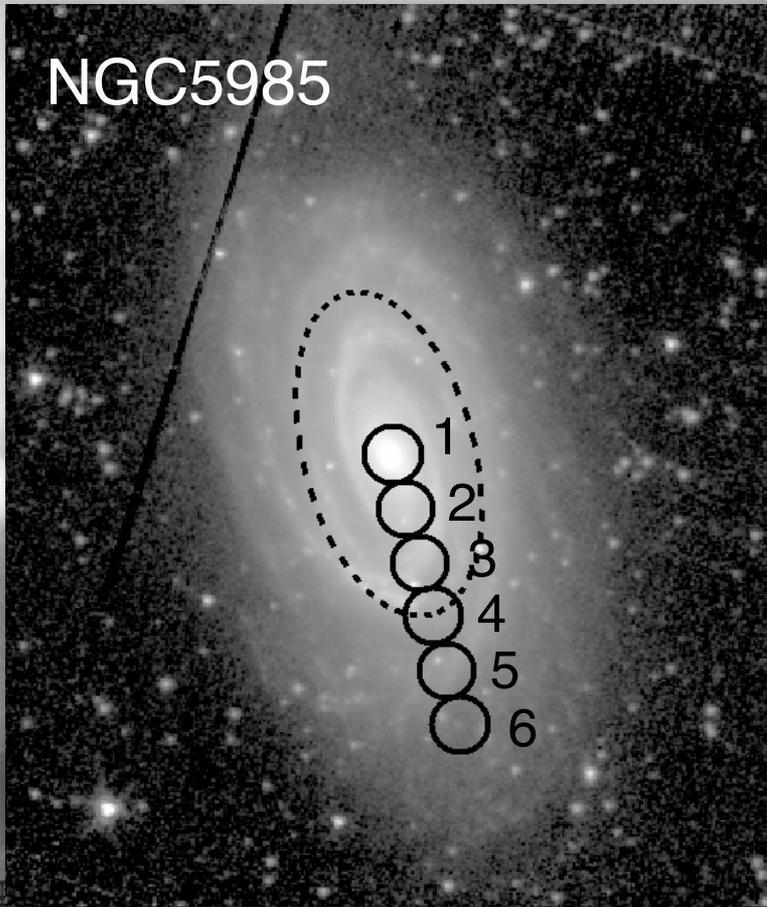
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Is the H₂ profile broken too?



Conclusions

- ❖ Breaks are signposts of disk assembly.
 - In-situ star formation?
 - Radial stellar migration?
- ❖ Migration can create breaks at large radii.
 - Rising rotation curves (in low mass disks).
 - Spiral/bar coupling.
- ❖ Molecular profiles are broken too.
 - Sharper break than in the stellar profile.