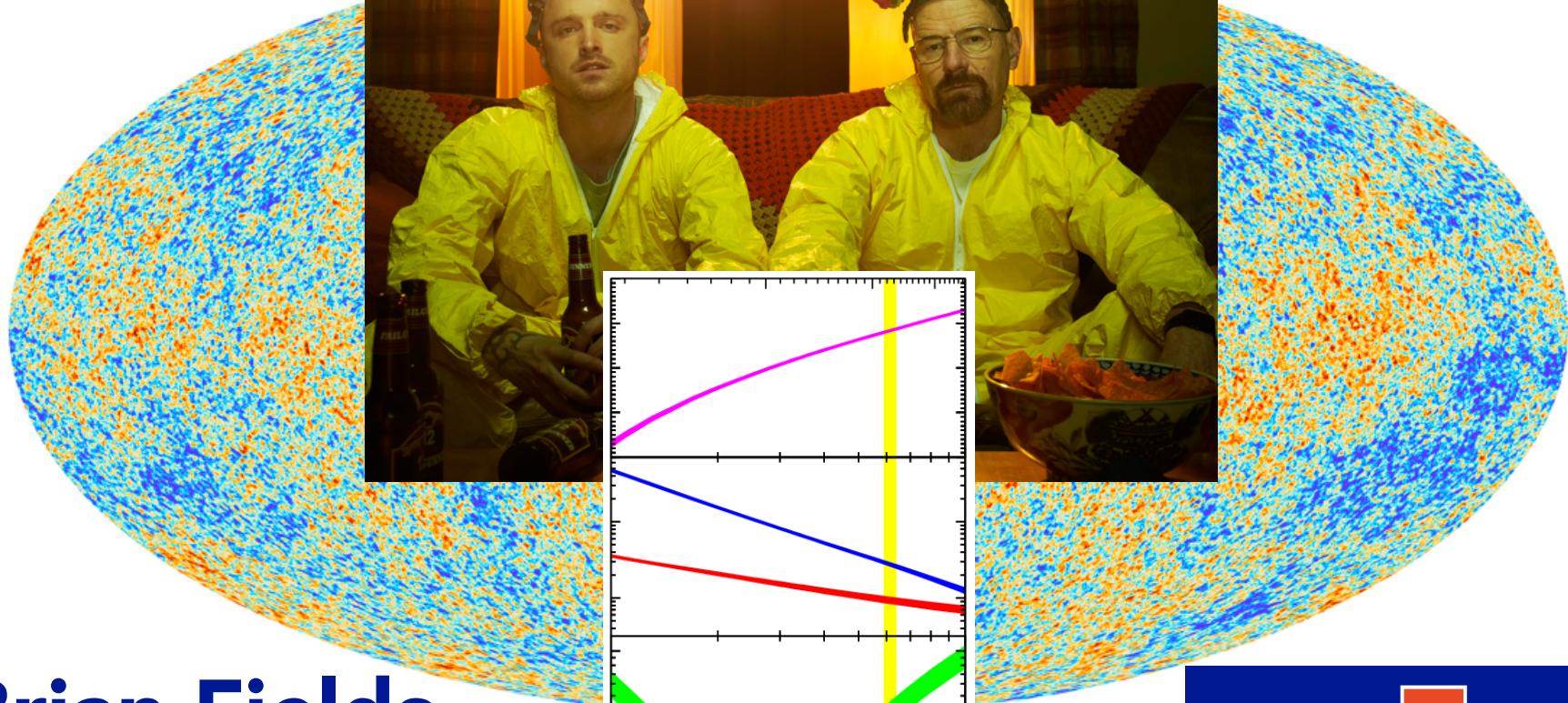
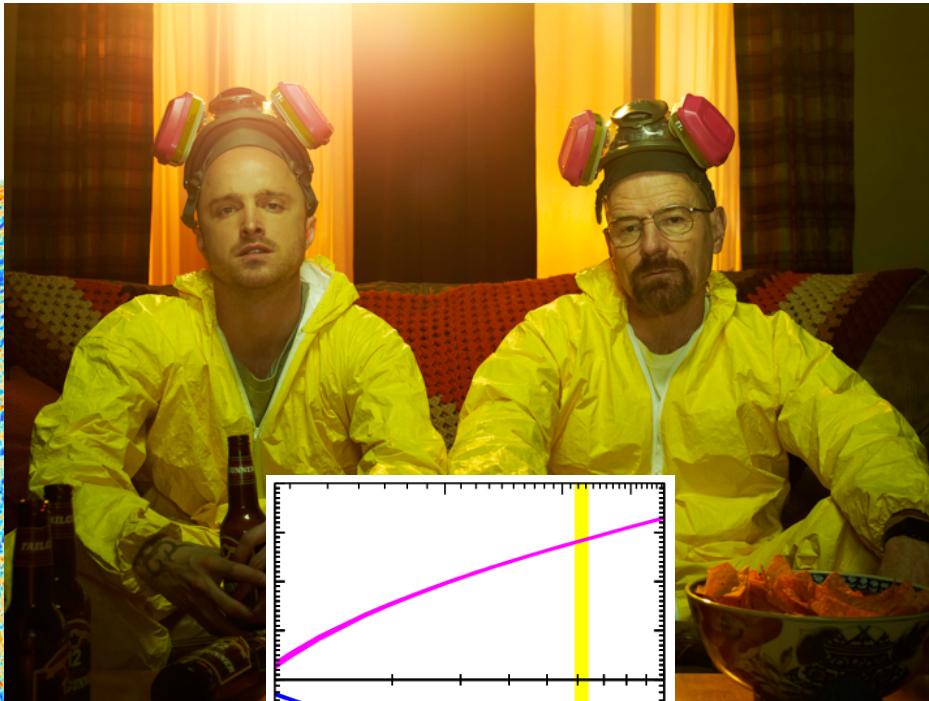


# A Bitter Pill:

# The Primordial Lithium Problem



## Brian Fields

ESO Cosmic Duologue

26 Jan 2021

I

ILLINOIS

# Big Bang Nucleosynthesis: A Symphony of Fundamental Forces

- BBN: unique arena
  - all four fundamental forces participate
- BBN: unique testbed
  - probes all fundamental interactions



# Standard BBN

- Gravity = General Relativity
- Microphysics: Standard Model of Particle Physics

- $N_\nu = 3$  neutrino species
- $m_\nu \ll 1$  MeV
- Left handed neutrino couplings only
- neutrinos non-degenerate:  $L \approx P$  and  $n_\nu \approx T$

- Kinetic equilibrium: Maxwell-Boltzmann

- Dark Matter and Dark Energy

- Present (presumably) but negligible

Homogeneous U.

Expansion adiabatic

Non-Standard BBN models  
relax these assumptions  
test new physics

$$\left(\frac{n_B}{n_\gamma}\right)_{\text{BBN}}$$

- gives baryon density

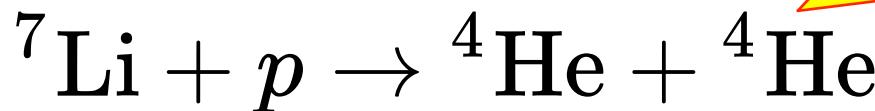
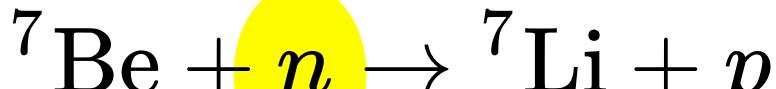
$$\eta \propto \rho_{B,\text{today}} \propto \Omega_B h^2 \propto \left(\frac{\text{entropy}}{\text{baryon}}\right)^{-1}$$

# Making Primordial Lithium in Standard BBN

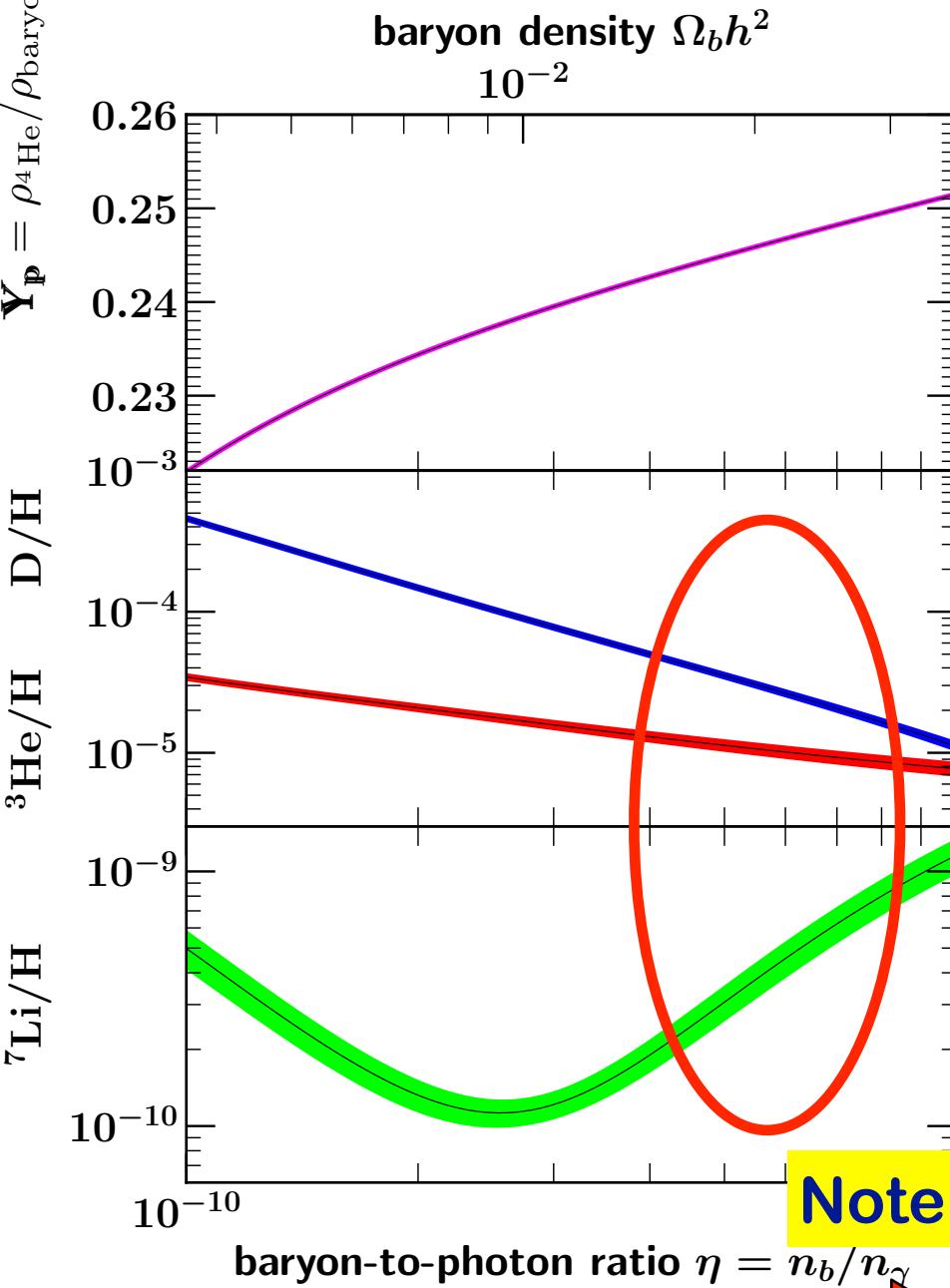
- SBBN Lithium =  ${}^7\text{Li}$ .  ${}^6\text{Li}$  negligible
- ${}^7\text{Li}$  mostly made as  ${}^7\text{Be}$

much later  ${}^7\text{Be} + e^- \rightarrow {}^7\text{Li} + \nu_e$

- Production:  ${}^3\text{He} + {}^4\text{He} \rightarrow {}^7\text{Be} + \gamma$
- Destruction:



neutrons are  
Li poison!



baryon density

# Standard BBN Predictions

## Pitrou talk

Curve Widths:  
Theoretical uncertainty  
nuclear cross sections

BDF, Olive, Yeh, Young 2020

Pitrou+ 2018

Cyburt, BDF, Olive, Yeh 2015

Descouvement poster

Cyburt, BDF, Olive 2008

Cyburt 2004

Coq et al 2004

Serpico et al 2005

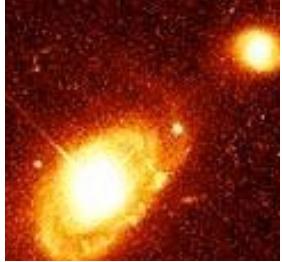
Cyburt, BDF, Olive 2001

Krauss & Primack 1993

Hata et al 1995

Copi, Schramm, Turner 1995

# Light Elements: Sites



## Deuterium

- in  $z \sim 3$  galaxies backlit by quasars
- New! leap in precision: Pettini, Cooke+ 2013-2019

## $^4\text{He}$



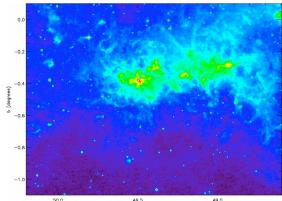
- ionized gas (HII regions) in metal-poor galaxies
- New! CMB damping tail: SPT 2011,2012; Planck 2013-2018

## $^7\text{Li}$



- metal-poor halo stars in Milky Way
- Newish! now also extragalactic observations

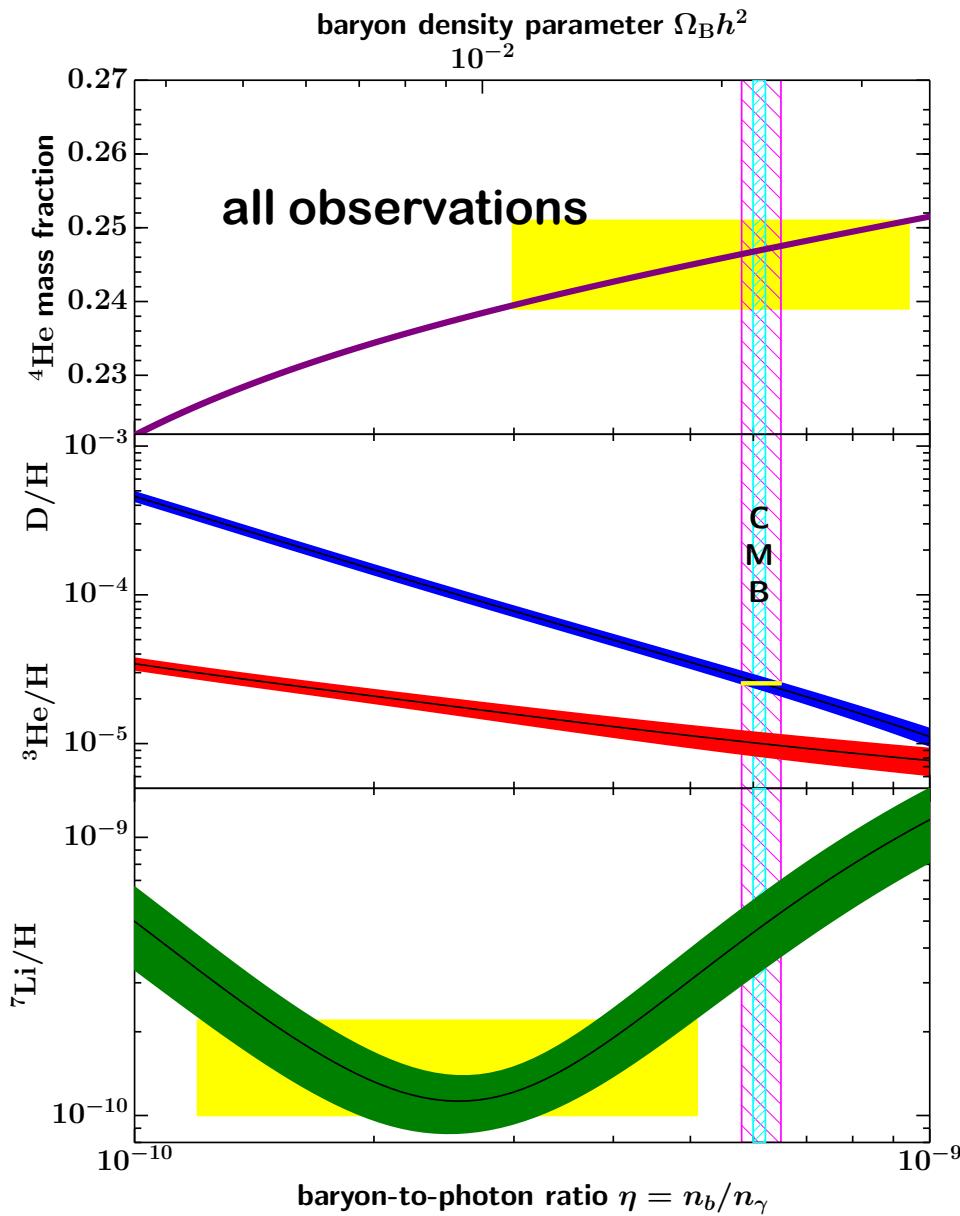
## $^3\text{He}$



- hyperfine in Milky Way HII regions Rood, Wilson, Bania+
- no low-metal data; not used for cosmology



# Testing BBN: Light Element Observations



## Theory:

- 1 free parameter predicts
- 4 nuclides: D,  ${}^3\text{He}$ ,  ${}^4\text{He}$ ,  ${}^7\text{Li}$

## Observations:

- 3 nuclides with precision: D,  ${}^4\text{He}$ ,  ${}^7\text{Li}$

## Comparison:

- ★ each nuclide selects baryon density
- ★ overconstrained--nontrivial test!

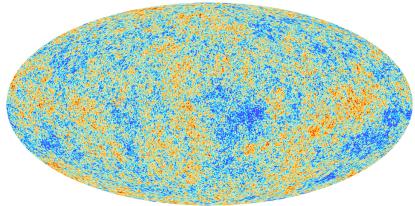
## Result:

- ★ rough concordance!
  - ★ but not in detail! D and  ${}^7\text{Li}$  disagree
- need a tiebreaker

# Battle of the Baryons: II

## CMB New World Order

Cyburt, BDF, Olive 2003, ..., Yeh, Olive, BDF 2021



Planck baryon density **very** precise

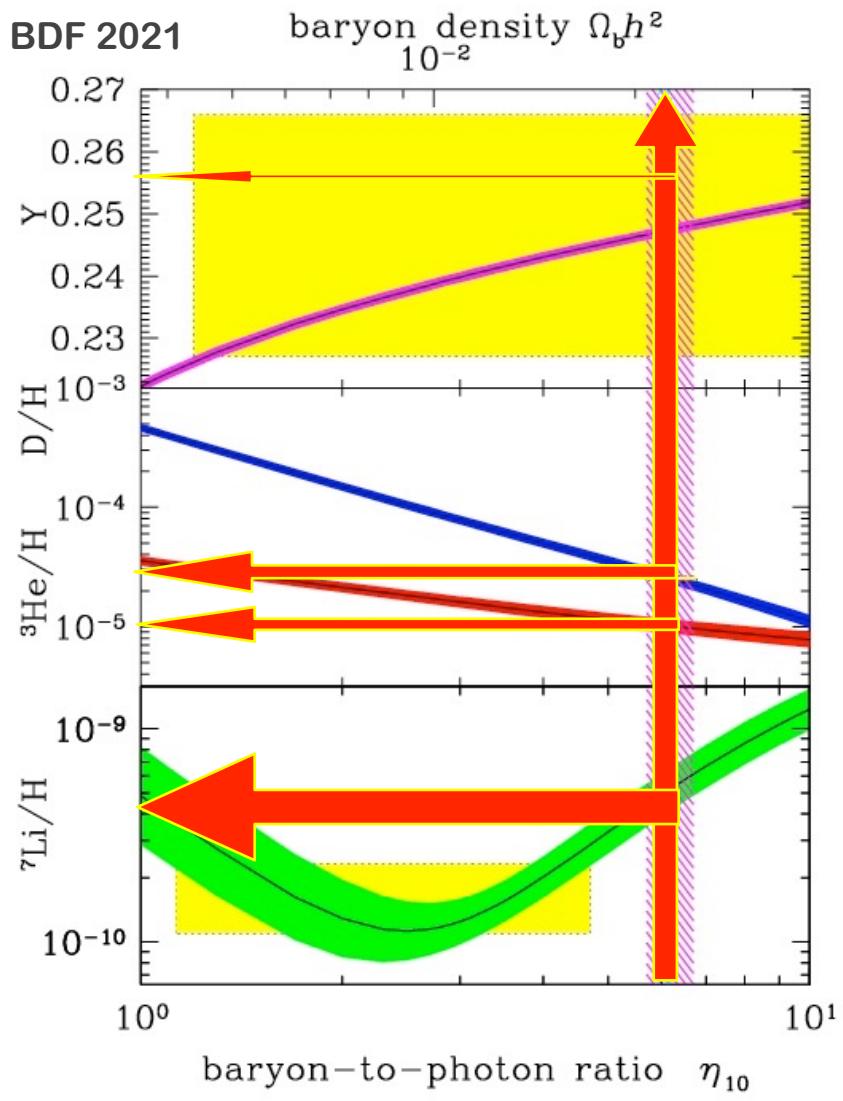
$$\Omega_B h^2 = 0.022298 \pm 0.000020$$

$$\eta = (6.104 \pm 0.058) \times 10^{-10}$$

i.e., a **sub-1% measurement!**

New strategy to test BBN:

- ✓ use Planck  $\eta_{\text{cmb}}$  as BBN input
- ✓ predict all lite elements  
with appropriate error propagation
- ✓ compare with observations



# Battle of the Baryons: II A Closer Look

Cyburt, BDF, Olive 2003, 2008, 2015; BDF, Olive, Yeh, Young 2020



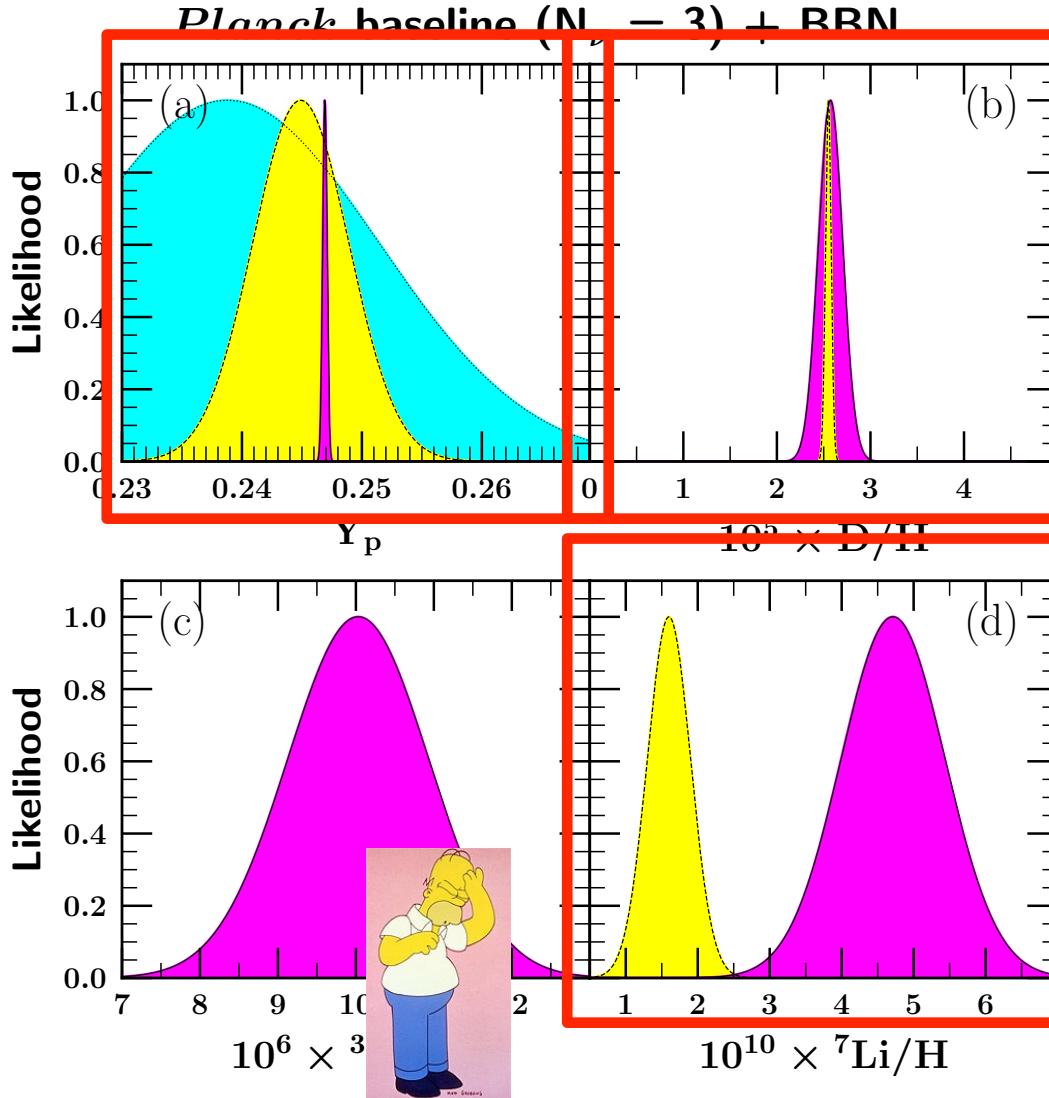
## Likelihoods

purple: BBN+CMB predictions

yellow: observations

## Results:

- D excellent!
- $^4\text{He}$  great!
- $^7\text{Li}$  poor!
  - observation  $\sim$  theory/4
  - 4-5 sigma discrepancy
  - Lithium Problem



# Lithium Strategy I: No Worries

Two out of three ain't bad



# BBN Beyond the Standard Model: Probing Particle Physics

Lite elements probe cosmic expansion history

Radiation domination

$$(\text{expansion})^2 = H^2 \sim G\rho_{\text{tot,rel}}$$

Controlled by

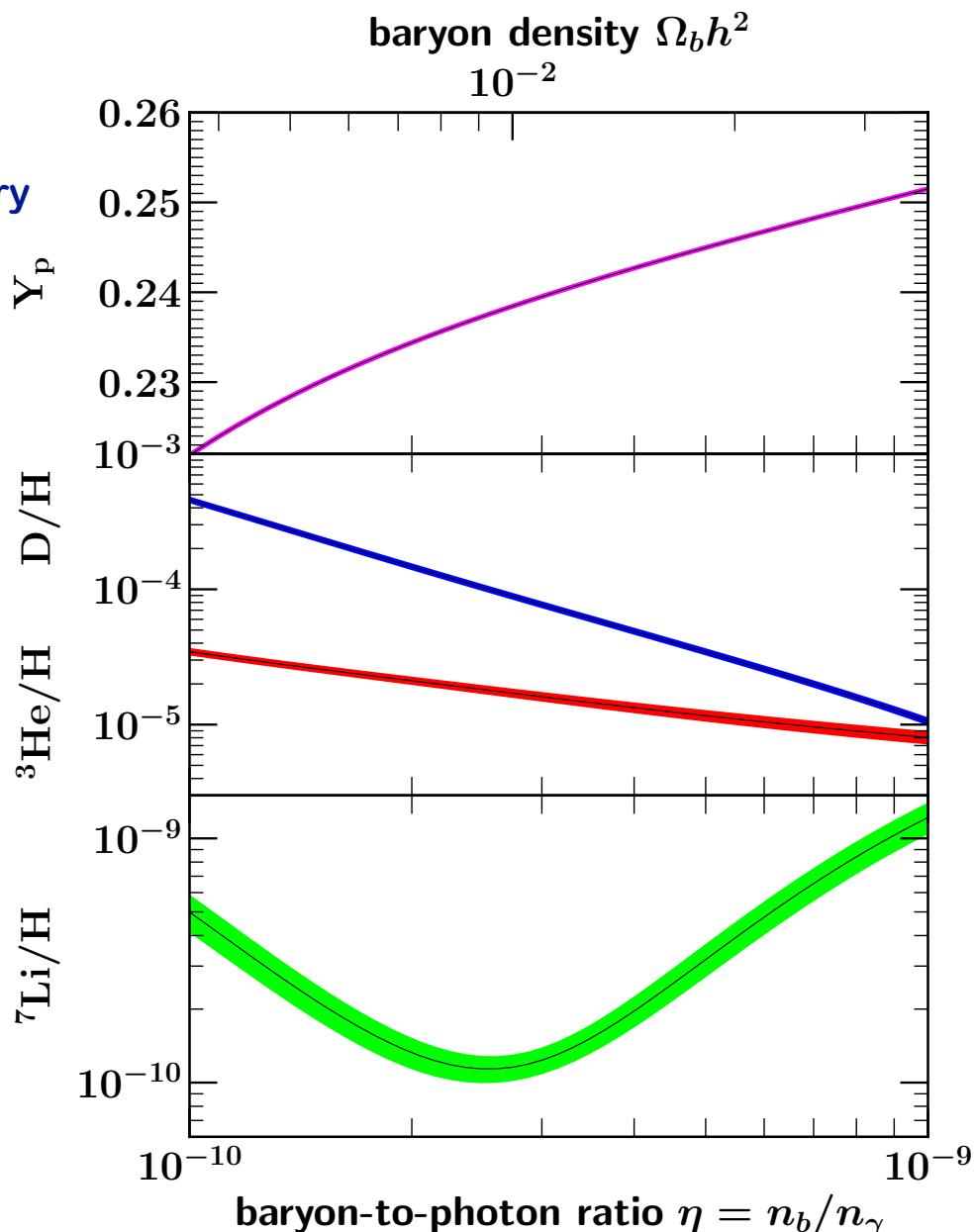
$$\rho_{\text{tot,rel}} = \rho_{\text{EM}} + N_{\nu,\text{eff}} \rho_{\nu\bar{\nu}}$$

Observed abundances constrain

anything that

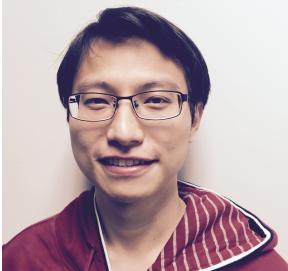
- ✓ Couples to gravity
- ✓ Perturbs relativistic energy density

Stiegman, Schramm, & Gunn 77

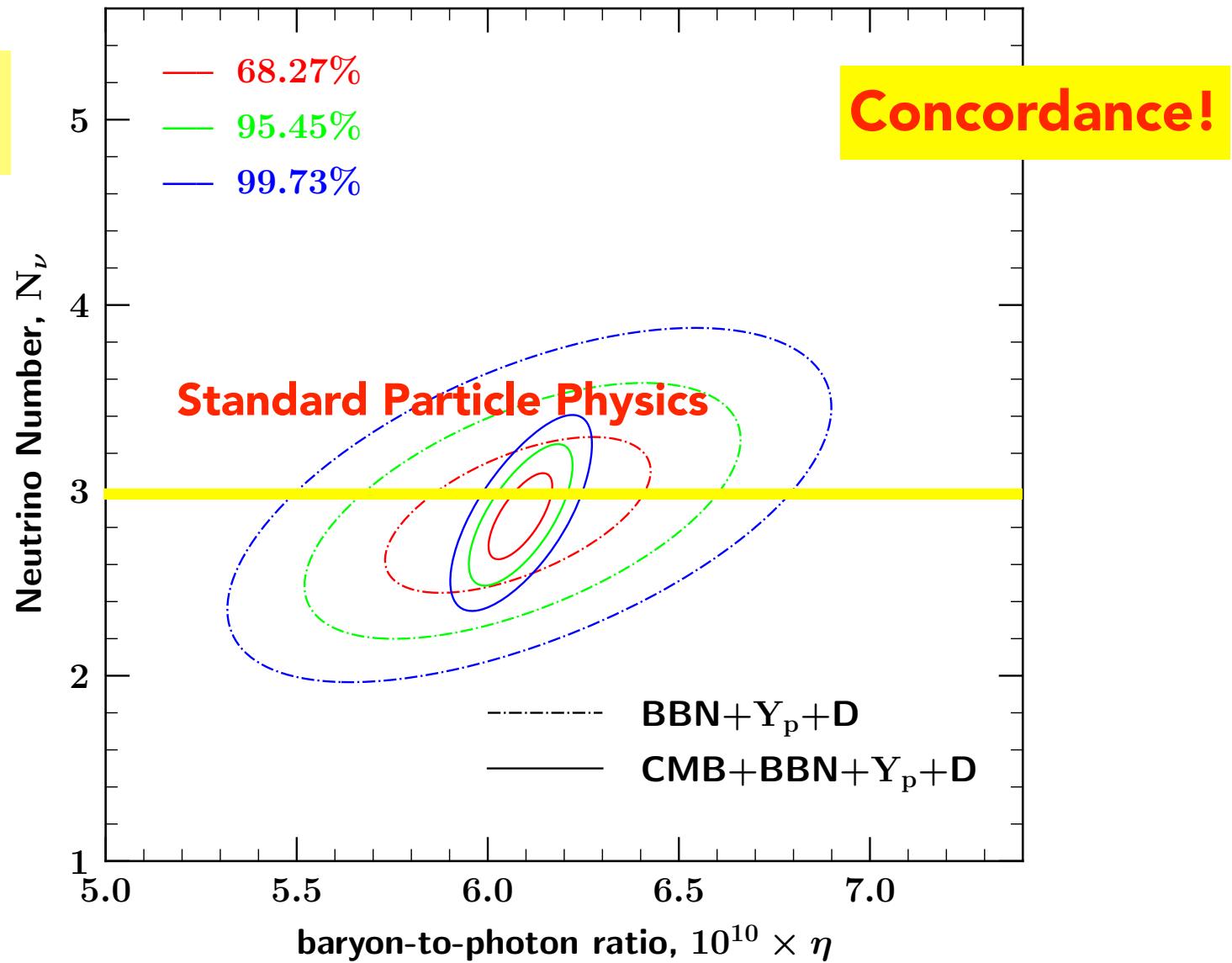


# Planck 2018 + BBN

BDF, Olive, Yeh, Young 2020

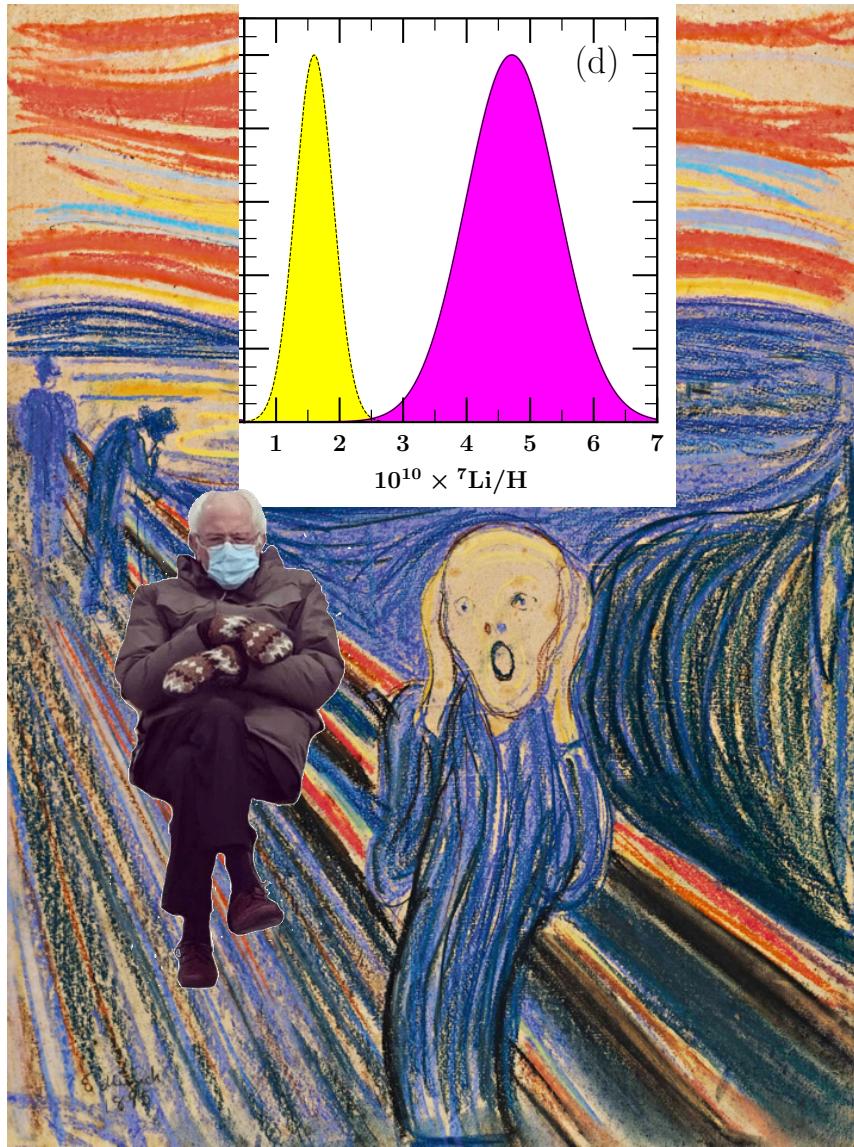


Tsung-Han Yeh  
葉宗翰



# Lithium Strategy II:

## Worry



# Primordial Lithium

Observe in primitive stars  
(Pop II)

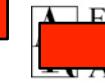
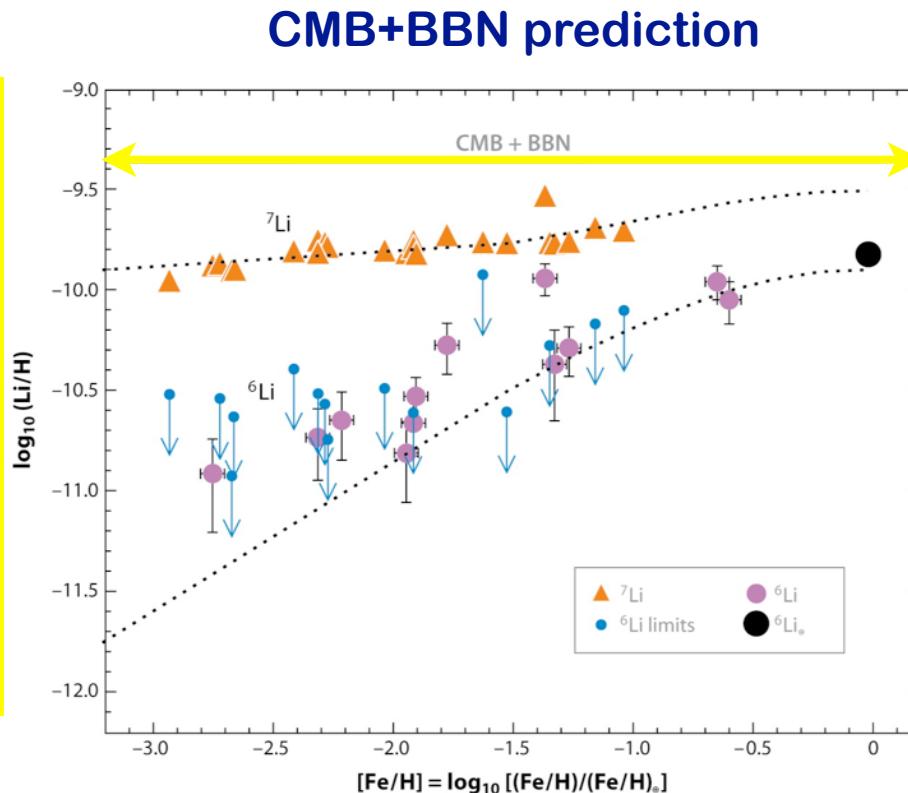
Li versus Fe evolution

Plateau at low Fe  
★ Li is primordial

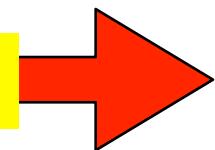
But is the plateau at  $\text{Li}_p$ ?

- $\text{Li}_{\text{Planck}}/\text{Li}_{\text{obs}} \sim 4$
- Why?

Spite & Spite 82

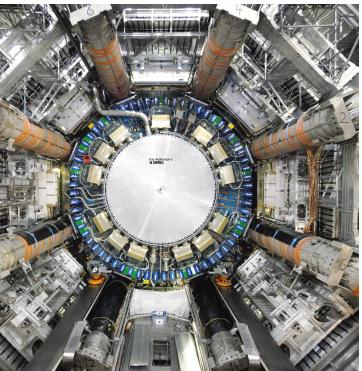


metallicity = “time”

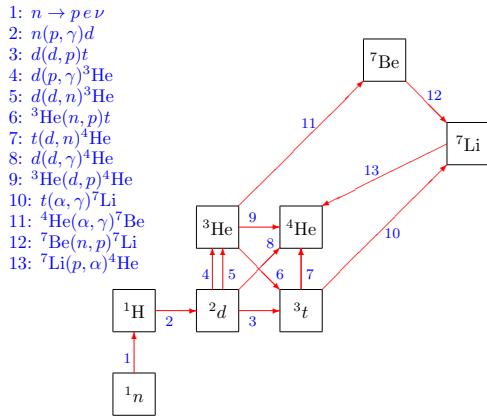


# Lithium Problem Overview

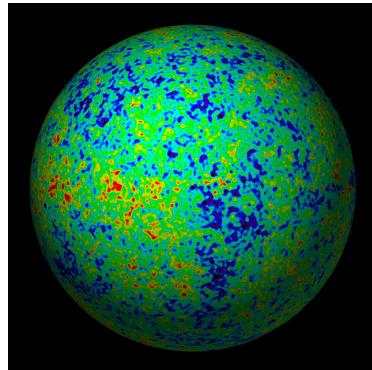
standard  
particle  
physics



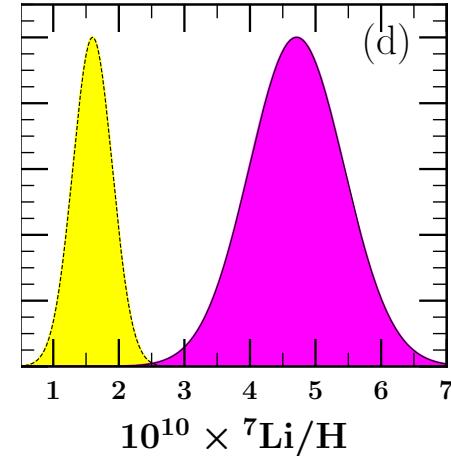
standard  
nuclear  
physics



standard  
cosmology



observed  
lithium



Solutions: one of these is wrong

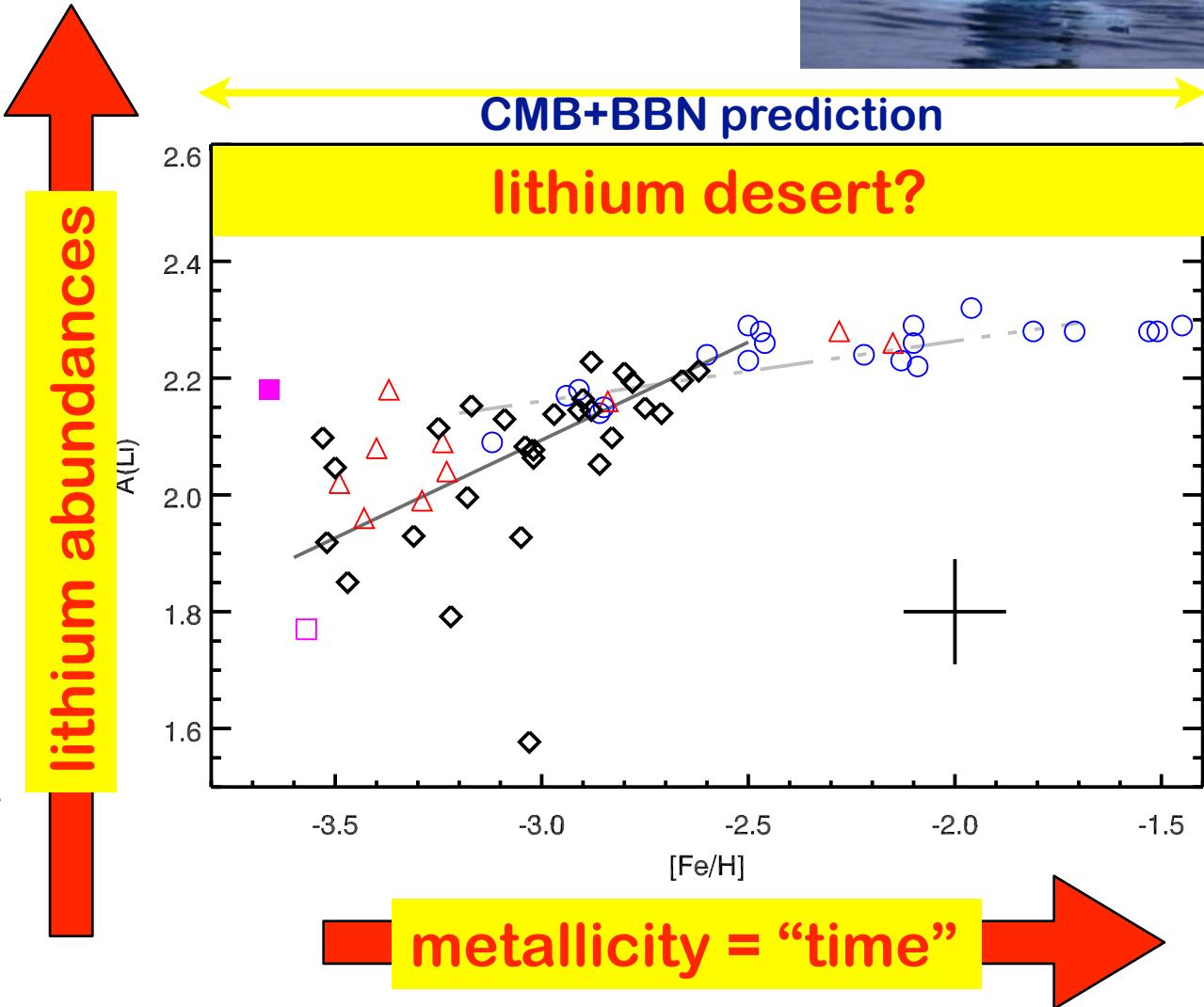


# Astrophysics: Nuclear Meltdown

Sboardone+ 2010



- ▶ huge increase in scatter at low [Fe/H]
- ▶ at least some stars efficiently eat lithium
- ▶ why does meltdown “turn on”?
- ▶ no points scatter up to BBN+CMB abundance



# Nuclear Physics: Hoyle's Revenge?



Cyburt & Pospelov 2009

- \* “sub-dominant” Li reactions important if narrow resonance missed  
cf Hoyle state in  $^{12}\text{C}$  burning
- \* proposal:  $^7\text{Be}+\text{d}$  inelastic

Chakraborty, BDF, & Olive  
2011

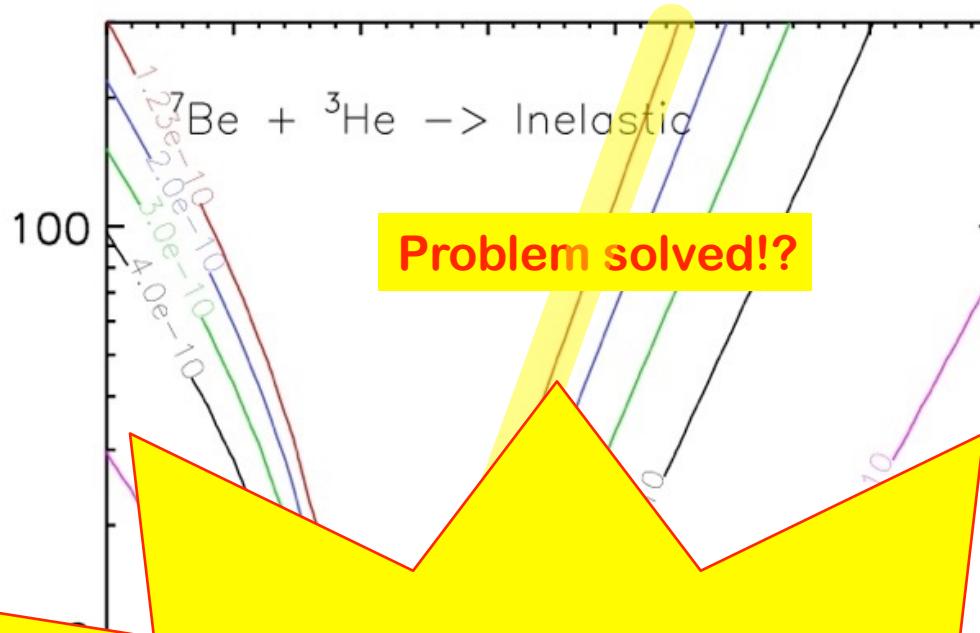
- \* systematic study of all  $A=7$  destruction rxns

✓ confirms  $^7\text{Be}+\text{d} \rightarrow ^9\text{B}^*$

✓ even better:  $^3\text{He}+^7\text{Be}$

$\text{t}+^7\text{Be} \rightarrow ^{10}\text{B}^*$

Strength  $(2J+1)\Gamma_{\text{eff}}$  [keV]



Experiment Says:  
Not there!

$^{10}\text{C}^*$ : Hammache+ 2013

$^9\text{Be}^*$ : O'Malley+ 2011

# Lithium Problem: New Physics Solutions

## Li Solutions Beyond the Standard Model

★**strategy:** new process changes light elements

★**bonus:** perturbation physically motivated

★**goal:** fix  ${}^7\text{Li}$  discrepancy

★**challenge:** retain D,  ${}^4\text{He}$  success

- D vs Li anticorrelation is quite general  
 $n+{}^7\text{Be}$  destruction inevitably changes D
- D precision < 1% — no room for mischief!

# New Physics Example: Could Lithium Be SUSY-licious?

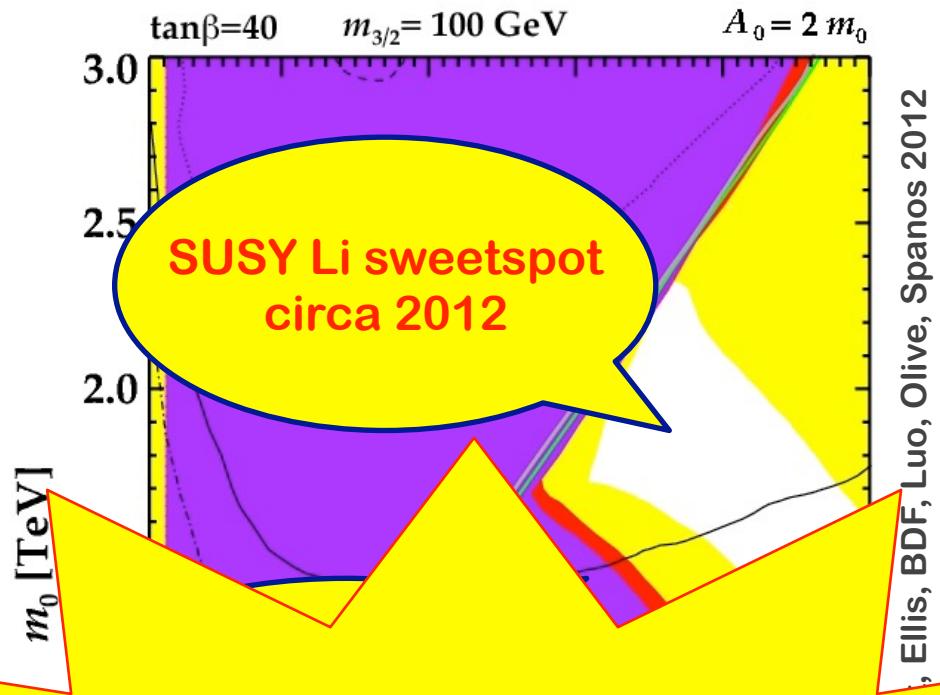
## Supersymmetry

complex dark sector  
decays in early U

Light elements are a  
strong SUSY probe

- ✓ rule out much parameter space
- ✓ complementary to LHC

Illustrates tight  
constraints among nucleo-cosmic  
and astro-particle physics



Latest D/H says:  
Sweetspot gone sour:  
Li window closed!

# The Lithium Problem: Thoughts on the Way Forward

- New Physics solutions challenged by D precision
  - if new physics, finely tuned?
  - yet dark matter non-detection invites new ideas
- Cosmology solutions face CMB LCDM consistency
- Nuclear Experiment lags observations!  $d(d, n)^3\text{He}$   
 $d(d, p)t$
- Stellar Models:
  - also delicately tuned
  - why does meltdown start and stop?
  - why small scatter along Spite plateau?
  - do we understand Li pre-main sequence?
- Observations:  ${}^6\text{Li}$  — is it even present in halo stars?  
intererstellar Li as depletion and isotope probe

Ask me: Philosophize? new physics ideas? deuterium status?  ${}^6\text{Li}$ ?

# Director's Cut Extras

# New Physics Lithium Solutions an Incomplete Survey

- Particle Physics Beyond the Standard Model

- decaying particles Supersymmetry Cyburt+ 2012
- mirror neutrons Coc+ 2013
- magnetic fields+decays Yamazaki+ 2014
- lepton asymmetry (degenerate neutrinos) Makki+ 2019
- light particles with nucleon interactions Goudelis+ 2016
- sterile neutrinos Salvati+ 2016
- axion quark nuggets Flambaum+ 2019
- Stable  ${}^8\text{Be}$  Scherrer+ 2017
- Non-extensive statistics Hou+ 2017

- Evolving Fundamental Constants

- see Martins talk

- Nonstandard Cosmology

- Lithium diffusion after recombination Pospelov 2012
- “Hubble bubble” of inhomogeneous abundances Regis+ 2010
- Cosmic deuterium destruction via early stellar processing Piau+ 2006
- Nonthermal “cosmic rays” during BBN Kang+ 2019

Many now excluded by  
precision D observations

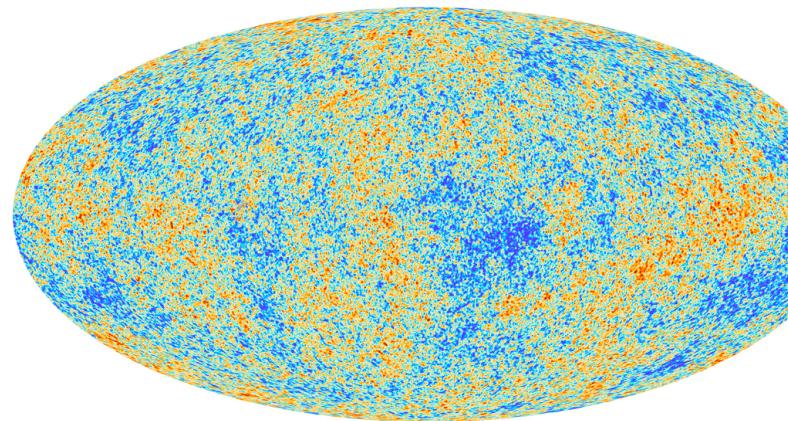
# The Cosmic Microwave Background: CMB

## A Powerful New Baryometer

CMB  $\Delta T_\ell$  independent measure of  $\Omega_B$

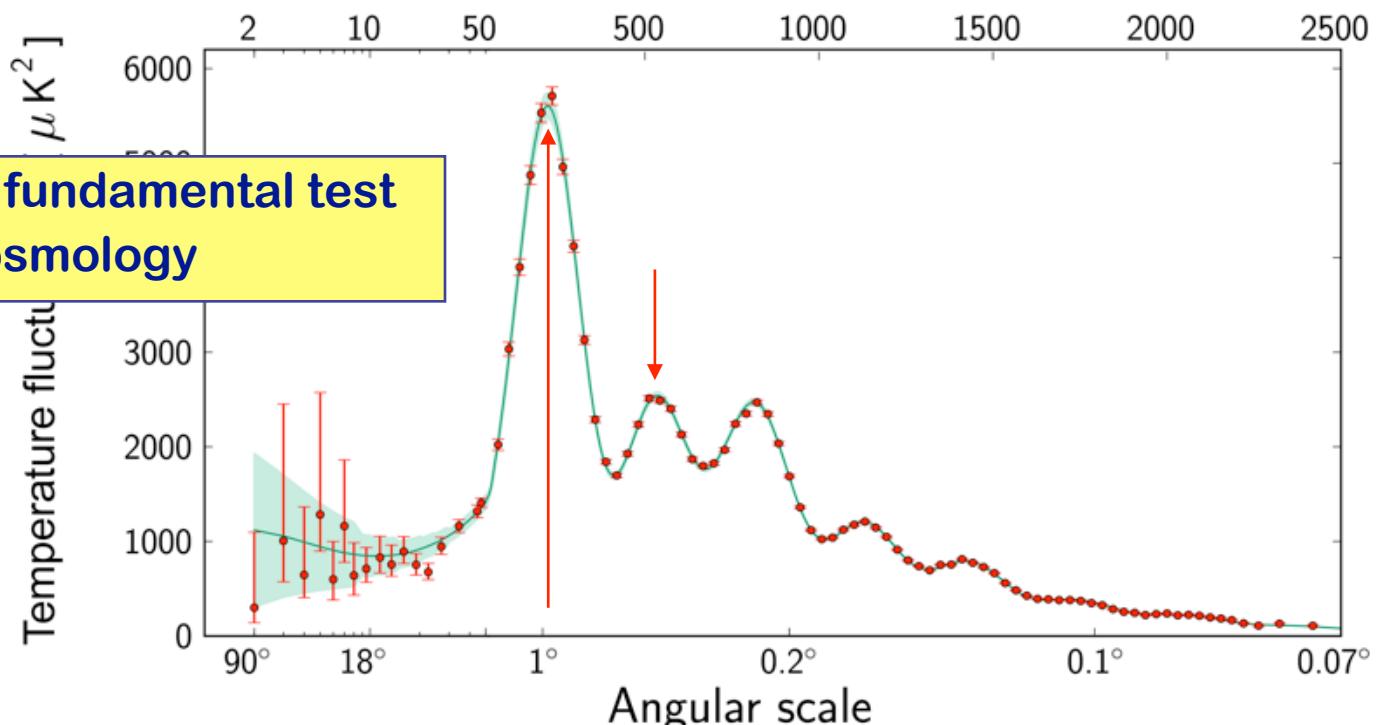
Twitter version: in recombining plasma

- ▶ baryon gravity boosts compression
- ▶ baryon inertia damps rarefaction peaks



Multipole moment,  $\ell$

BBN vs CMB: fundamental test  
of cosmology



# Standard BBN Tested With CMB Only

## Planck Baryons & Helium!

New!  
Immaculate!  
Cosmically  
clean!

Contours:  
Planck

Curve:  
Standard BBN  
zero parameters!

